



INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION PUBLISHED UNDER THE PATENT COOPERATION TREATY (PCT)

| | | | |
|---|--|--|---|
| (51) International Patent Classification ⁵ : C12N 15/12, C07K 13/00 C12N 5/10, A61K 37/02 G01N 33/68 | | A2 | (11) International Publication Number: WO 94/11502 |
| (21) International Application Number: PCT/GB93/02367 | | (43) International Publication Date: 26 May 1994 (26.05.94) | |
| (22) International Filing Date: 17 November 1993 (17.11.93) | | (72) Inventors; and (75) Inventors/Applicants (for US only): MIYAZONO, Kohei [JP/SE]; Flogstavägen 63D, S-752 63 Uppsala (SE). DIJKE, Peter, Ten [NL/SE]; Flogstavägen 25C, S-752 63 Uppsala (SE). FRANZEN, Petra [SE/SE]; Linds- bergsgatan 15b, S-752 40 Uppsala (SE). YAMASHITA, Hidetoshi [JP/SE]; Flogstavägen 33A, S-752 63 Uppsala (SE). HELDIN, Carl-Henrik [SE/SE]; Hesselmans väg 35, S-752 63 Uppsala (SE). | |
| (30) Priority data: 9224057.1 17 November 1992 (17.11.92) GB 9304677.9 8 March 1993 (08.03.93) GB 9304680.3 8 March 1993 (08.03.93) GB 9311047.6 28 May 1993 (28.05.93) GB 9313763.6 2 July 1993 (02.07.93) GB 9316099.2 3 August 1993 (03.08.93) GB 9321344.5 15 October 1993 (15.10.93) GB | | (74) Agent: GILL JENNINGS & EVERY; Broadgate House, 7 Eldon Street, London EC2M 7LH (GB). | |
| (71) Applicant (for all designated States except US): LUDWIG INSTITUTE FOR CANCER RESEARCH [GB/GB]; St. Mary's Hospital Medical School, Norfolk Place, Pad- dington, London W2 1PG (GB). | | (81) Designated States: AU, CA, JP, KR, NZ, US, European patent (AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE). | |
| | | Published Without international search report and to be republished upon receipt of that report. | |

(54) Title: ACTIVIN RECEPTOR-LIKE KINASES, PROTEINS HAVING SERINE THREONINE KINASE DOMAINS AND THEIR USE

```

cons.aa      G G   G V       A K       E
HTGFSR-II    LDTLVGKGRFAEVYKAKLKQNTSEQFETVAVKIFPPYDHVASWDRKIDPSDILNCHENILQF
mActr-IIIB   LLEIKARGDPFCVWQALN-----DPVAVKIKPLDDQSGWQSERIEIPTFTGCHENILQF
mActr-II      LLEVKAIRGDFPCVWQALN-----EYAVAKIIPFQDGQWQNYEIVSIPDSHENILQF
daf-I        LKURVSGSGRGNVSRDTRG-----EAVAVKVFNAIDEPAFKKEIEIPETROLNHNVRLAY
subdomains   I               II      III      IV

HTGFSR-II    LTAESRKELEKQKQMLITAPFAKGNLQEYLTRVVISWEDLANNVGSSILARGSLHLSHDWTP-C
mActr-IIIB   IAAEKRGSLILEVEMLIITAPDRKSLIDYLKQNIITWRELCHVAITMSRGISLHEDVFWPCR
mActr-II      IGAEKRGTSVDVQMLITAPHEKGSLSDFLKAHVMSWELCHIAETVARGLAFLYEDIPGLK
daf-I        IGSDRVDVTFVTEMLAVIEHPFGSSLDHDFLELVNVIETTYTNMRSATSGALFLHNQIGGSK
subdomains   V               VI-A

cons.aa      DLK N       DPG
HTGFSR-II    -GRPKMPVWRDLKSSNHLVQNDLTCCLDPGLSRL--GPYSSVDDLANSQGVQVTRRYMAP
mActr-IIIB   GEGHKFSIAWRDPKSKNVLKSLDITAVLADPGLAVRF--EPGKPPGD--THQGVQTRRYMAP
mActr-II      -DGHKPAISHRDIKSKNVLKQNLATCIADPGLALKF--BAGKSAGD--THQGVQTRRYMAP
daf-I        -ESNKPANQWRDIKSKNIMYKNDLTCAIGDLGLSLSKPEDAASDIAN--ENYKQVTRRYMAP
subdomains   VII-B              VII      VIII

```

(57) Abstract

A new receptor family has been identified, of activin-like kinases. Novel proteins have activin/TGF- β -type I receptor functionality, and have consequential diagnostic/therapeutic utility. They may have a serine/threonine kinase domain, a DFKSRN or DLKSKN sequence in subdomain VIB and/or a GTKRYM sequence in subdomain VIII.

ACTIVIN RECEPTOR-LIKE KINASES, PROTEINS HAVING
SERINE THREONINE KINASE DOMAINS AND THEIR USE.

Field of the Invention

5 This invention relates to proteins having serine/threonine kinase domains, corresponding nucleic acid molecules, and their use.

Background of the Invention

10 The transforming growth factor- β (TGF- β) superfamily consists of a family of structurally-related proteins, including three different mammalian isoforms of TGF- β (TGF- β 1, β 2 and β 3), activins, inhibins, müllerian-inhibiting substance and bone morphogenic proteins (BMPs) (for reviews see Roberts and Sporn, (1990) Peptide Growth Factors and Their Receptors, Pt.1, Sporn and Roberts, eds. (Berlin: Springer - Verlag) pp 419-472; Moses et al (1990) Cell 63, 245-247). The proteins of the TGF- β superfamily have a wide variety of biological activities. TGF- β acts as a growth inhibitor for many cell types and appears to play a central role in the regulation of embryonic development, tissue regeneration, immuno-regulation, as well as in fibrosis and carcinogenesis (Roberts and Sporn (199) see above).

20

Activins and inhibins were originally identified as factors which regulate secretion of follicle-stimulating hormone secretion (Vale et al (1990) Peptide Growth Factors and Their Receptors, Pt.2, Sporn and Roberts, eds. (Berlin: Springer-Verlag) pp.211-248). Activins were also shown to induce the differentiation of haematopoietic progenitor cells (Murata et al (1988) Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 85, 2434 - 2438; Eto et al (1987) Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. 142, 1095-1103) and induce mesoderm formation in Xenopus embryos (Smith et al (1990) Nature 345, 729-731; van den Eijnden-Van Raaij et al (1990) Nature 345, 732-734).

30

35 BMPs or osteogenic proteins which induce the formation of bone and cartilage when implanted subcutaneously (Wozney et al (1988) Science 242, 1528-1534), facilitate neuronal

differentiation (Paralkar et al (1992) J. Cell Biol. 119, 1721-1728) and induce monocyte chemotaxis (Cunningham et al (1992) Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 89, 11740-11744). Müllerian-inhibiting substance induces regression of the Müllerian duct in the male reproductive system (Cate et al (1986) Cell 45, 685-698), and a glial cell line-derived neurotrophic factor enhances survival of midbrain dopaminergic neurons (Lin et al (1993) Science 260, 1130-1132). The action of these growth factors is mediated through binding to specific cell surface receptors.

Within this family, TGF- β receptors have been most thoroughly characterized. By covalently cross-linking radio-labelled TGF- β to cell surface molecules followed by polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis of the affinity-labelled complexes, three distinct size classes of cell surface proteins (in most cases) have been identified, denoted receptor type I (53 kD), type II (75 kD), type III or betaglycan (a 300 kD proteoglycan with a 120 kD core protein) (for a review see Massague (1992) Cell 69 1067-1070) and more recently endoglin (a homodimer of two 95 kD subunits) (Cheifetz et al (1992) J. Biol. Chem. 267 19027-19030). Current evidence suggests that type I and type II receptors are directly involved in receptor signal transduction (Segarini et al (1989) Mol. Endo., 3, 261-272; Laiho et al (1991) J. Biol. Chem. 266, 9100-9112) and may form a heteromeric complex; the type II receptor is needed for the binding of TGF- β to the type I receptor and the type I receptor is needed for the signal transduction induced by the type II receptor (Wrana et al (1992) Cell, 71, 1003-1004). The type III receptor and endoglin may have more indirect roles, possibly by facilitating the binding of ligand to type II receptors (Wang et al (1991) Cell, 67 797-805; López-Casillas et al (1993) Cell, 73 1435-1444).

Binding analyses with activin A and BMP4 have led to the identification of two co-existing cross-linked affinity complexes of 50-60 kDa and 70-80 kDa on responsive cells

(Hino et al (1989) J. Biol. Chem. 264, 10309 - 10314; Mathews and Vale (1991), Cell 68, 775-785; Paralker et al (1991) Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 87, 8913-8917). By analogy with TGF- β receptors they are thought to be signalling receptors and have been named type I and type II receptors.

Among the type II receptors for the TGF- β superfamily of proteins, the cDNA for the activin type II receptor (Act RII) was the first to be cloned (Mathews and Vale (1991) Cell 65, 973-982). The predicted structure of the receptor was shown to be a transmembrane protein with an intracellular serine/threonine kinase domain. The activin receptor is related to the C. elegans daf-1 gene product, but the ligand is currently unknown (Georgi et al (1990) Cell 61, 635-645). Thereafter, another form of the activin type II receptor (activin type IIB receptor), of which there are different splicing variants (Mathews et al (1992), Science 225, 1702-1705; Attisano et al (1992) Cell 68, 97-108), and the TGF- β type II receptor (T β RII) (Lin et al (1992) Cell 68, 775-785) were cloned, both of which have putative serine/threonine kinase domains.

Summary of the Invention

The present invention involves the discovery of related novel peptides, including peptides having the activity of those defined herein as SEQ ID Nos. 2, 4, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16 and 18. Their discovery is based on the realisation that receptor serine/threonine kinases form a new receptor family, which may include the type II receptors for other proteins in the TGF- β superfamily. To ascertain whether there were other members of this family of receptors, a protocol was designed to clone ActRII/daf I related cDNAs. This approach made use of the polymerase chain reaction (PCR), using degenerate primers based upon the amino-acid sequence similarity between kinase domains of the mouse activin type II receptor and daf-I gene products.

This strategy resulted in the isolation of a new family of receptor kinases called Activin receptor like kinases (ALK's) 1-6. These cDNAs showed an overall 33-39% sequence similarity with ActRII and TGF- β type II receptor and 40-92% sequence similarity towards each other in the kinase domains.

Soluble receptors according to the invention comprise at least predominantly the extracellular domain. These can be selected from the information provided herein, prepared in conventional manner, and used in any manner associated with the invention.

Antibodies to the peptides described herein may be raised in conventional manner. By selecting unique sequences of the peptides, antibodies having desired specificity can be obtained.

The antibodies may be monoclonal, prepared in known manner. In particular, monoclonal antibodies to the extracellular domain are of potential value in therapy.

Products of the invention are useful in diagnostic methods, e.g. to determine the presence in a sample for an analyte binding therewith, such as in an antagonist assay. Conventional techniques, e.g. an enzyme-linked immunosorbent assay, may be used.

Products of the invention having a specific receptor activity can be used in therapy, e.g. to modulate conditions associated with activin or TGF- β activity. Such conditions include fibrosis, e.g. liver cirrhosis and pulmonary fibrosis, cancer, rheumatoid arthritis and glomeronephritis.

Brief Description of the Drawings

Figure 1 shows the alignment of the serine/threonine (S/T) kinase domains (I-VIII) of related receptors from transmembrane proteins, including embodiments of the present invention. The nomenclature of the subdomains is accordingly to Hanks et al (1988).

Figures 2A to 2D shows the sequences and characteristics of the respective primers used in the

initial PCR reactions. The nucleic acid sequences are also given as SEQ ID Nos. 19 to 22.

Figure 3 is a comparison of the amino-acid sequences of human activin type II receptor (Act R-II), mouse activin type IIB receptor (Act R-IIB), human TGF- β type II receptor (T β R-II), human TGF- β type I receptor (ALK-5), human activin receptor type IA (ALK-2), and type IB (ALK-4), ALKs 1 & 3 and mouse ALK-6.

Figure 4 shows, schematically, the structures for Daf-1, Act R-II, Act R-IIB, T β R-II, T β R-I/ALK-5, ALK's -1, -2 (Act RIA), -3, -4 (Act RIB) & -6.

Figure 5 shows the sequence alignment of the cysteine-rich domains of the ALKs, T β R-II, Act R-II, Act R-IIB and daf-1 receptors.

Figure 6 is a comparison of kinase domains of serine/threonine kinases, showing the percentage amino-acid identity of the kinase domains.

Figure 7 shows the pairwise alignment relationship between the kinase domains of the receptor serine/threonine kinases. The dendrogram was generated using the Jotun-Hein alignment program (Hein (1990) Meth. Enzymol. 183, 626-645).

Brief Description of the Sequence Listings

Sequences 1 and 2 are the nucleotide and deduced amino-acid sequences of cDNA for hALK-1 (clone HP57).

Sequences 3 and 4 are the nucleotide and deduced amino-acid sequences of cDNA for hALK-2 (clone HP53).

Sequences 5 and 6 are the nucleotide and deduced amino-acid sequences of cDNA for hALK-3 (clone ONF5).

Sequences 7 and 8 the nucleotide and deduced amino-acid sequences of cDNA for hALK-4 (clone 11H8), complemented with PCR product encoding extracellular domain.

Sequences 9 and 10 are the nucleotide and deduced amino-acid sequences of cDNA for hALK-5 (clone EMBLA).

Sequences 11 and 12 are the nucleotide and deduced amino-acid sequences of cDNA for mALK-1 (clone AM6).

Sequences 13 and 14 are the nucleotide and deduced amino-acid sequences of cDNA for mALK-3 (clones ME-7 and ME-D).

Sequences 15 and 16 are the nucleotide and deduced amino-acid sequences of cDNA for mALK-4 (clone 8a1).

Sequences 17 and 18 are the nucleotide and deduced amino-acid sequences of cDNA for mALK-6 (clone ME-6).

Sequence 19 (B1-S) is a sense primer, extracellular domain, cysteine-rich region, BamHI site at 5' end, 28-mer, 64-fold degeneracy.

Sequence 20 (B3-S) is a sense primer, kinase domain II, BamHI site at 5' end, 25-mer, 162-fold degeneracy.

Sequence 21 (B7-S) is a sense primer, kinase domain VIB, S/T kinase specific residues, BamHI site at 5' end, 24-mer, 288-fold degeneracy.

Sequence 22 (E8-AS) is an anti-sense primer, kinase domain, S/T kinase-specific residues EcoRI site at 5' end, 20-mer, 18-fold degeneracy.

Sequence 23 is an oligonucleotide probe.

Sequence 24 is a 5' primer.

Sequence 25 is a 3' primer.

Sequence 26 is a consensus sequence in Subdomain I.

Sequences 27 and 28 are novel sequence motifs in Subdomain VIB.

Sequence 29 is a novel sequence motif in Subdomain VIII.

Description of the Invention

As described in more detail below, nucleic acid sequences have been isolated, coding for a new sub-family of serine/threonine receptor kinases. The term nucleic acid molecules as used herein refers to any sequence which codes for the murine, human or mammalian form, amino-acid sequences of which are presented herein. It is understood that the well known phenomenon of codon degeneracy provides for a great deal of sequence variation and all such varieties are included within the scope of this invention.

The nucleic acid sequences described herein may be used to clone the respective genomic DNA sequences in order to study the genes' structure and regulation. The murine and human cDNA or genomic sequences can also be used to
5 isolate the homologous genes from other mammalian species. The mammalian DNA sequences can be used to study the receptors' functions in various in vitro and in vivo model systems.

As exemplified below for ALK-5 cDNA, it is also
10 recognised that, given the sequence information provided herein, the artisan could easily combine the molecules with a pertinent promoter in a vector, so as to produce a cloning vehicle for expression of the molecule. The promoter and coding molecule must be operably linked via
15 any of the well-recognized and easily-practised methodologies for so doing. The resulting vectors, as well as the isolated nucleic acid molecules themselves, may be used to transform prokaryotic cells (e.g. E. coli), or transfect eukaryotes such as yeast (S. cerevisiae), PAE,
20 COS or CHO cell lines. Other appropriate expression systems will also be apparent to the skilled artisan.

Several methods may be used to isolate the ligands for the ALKs. As shown for ALK-5 cDNA, cDNA clones encoding the active open reading frames can be subcloned into
25 expression vectors and transfected into eukaryotic cells, for example COS cells. The transfected cells which can express the receptor can be subjected to binding assays for radioactively-labelled members of the TGF- β superfamily (TGF- β , activins, inhibins, bone morphogenic proteins and müllerian-inhibiting substances), as it may be expected
30 that the receptors will bind members of the TGF- β superfamily. Various biochemical or cell-based assays can be designed to identify the ligands, in tissue extracts or conditioned media, for receptors in which a ligand is not
35 known. Antibodies raised to the receptors may also be used to identify the ligands, using the immunoprecipitation of the cross-linked complexes. Alternatively, purified

receptor could be used to isolate the ligands using an affinity-based approach. The determination of the expression patterns of the receptors may also aid in the isolation of the ligand. These studies may be carried out using ALK DNA or RNA sequences as probes to perform in situ hybridisation studies.

The use of various model systems or structural studies should enable the rational development of specific agonists and antagonists useful in regulating receptor function. It may be envisaged that these can be peptides, mutated ligands, antibodies or other molecules able to interact with the receptors.

The foregoing provides examples of the invention Applicants intend to claim which includes, inter alia, isolated nucleic acid molecules coding for activin receptor-like kinases (ALKs), as defined herein. These include such sequences isolated from mammalian species such as mouse, human, rat, rabbit and monkey.

The following description relates to specific embodiments. It will be understood that the specification and examples are illustrative but not limitative of the present invention and that other embodiments within the spirit and scope of the invention will suggest themselves to those skilled in the art.

Preparation of mRNA and Construction of a cDNA Library

For construction of a cDNA library, poly (A)⁺ RNA was isolated from a human erythroleukemia cell line (HEL 92.1.7) obtained from the American Type Culture Collection (ATCC TIB 180). These cells were chosen as they have been shown to respond to both activin and TGF- β . Moreover leukaemic cells have proved to be rich sources for the cloning of novel receptor tyrosine kinases (Partanen et al (1990) Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 87, 8913-8917 and (1992) Mol. Cell. Biol. 12, 1698-1707). (Total) RNA was prepared by the guanidinium isothiocyanate method (Chirgwin et al (1979) Biochemistry 18, 5294-5299). mRNA was selected using the poly-A or poly AT tract mRNA isolation kit

(Promega, Madison, Wisconsin, U.S.A.) as described by the manufacturers, or purified through an oligo (dT)-cellulose column as described by Aviv and Leder (1972) Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 69, 1408-1412. The isolated mRNA was used for the synthesis of random primed (Amersham) cDNA, that was used to make a λ gt10 library with 1×10^5 independent cDNA clones using the Riboclone cDNA synthesis system (Promega) and λ gt10 in vitro packaging kit (Amersham) according to the manufacturers' procedures. An amplified oligo (dT) primed human placenta λ ZAPII cDNA library of 5×10^5 independent clones was used. Poly (A)⁺ RNA isolated from AG1518 human foreskin fibroblasts was used to prepare a primary random primed λ ZAPII cDNA library of 1.5×10^6 independent clones using the RiboClone cDNA synthesis system and Gigapack Gold II packaging extract (Stratagene). In addition, a primary oligo (dT) primed human foreskin fibroblast λ gt10 cDNA library (Claesson-Welsh et al (1989) Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA. 86 4917-4912) was prepared. An amplified oligo (dT) primed HEL cell λ gt11 cDNA library of 1.5×10^6 independent clones (Poncz et al (1987) Blood 69 219-223) was used. A twelve-day mouse embryo λ EX10x cDNA library was obtained from Novagen (Madison, Wisconsin, U.S.A.); a mouse placenta λ ZAPII cDNA library was also used.

25 Generation of cDNA Probes by PCR

For the generation of cDNA probes by PCR (Lee et al (1988) Science 239, 1288-1291) degenerate PCR primers were constructed based upon the amino-acid sequence similarity between the mouse activin type II receptor (Mathews and Vale (1991) Cell 65, 973-982) and daf-1 (George et al (1990) Cell 61, 635-645) in the kinase domains II and VIII. Figure 1 shows the aligned serine/threonine kinase domains (I-VIII), of four related receptors of the TGF- β superfamily, i.e. hTBR-II, mActR-IIB, mActR-II and the daf-1 gene product, using the nomenclature of the subdomains according to Hanks et al (1988) Science 241, 45-52.

Several considerations were applied in the design of the PCR primers. The sequences were taken from regions of homology between the activin type II receptor and the *daf-1* gene product, with particular emphasis on residues that confer serine/threonine specificity (see Table 2) and on residues that are shared by transmembrane kinase proteins and not by cytoplasmic kinases. The primers were designed so that each primer of a PCR set had an approximately similar GC composition, and so that self complementarity and complementarity between the 3' ends of the primer sets were avoided. Degeneracy of the primers was kept as low as possible, in particular avoiding serine, leucine and arginine residues (6 possible codons), and human codon preference was applied. Degeneracy was particularly avoided at the 3' end as, unlike the 5' end, where mismatches are tolerated, mismatches at the 3' end dramatically reduce the efficiency of PCR.

In order to facilitate directional subcloning, restriction enzyme sites were included at the 5' end of the primers, with a GC clamp, which permits efficient restriction enzyme digestion. The primers utilised are shown in Figure 2. Oligonucleotides were synthesized using Gene assembler plus (Pharmacia - LKB) according to the manufacturers instructions.

The mRNA prepared from HEL cells as described above was reverse-transcribed into cDNA in the presence of 50 mM Tris-HCl, pH 8.3, 8 mM MgCl₂, 30 mM KCl, 10 mM dithiothreitol, 2mM nucleotide triphosphates, excess oligo (dT) primers and 34 units of AMV reverse transcriptase at 42°C for 2 hours in 40 µl of reaction volume. Amplification by PCR was carried out with a 7.5% aliquot (3 µl) of the reverse-transcribed mRNA, in the presence of 10 mM Tris-HCl, pH 8.3, 50 mM KCl, 1.5 M MgCl₂, 0.01% gelatin, 0.2 mM nucleotide triphosphates, 1 µM of both sense and antisense primers and 2.5 units of Taq polymerase (Perkin Elmer Cetus) in 100 µl reaction volume. Amplifications were performed on a thermal cycler (Perkin Elmer Cetus)

using the following program: first 5 thermal cycles with denaturation for 1 minute at 94°C, annealing for 1 minute at 50°C, a 2 minute ramp to 55°C and elongation for 1 minute at 72°C, followed by 20 cycles of 1 minute at 94°C, 30 seconds at 55°C and 1 minute at 72°C. A second round of PCR was performed with 3 µl of the first reaction as a template. This involved 25 thermal cycles, each composed of 94°C (1 min), 55°C (0.5 min), 72°C (1 min).

General procedures such as purification of nucleic acids, restriction enzyme digestion, gel electrophoresis, transfer of nucleic acid to solid supports and subcloning were performed essentially according to established procedures as described by Sambrook *et al.*, (1989), Molecular cloning: A Laboratory Manual, 2nd Ed. Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory (Cold Spring Harbor, New York, USA).

Samples of the PCR products were digested with BamHI and EcoRI and subsequently fractionated by low melting point agarose gel electrophoresis. Bands corresponding to the approximate expected sizes, (see Table 1: ≈460 bp for primer pair B3-S and E8-AS and ≈ 140 bp for primer pair B7-S and E8-AS) were excised from the gel and the DNA was purified. Subsequently, these fragments were ligated into pUC19 (Yanisch-Perron *et al.* (1985) Gene 33, 103-119), which had been previously linearised with BamHI and EcoRI and transformed into *E. coli* strain DH5α using standard protocols (Sambrook *et al.*, *supra*). Individual clones were sequenced using standard double-stranded sequencing techniques and the dideoxynucleotide chain termination method as described by Sanger *et al.* (1977) Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 74, 5463-5467, and T7 DNA polymerase.

Employing Reverse Transcriptase PCR on HEL mRNA with the primer pair B3-S and E8-AS, three PCR products were obtained, termed 11.1, 11.2 and 11.3, that corresponded to novel genes. Using the primer pair B7-S and E8-AS, an additional novel PCR product was obtained termed 5.2.

TABLE 1

| NAME OF PCR PRODUCT | PRIMERS | INSERT SIZE (bp) | SIZE OF DNA FRAGMENT IN α ACTRII/hTBR-II CLONES (bp) | SEQUENCE IDENTITY WITH SEQUENCE α ACTRII/hTBR-II (%) | SEQUENCE IDENTITY BETWEEN α ACTRII and TBR-II (%) |
|---------------------|------------|------------------|---|---|--|
| 11.1 | B3-S/E8-AS | 460 | 460 | 46/40 | 42 |
| 11.2 | B3-S/E8-AS | 460 | 460 | 49/44 | 47 |
| 11.3 | B3-S/E8-AS | 460 | 460 | 44/36 | 48 |
| 11.29 | B3-S/E8-AS | 460 | 460 | ND/100 | ND |
| 9.2 | B1-S/E8-AS | 800 | 795 | 100/ND | ND |
| 5.2 | B7-S/E8-AS | 140 | 143 | 40/38 | 60 |

15 Isolation of cDNA Clones

The PCR products obtained were used to screen various cDNA libraries described supra. Labelling of the inserts of PCR products was performed using random priming method (Feinberg and Vogelstein (1983) Anal. Biochem, 132 6-13) using the Megaprime DNA labelling system (Amersham). The oligonucleotide derived from the sequence of the PCR product 5.2 was labelled by phosphorylation with T4 polynucleotide kinase following standard protocols (Sambrook et al, supra). Hybridization and purification of positive bacteriophages were performed using standard molecular biological techniques.

The double-stranded DNA clones were all sequenced using the dideoxynucleotide chain-termination method as described by Sanger et al, supra, using T7 DNA polymerase (Pharmacia - LKB) or Sequenase (U.S. Biochemical Corporation, Cleveland, Ohio, U.S.A.). Compressions of nucleotides were resolved using 7-deaza-GTP (U.S. Biochemical Corp.) DNA sequences were analyzed using the DNA STAR computer program (DNA STAR Ltd. U.K.). Analyses of the sequences obtained revealed the existence of six

distinct putative receptor serine/threonine kinases which have been named ALK 1-6.

To clone cDNA for ALK-1 the oligo (dT) primed human placenta cDNA library was screened with a radiolabelled insert derived from the PCR product 11.3; based upon their restriction enzyme digestion patterns, three different types of clones with approximate insert sizes of 1.7 kb, 2 kb & 3.5 kb were identified. The 2 kb clone, named HP57, was chosen as representative of this class and subjected to complete sequencing. Sequence analysis of ALK-1 revealed a sequence of 1984 nucleotides including a poly-A tail (SEQ ID No. 1). The longest open reading frame encodes a protein of 503 amino-acids, with high sequence similarity to receptor serine/threonine kinases (see below). The first methionine codon, the putative translation start site, is at nucleotide 283-285 and is preceded by an in-frame stop codon. This first ATG is in a more favourable context for translation initiation (Kozak (1987) Nucl. Acids Res., 15, 8125-8148) than the second and third in-frame ATG at nucleotides 316-318 and 325-327. The putative initiation codon is preceded by a 5' untranslated sequence of 282 nucleotides that is GC-rich (80% GC), which is not uncommon for growth factor receptors (Kozak (1991) J. Cell Biol., 115, 887-903). The 3' untranslated sequence comprises 193 nucleotides and ends with a poly-A tail. No bona fide poly-A addition signal is found, but there is a sequence (AATACA), 17-22 nucleotides upstream of the poly-A tail, which may serve as a poly-A addition signal.

ALK-2 cDNA was cloned by screening an amplified oligo (dT) primed human placenta cDNA library with a radiolabelled insert derived from the PCR product 11.2. Two clones, termed HP53 and HP64, with insert sizes of 2.7 kb and 2.4 kb respectively, were identified and their sequences were determined. No sequence difference in the overlapping clones was found, suggesting they are both derived from transcripts of the same gene.

Sequence analysis of cDNA clone HP53 (SEQ ID No. 3) revealed a sequence of 2719 nucleotides with a poly-A tail. The longest open reading frame encodes a protein of 509 amino-acids. The first ATG at nucleotides 104-106 agrees favourably with Kozak's consensus sequence with an A at position 3. This ATG is preceded in-frame by a stop codon. There are four ATG codons in close proximity further downstream, which agree with the Kozak's consensus sequence (Kozak, supra), but according to Kozak's scanning model the first ATG is predicted to be the translation start site. The 5' untranslated sequence is 103 nucleotides. The 3' untranslated sequence of 1089 nucleotides contains a polyadenylation signal located 9-14 nucleotides upstream from the poly-A tail. The cDNA clone HP64 lacks 498 nucleotides from the 5' end compared to HP53, but the sequence extended at the 3' end with 190 nucleotides and poly-A tail is absent. This suggests that different polyadenylation sites occur for ALK-2. In Northern blots, however, only one transcript was detected (see below).

The cDNA for human ALK-3 was cloned by initially screening an oligo (dT) primed human foreskin fibroblast cDNA library with an oligonucleotide (SEQ ID No. 23) derived from the PCR product 5.2. One positive cDNA clone with an insert size of 3 kb, termed ON11, was identified. However, upon partial sequencing, it appeared that this clone was incomplete; it encodes only part of the kinase domain and lacks the extracellular domain. The most 5' sequence of ON11, a 540 nucleotide XbaI restriction fragment encoding a truncated kinase domain, was subsequently used to probe a random primed fibroblast cDNA library from which one cDNA clone with an insert size of 3 kb, termed ONF5, was isolated (SEQ ID No. 5). Sequence analysis of ONF5 revealed a sequence of 2932 nucleotides without a poly-A tail, suggesting that this clone was derived by internal priming. The longest open reading frame codes for a protein of 532 amino-acids. The first ATG codon which is compatible with Kozak's consensus

sequence (Kozak, supra), is at 310-312 nucleotides and is preceded by an in-frame stop codon. The 5' and 3' untranslated sequences are 309 and 1027 nucleotides long, respectively.

5 ALK-4 cDNA was identified by screening a human oligo (dT) primed human erythroleukemia cDNA library with the radiolabelled insert of the PCR product 11.1 as a probe. One cDNA clone, termed 11H8, was identified with an insert size of 2 kb (SEQ ID No. 7). An open reading frame was
10 found encoding a protein sequence of 383 amino-acids encoding a truncated extracellular domain with high similarity to receptor serine/threonine kinases. The 3' untranslated sequence is 818 nucleotides and does not contain a poly-A tail, suggesting that the cDNA was
15 internally primed. cDNA encoding the complete extracellular domain (nucleotides 1-366) was obtained from HEL cells by RT-PCR with 5' primer (SEQ ID No. 24) derived in part from sequence at translation start site of SKR-2 (a cDNA sequence deposited in GenBank data base, accession
20 number L10125, that is identical in part to ALK-4) and 3' primer (SEQ ID No. 25) derived from 11H8 cDNA clone.

ALK-5 was identified by screening the random primed
HEL cell λ gt 10 cDNA library with the PCR product 11.1 as a probe. This yielded one positive clone termed EMBLA
25 (insert size of 5.3 kb with 2 internal EcoRI sites). Nucleotide sequencing revealed an open reading frame of 1509 bp, coding for 503 amino-acids. The open reading frame was flanked by a 5' untranslated sequence of 76 bp, and a 3' untranslated sequence of 3.7 kb which was not
30 completely sequenced. The nucleotide and deduced amino-acid sequences of ALK-5 are shown in SEQ ID Nos. 9 and 10. In the 5' part of the open reading frame, only one ATG codon was found; this codon fulfils the rules of translation initiation (Kozak, supra). An in-frame stop
35 codon was found at nucleotides (-54)-(-52) in the 5' untranslated region. The predicted ATG start codon is followed by a stretch of hydrophobic amino-acid residues

which has characteristics of a cleavable signal sequence. Therefore, the first ATG codon is likely to be used as a translation initiation site. A preferred cleavage site for the signal peptidase, according to von Heijne (1986) Nucl. Acid. Res. 14, 4683-4690, is located between amino-acid residues 24 and 25. The calculated molecular mass of the primary translated product of the ALK-5 without signal sequence is 53,646 Da.

Screening of the mouse embryo λ EX Iox cDNA library using PCR, product 11.1 as a probe yielded 20 positive clones. DNAs from the positive clones obtained from this library were digested with EcoRI and HindIII, electrophoretically separated on a 1.3% agarose gel and transferred to nitrocellulose filters according to established procedures as described by Sambrook et al, supra. The filters were then hybridized with specific probes for human ALK-1 (nucleotide 288-670), ALK-2 (nucleotide 1-581), ALK-3 (nucleotide 79-824) or ALK-4 (nucleotide 1178-1967). Such analyses revealed that a clone termed ME-7 hybridised with the human ALK-3 probe. However, nucleotide sequencing revealed that this clone was incomplete, and lacked the 5' part of the translated region. Screening the same cDNA library with a probe corresponding to the extracellular domain of human ALK-3 (nucleotides 79-824) revealed the clone ME-D. This clone was isolated and the sequence was analyzed. Although this clone was incomplete in the 3' end of the translated region, ME-7 and ME-D overlapped and together covered the complete sequence of mouse ALK-3. The predicted amino-acid sequence of mouse ALK-3 is very similar to the human sequence; only 8 amino-acid residues differ (98% identity; see SEQ ID No. 14) and the calculated molecular mass of the primary translated product without the putative signal sequence is 57,447 Da.

Of the clones obtained from the initial library screening with PCR product 11.1, four clones hybridized to the probe corresponding to the conserved kinase domain of

ALK-4 but not to probes from more divergent parts of ALK-1 to -4. Analysis of these clones revealed that they have an identical sequence which differs from those of ALK-1 to -5 and was termed ALK-6. The longest clone ME6 with a 2.0 kb insert was completely sequenced yielding a 1952 bp fragment consisting of an open reading frame of 1506 bp (502 amino-acids), flanked by a 5' untranslated sequence of 186 bp, and a 3' untranslated sequence of 160 bp. The nucleotide and predicted amino-acid sequences of mouse ALK-6 are shown in SEQ ID Nos. 17 and 18. No polyadenylation signal was found in the 3' untranslated region of ME6, indicating that the cDNA was internally primed in the 3' end. Only one ATG codon was found in the 5' part of the open reading frame, which fulfils the rules for translation initiation (Kozak, supra), and was preceded by an in-frame stop codon at nucleotides 163-165. However, a typical hydrophobic leader sequence was not observed at the N terminus of the translated region. Since there is no ATG codon and putative hydrophobic leader sequence, this ATG codon is likely to be used as a translation initiation site. The calculated molecular mass of the primary translated product with the putative signal sequence is 55,576 Da.

Mouse ALK-1 (clone AM6 with 1.9 kb insert) was obtained from the mouse placenta λ ZAPII cDNA library using human ALK-1 cDNA as a probe (see SEQ ID No. 11). Mouse ALK-4 (clone 8a1 with 2.3kb insert) was also obtained from this library using human ALK-4 cDNA library as a probe (SEQ ID No. 15).

To summarise, clones HP22, HP57, ONF1, ONF3, ONF4 and HP29 encode the same gene, ALK-1. Clone AM6 encodes mouse ALK-1. HP53, HP64 and HP84 encode the same gene, ALK-2. ONF5, ONF2 and ON11 encode the same gene ALK-3. ME-7 and ME-D encode the mouse counterpart of human ALK-3. 11H8 encodes a different gene ALK-4, whilst 8a1 encodes the mouse equivalent. EMBLA encodes ALK-5, and ME-6 encodes ALK-6.

The sequence alignment between the 6 ALK genes and TBR-II, mActR-II and ActR-IIB is shown in Figure 3. These molecules have a similar domain structure; an N-terminal predicted hydrophobic signal sequence (von Heijne (1986) Nucl. Acids Res. 14: 4683-4690) is followed by a relatively small extracellular cysteine-rich ligand binding domain, a single hydrophobic transmembrane region (Kyte & Doolittle (1982) J. Mol. Biol. 157, 105-132) and a C-terminal intracellular portion, which consists almost entirely of a kinase domain (Figures 3 and 4).

The extracellular domains of these receptors have cysteine-rich regions, but they show little sequence similarity; for example, less than 20% sequence identity is found between Daf-1, ActR-II, TBR-II and ALK-5. The ALKs appear to form a subfamily as they show higher sequence similarities (15-47% identity) in their extracellular domains. The extracellular domains of ALK-5 and ALK-4 have about 29% sequence identity. In addition, ALK-3 and ALK-6 share a high degree of sequence similarity in their extracellular domains (46% identity).

The positions of many of the cysteine residues in all receptors can be aligned, suggesting that the extracellular domains may adopt a similar structural configuration. See Figure 5 for ALKs-1,-2,-3 & -5. Each of the ALKs (except ALK-6) has a potential N-linked glycosylation site, the position of which is conserved between ALK-1 and ALK-2, and between ALK-3, ALK-4 and ALK-5 (see Figure 4).

The sequence similarities in the kinase domains between daf-1, ActR-II, TBR-II and ALK-5 are approximately 40%, whereas the sequence similarity between the ALKs 1 to 6 is higher (between 59% and 90%; see Figure 6). Pairwise comparison using the Jutun-Hein sequence alignment program (Hein (1990) Meth. Enzymol., 183, 626-645), between all family members, identifies the ALKs as a separate subclass among serine/threonine kinases (Figure 7).

The catalytic domains of kinases can be divided into 12 subdomains with stretches of conserved amino-acid

residues. The key motifs are found in serine/threonine kinase receptors suggesting that they are functional kinases. The consensus sequence for the binding of ATP (Gly-X-Gly-X-X-Gly in subdomain I followed by a Lys residue further downstream in subdomain II) is found in all the ALKs.

The kinase domains of daf-1, ActR-II, and ALKs show approximately equal sequence similarity with tyrosine and serine/threonine protein kinases. However analysis of the amino-acid sequences in subdomains VI and VIII, which are the most useful to distinguish a specificity for phosphorylation of tyrosine residues versus serine/threonine residues (Hanks et al (1988) Science 241 42-52) indicates that these kinases are serine/threonine kinases; refer to Table 2.

TABLE 2

| | KINASE | SUBDOMAINS | |
|----|-----------------------------------|------------|-----------------------------|
| | | VIB | VIII |
| | Serine/threonine kinase consensus | DLKPEN | G (T/S) XX (Y/F) X |
| 5 | Tyrosine kinase consensus | DLAARN | XP(I/V) (K/R) W (T/M) |
| | Act R-II | DIKSKN | GTRRYM |
| | Act R-IIB | DFKSKN | GTRRYM |
| | TBR-II | DLKSSN | GTARYM |
| | ALK-I | DFKSRN | GTKRYM |
| 10 | ALK -2, -3, -4, -5, & -6 | DLKSKN | GTKRYM |

The sequence motifs DLKSKN (Subdomain VIB) and GTKRYM (Subdomain VIII), that are found in most of the serine/threonine kinase receptors, agree well with the consensus sequences for all protein serine/threonine kinase receptors in these regions. In addition, these receptors, except for ALK-1, do not have a tyrosine residue surrounded by acidic residues between subdomains VII and VIII, which is common for tyrosine kinases. A unique characteristic of the members of the ALK serine/threonine kinase receptor family is the presence of two short inserts in the kinase

domain between subdomains VIA and VIB and between subdomains X and XI. In the intracellular domain, these regions, together with the juxtamembrane part and C-terminal tail, are the most divergent between family members (see Figures 3 and 4). Based on the sequence similarity with the type II receptors for TGF- β and activin, the C termini of the kinase domains of ALKs -1 to -6 are set at Ser-495, Ser-501, Ser-527, Gln-500, Gln-498 and Ser-497, respectively.

mRNA Expression

The distribution of ALK-1, -2, -3, -4 was determined by Northern blot analysis. A Northern blot filter with mRNAs from different human tissues was obtained from Clontech (Palo Alto, C.A.). The filters were hybridized with ^{32}P -labelled probes at 42°C overnight in 50% formaldehyde, 5 x standard saline citrate (SSC; 1xSSC is 50mM sodium citrate, pH 7.0, 150 mM NaCl), 0.1% SDS, 50 mM sodium phosphate, 5 x Denhardt's solution and 0.1 mg/ml salmon sperm DNA. In order to minimize cross-hybridization, probes were used that did not encode part of the kinase domains, but corresponded to the highly diverged sequences of either 5' untranslated and ligand-binding regions (probes for ALK-1, -2 and -3) or 3' untranslated sequences (probe for ALK-4). The probes were labelled by random priming using the Multiprime (or Mega-prime) DNA labelling system and [α - ^{32}P] dCTP (Feinberg & Vogelstein (1983) Anal. Biochem. 132: 6-13). Unincorporated label was removed by Sephadex G-25 chromatography. Filters were washed at 65°C, twice for 30 minutes in 2.5 x SSC, 0.1% SDS and twice for 30 minutes in 0.3 x SSC, 0.1% SDS before being exposed to X-ray film. Stripping of blots was performed by incubation at 90-100°C in water for 20 minutes.

The ALK-5 mRNA size and distribution were determined by Northern blot analysis as above. An EcoRI fragment of 980bp of the full length ALK-5 cDNA clone, corresponding to the C-terminal part of the kinase domain and 3'

untranslated region (nucleotides 1259-2232 in SEQ ID No. 9) was used as a probe. The filter was washed twice in 0.5 x SSC, 0.1% SDS at 55°C for 15 minutes.

Using the probe for ALK-1, two transcripts of 2.2 and 4.9kb were detected. The ALK-1 expression level varied strongly between different tissues, high in placenta and lung, moderate in heart, muscle and kidney, and low (to not detectable) in brain, liver and pancreas. The relative ratios between the two transcripts were similar in most tissues; in kidney, however, there was relatively more of the 4.9 kb transcript. By reprobing the blot with a probe for ALK-2, one transcript of 4.0 kb was detected with a ubiquitous expression pattern. Expression was detected in every tissue investigated and was highest in placenta and skeletal muscle. Subsequently the blot was reprobed for ALK-3. One major transcript of 4.4 kb and a minor transcript of 7.9 kb were detected. Expression was high in skeletal muscle, in which also an additional minor transcript of 10 kb was observed. Moderate levels of ALK-3 mRNA were detected in heart, placenta, kidney and pancreas, and low (to not detectable) expression was found in brain, lung and liver. The relative ratios between the different transcripts were similar in the tested tissues, the 4.4 kb transcript being the predominant one, with the exception for brain where both transcripts were expressed at a similar level. Probing the blot with ALK-4 indicated the presence of a transcript with the estimated size of 5.2 kb and revealed an ubiquitous expression pattern. The results of Northern blot analysis using the probe for ALK-5 showed that a 5.5 kb transcript is expressed in all human tissues tested, being most abundant in placenta and least abundant in brain and heart.

The distribution of mRNA for mouse ALK-3 and -6 in various mouse tissues was also determined by Northern blot analysis. A multiple mouse tissue blot was obtained from Clontech, Palo Alto, California, U.S.A. The filter was hybridized as described above with probes for mouse ALK-3

and ALK-6. The EcoRI-PstI restriction fragment, corresponding to nucleotides 79-1100 of ALK-3, and the SacI-HpaI fragment, corresponding to nucleotides 57-720 of ALK-6, were used as probes. The filter was washed at 65°C
5 twice for 30 minutes in 2.5 x SSC, 0.1% SDS and twice for 30 minutes with 0.3 x SSC, 0.1% SDS and then subjected to autoradiography.

Using the probe for mouse ALK-3, a 1.1 kb transcript was found only in spleen. By reprobing the blot with the
10 ALK-6 specific probe, a transcript of 7.2 kb was found in brain and a weak signal was also seen in lung. No other signal was seen in the other tissues tested, i.e. heart, liver, skeletal muscle, kidney and testis.

All detected transcript sizes were different, and thus
15 no cross-reaction between mRNAs for the different ALKs was observed when the specific probes were used. This suggests that the multiple transcripts of ALK-1 and ALK-3 are coded from the same gene. The mechanism for generation of the different transcripts is unknown at present; they may be
20 formed by alternative mRNA splicing, differential polyadenylation, use of different promoters, or by a combination of these events. Differences in mRNA splicing in the regions coding for the extracellular domains may lead to the synthesis of receptors with different
25 affinities for ligands, as was shown for mActR-IIB (Attisano et al (1992) Cell 68, 97-108) or to the production of soluble binding protein.

The above experiments describe the isolation of nucleic acid sequences coding for new family of human
30 receptor kinases. The cDNA for ALK-5 was then used to determine the encoded protein size and binding properties.
Properties of the ALKs cDNA Encoded Proteins

To study the properties of the proteins encoded by the different ALK cDNAs, the cDNA for each ALK was subcloned
35 into a eukaryotic expression vector and transfected into various cell types and then subjected to immunoprecipitation using a rabbit antiserum raised against

a synthetic peptide corresponding to part of the intracellular juxtamembrane region. This region is divergent in sequence between the various serine/threonine kinase receptors. The following amino-acid residues were used:

| | | |
|----|-------|---------|
| 5 | ALK-1 | 145-166 |
| | ALK-2 | 151-172 |
| | ALK-3 | 181-202 |
| | ALK-4 | 153-171 |
| 10 | ALK-5 | 158-179 |
| | ALK-6 | 151-168 |

The rabbit antiserum against ALK-5 was designated VPN.

The peptides were synthesized with an Applied Biosystems 430A Peptide Synthesizer using t-butoxycarbonyl chemistry and purified by reversed-phase high performance liquid chromatography. The peptides were coupled to keyhole limpet haemocyanin (Calbiochem-Behring) using glutaraldehyde, as described by Guillick et al (1985) EMBO J. 4, 2869-2877. The coupled peptides were mixed with Freund's adjuvant and used to immunize rabbits.

Transient transfection of the ALK-5 cDNA

COS-1 cells (American Type Culture Collection) and the R mutant of Mv1Lu cells (for references, see below) were cultured in Dulbecco's modified Eagle's medium containing 10% fetal bovine serum (FBS) and 100 units/ml penicillin and 50 µg/ml streptomycin in 5% CO₂ atmosphere at 37°C. The ALK-5 cDNA (nucleotides (-76) - 2232), which includes the complete coding region, was cloned in the pSV7d vector (Truett et al, (1985) DNA 4, 333-349), and used for transfection. Transfection into COS-1 cells was performed by the calcium phosphate precipitation method (Wigler et al (1979) Cell 16, 777-785). Briefly, cells were seeded into 6-well cell culture plates at a density of 5x10⁵ cells/well, and transfected the following day with 10 µg of recombinant plasmid. After overnight incubation, cells were washed three times with a buffer containing 25 mM Tris-HCl, pH 7.4, 138 mM NaCl, 5 mM KCl, 0.7 mM CaCl₂, 0.5

mm $MgCl_2$ and 0.6 mM Na_2HPO_4 , and then incubated with Dulbecco's modified Eagle's medium containing FBS and antibiotics. Two days after transfection, the cells were metabolically labelled by incubating the cells for 6 hours

5 in methionine and cysteine-free MCDB 104 medium with 150 $\mu Ci/ml$ of [^{35}S]-methionine and [^{35}S]-cysteine (in vivo labelling mix; Amersham). After labelling, the cells were washed with 150 mM NaCl, 25 mM Tris-HCl, pH 7.4, and then solubilized with a buffer containing 20mM Tris-HCl, pH 7.4,

10 150 mM NaCl, 10 mM EDTA, 1% Triton X-100, 1% deoxycholate, 1.5% Trasylol (Bayer) and 1 mM phenylmethylsulfonylfluoride (PMSF; Sigma). After 15 minutes on ice, the cell lysates were pelleted by centrifugation, and the supernatants were then incubated with 7 μl of preimmune serum for 1.5 hours

15 at 4°C. Samples were then given 50 μl of protein A-Sepharose (Pharmacia-LKB) slurry (50% packed beads in 150 mM NaCl, 20 mM Tris-HCl, pH 7.4, 0.2% Triton X100) and incubated for 45 minutes at 4°C. The beads were spun down by centrifugation, and the supernatants (1 ml) were then

20 incubated with either 7 μl of preimmune serum or the VPn antiserum for 1.5 hours at 4°C. For blocking, 10 μg of peptide was added together with the antiserum. Immune complexes were then given 50 μl of protein A-Sepharose (Pharmacia - LKB) slurry (50% packed beads in 150 mM NaCl,

25 20mM Tris-HCl, pH 7.4, 0.2% Triton X-100) and incubated for 45 minutes at 4°C. The beads were spun down and washed four times with a washing buffer (20 mM Tris-HCl, pH 7.4, 500 mM NaCl, 1% Triton X-100, 1% deoxycholate and 0.2% SDS), followed by one wash in distilled water. The immune

30 complexes were eluted by boiling for 5 minutes in the SDS-sample buffer (100 mM Tris-HCl, pH 8.8, 0.01% bromophenol blue, 36% glycerol, 4% SDS) in the presence of 10 mM DTT, and analyzed by SDS-gel electrophoresis using 7-15% polyacrylamide gels (Blobel and Dobberstein, (1975) J.Cell

35 Biol. 67, 835-851). Gels were fixed, incubated with Amplify (Amersham) for 20 minutes, and subjected to fluorography. A component of 53Da was seen. This

component was not seen when preimmune serum was used, or when 10 µg blocking peptide was added together with the antiserum. Moreover, it was not detectable in samples derived from untransfected COS-1 cells using either preimmune serum or the antiserum.

Digestion with Endoglycosidase F

Samples immunoprecipitated with the VPN antisera obtained as described above were incubated with 0.5 U of endoglycosidase F (Boehringer Mannheim Biochemica) in a buffer containing 100 mM sodium phosphate, pH 6.1, 50 mM EDTA, 1% Triton X-100, 0.1% SDS and 1% β-mercaptoethanol at 37°C for 24 hours. Samples were eluted by boiling for 5 minutes in the SDS-sample buffer, and analyzed by SDS-polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis as described above. Hydrolysis of N-linked carbohydrates by endoglycosidase F shifted the 53 kDa band to 51 kDa. The extracellular domain of ALK-5 contains one potential acceptor site for N-glycosylation and the size of the deglycosylated protein is close to the predicted size of the core protein.

Establishment of PAE Cell Lines Expressing ALK-5

In order to investigate whether the ALK-5 cDNA encodes a receptor for TGF-β, porcine aortic endothelial (PAE) cells were transfected with an expression vector containing the ALK-5 cDNA, and analyzed for the binding of ¹²⁵I-TGF-β1.

PAE cells were cultured in Ham's F-12 medium supplemented with 10% FBS and antibiotics (Miyazono *et al.*, (1988) J. Biol. Chem. 263, 6407-6415). The ALK-5 cDNA was cloned into the cytomegalovirus (CMV)-based expression vector pcDNA I/NEO (Invitrogen), and transfected into PAE cells by electroporation. After 48 hours, selection was initiated by adding Geneticin (G418 sulphate; Gibco - BRL) to the culture medium at a final concentration of 0.5 mg/ml (Westermarck *et al.*, (1990) Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 87, 128-132). Several clones were obtained, and after analysis by immunoprecipitation using the VPN antiserum, one clone denoted PAE/TBR-1 was chosen and further analyzed.

Iodination of TGF- β 1, Binding and Affinity Crosslinking

Recombinant human TGF- β 1 was iodinated using the chloramine T method according to Frolik *et al.*, (1984) J. Biol. Chem. 259, 10995-11000. Cross-linking experiments were performed as previously described (Ichijo *et al.*, (1990) Exp. Cell Res. 187, 263-269). Briefly, cells in 6-well plates were washed with binding buffer (phosphate-buffered saline containing 0.9 mM CaCl₂, 0.49 mM MgCl₂ and 1 mg/ml bovine serum albumin (BSA)), and incubated on ice in the same buffer with ¹²⁵I-TGF- β 1 in the presence or absence of excess unlabelled TGF- β 1 for 3 hours. Cells were washed and cross-linking was done in the binding buffer without BSA together with 0.28 mM disuccinimidyl suberate (DSS; Pierce Chemical Co.) for 15 minutes on ice. The cells were harvested by the addition of 1 ml of detachment buffer (10 mM Tris-HCl, pH 7.4, 1 mM EDTA, 10% glycerol, 0.3 mM PMSF). The cells were pelleted by centrifugation, then resuspended in 50 μ l of solubilization buffer (125 mM NaCl, 10 mM Tris-HCl, pH 7.4, 1 mM EDTA, 1% Triton X-100, 0.3 mM PMSF, 1% Trasylol) and incubated for 40 minutes on ice. Cells were centrifuged again and supernatants were subjected to analysis by SDS-gel electrophoresis using 4-15% polyacrylamide gels, followed by autoradiography. ¹²⁵I-TGF- β 1 formed a 70 kDa cross-linked complex in the transfected PAE cells (PAE/TBR-I cells). The size of this complex was very similar to that of the TGF- β type I receptor complex observed at lower amounts in the untransfected cells. A concomitant increase of 94 kDa TGF- β type II receptor complex could also be observed in the PAE/TBR-I cells. Components of 150-190 kDa, which may represent crosslinked complexes between the type I and type II receptors, were also observed in the PAE/TBR-I cells.

In order to determine whether the cross-linked 70 kDa complex contained the protein encoded by the ALK-5 cDNA, the affinity cross-linking was followed by immunoprecipitation using the VPN antiserum. For this,

cells in 25 cm² flasks were used. The supernatants obtained after cross-linking were incubated with 7 µl of preimmune serum or VPN antiserum in the presence or absence of 10 µg of peptide for 1.5h at 4°C. Immune complexes were then added to 50 µl of protein A-Sepharose slurry and incubated for 45 minutes at 4°C. The protein A-Sepharose beads were washed four times with the washing buffer, once with distilled water, and the samples were analyzed by SDS-gel electrophoresis using 4-15% polyacrylamide gradient gels and autoradiography. A 70 kDa cross-linked complex was precipitated by the VPN antiserum in PAE/TBR-1 cells, and a weaker band of the same size was also seen in the untransfected cells, indicating that the untransfected PAE cells contained a low amount of endogenous ALK-5. The 70 kDa complex was not observed when preimmune serum was used, or when immune serum was blocked by 10 µg of peptide. Moreover, a coprecipitated 94 kDa component could also be observed in the PAE/TBR-I cells. The latter component is likely to represent a TGF-β type II receptor complex, since an antiserum, termed DRL, which was raised against a synthetic peptide from the C-terminal part of the TGF-β type II receptor, precipitated a 94 kDa TGF-β type II receptor complex, as well as a 70 kDa type I receptor complex from PAE/TBR-I cells.

The carbohydrate contents of ALK-5 and the TGF-β type II receptor were characterized by deglycosylation using endoglycosidase F as described above and analyzed by SDS-polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis and autoradiography. The ALK-5 cross-linked complex shifted from 70 kDa to 66 kDa, whereas that of the type II receptor shifted from 94 kDa to 82 kDa. The observed larger shift of the type II receptor band compared with that of the ALK-5 band is consistent with the deglycosylation data of the type I and type II receptors on rat liver cells reported previously (Cheifetz et al (1988) J. Biol. Chem. 263, 16984-16991), and fits well with the fact that the porcine TGF-β type II receptor has two N-glycosylation sites (Lin et al (1992)

Cell 68, 775-785), whereas ALK-5 has only one (see SEQ ID No. 9).

Binding of TGF- β 1 to the type I receptor is known to be abolished by transient treatment of the cells with dithiothreitol (DTT) (Cheifetz and Massague (1991) J. Biol. Chem. 266, 20767-20772; Wrana et al (1992) Cell 71, 1003-1014). When analyzed by affinity cross-linking, binding of 125 I-TGF- β 1 to ALK-5, but not to the type II receptor, was completely abolished by DTT treatment of PAE/T β R-1 cells. Affinity cross-linking followed by immunoprecipitation by the VPN antiserum showed that neither the ALK-5 nor the type II receptor complexes was precipitated after DTT treatment, indicating that the VPN antiserum reacts only with ALK-5. The data show that the VPN antiserum recognizes a TGF- β type I receptor, and that the type I and type II receptors form a heteromeric complex.

125 I-TGF- β 1 Binding & Affinity Crosslinking of Transfected COS Cells

Transient expression plasmids of ALKs -1 to -6 and T β R-II were generated by subcloning into the pSV7d expression vector or into the pcDNA I expression vector (Invitrogen). Transient transfection of COS-1 cells and iodination of TGF- β 1 were carried out as described above. Crosslinking and immunoprecipitation were performed as described for PAE cells above.

Transfection of cDNAs for ALKs into COS-1 cells did not show any appreciable binding of 125 I-TGF β 1, consistent with the observation that type I receptors do not bind TGF- β in the absence of type II receptors. When the T β R-II cDNA was co-transfected with cDNAs for the different ALKs, type I receptor-like complexes were seen, at different levels, in each case. COS-1 cells transfected with T β R-II and ALK cDNAs were analyzed by affinity crosslinking followed by immunoprecipitation using the DRL antisera or specific antisera against ALKs. Each one of the ALKs bound 125 I-TGF- β 1 and was coimmunoprecipitated with the T β R-II complex using the DRL antiserum. Comparison of the

efficiency of the different ALKs to form heteromeric complexes with TBR-II, revealed that ALK-5 formed such complexes more efficiently than the other ALKs. The size of the crosslinked complex was larger for ALK-3 than for other ALKs, consistent with its slightly larger size.

Expression of the ALK Protein in Different Cell Types

Two different approaches were used to elucidate which ALK's are physiological type I receptors for TGF- β .

Firstly, several cell lines were tested for the expression of the ALK proteins by cross-linking followed by immunoprecipitation using the specific antisera against ALKs and the TGF- β type II receptor. The mink lung epithelial cell line, Mv1Lu, is widely used to provide target cells for TGF- β action and is well characterized regarding TGF- β receptors (Laiho et al (1990) J. Biol. Chem. 265, 18518-18524; Laiho et al (1991) J. Biol. Chem. 266, 9108-9112). Only the VPN antiserum efficiently precipitated both type I and type II TGF- β receptors in the wild type Mv1Lu cells. The DRL antiserum also precipitated components with the same size as those precipitated by the VPN antiserum. A mutant cell line (R mutant) which lacks the TGF- β type I receptor and does not respond to TGF- β (Laiho et al, supra) was also investigated by cross-linking followed by immunoprecipitation. Consistent with the results obtained by Laiho et al (1990), supra the type III and type II TGF- β receptor complexes, but not the type I receptor complex, were observed by affinity crosslinking. Crosslinking followed by immunoprecipitation using the DRL antiserum revealed only the type II receptor complex, whereas neither the type I nor type II receptor complexes was seen using the VPN antiserum. When the cells were metabolically labelled and subjected to immunoprecipitation using the VPN antiserum, the 53 kDa ALK-5 protein was precipitated in both the wild-type and R mutant Mv1Lu cells. These results suggest that the type I receptor expressed in the R mutant is ALK-5, which has lost the affinity for binding to TGF- β after mutation.

The type I and type II TGF- β receptor complexes could be precipitated by the VPN and DRL antisera in other cell lines, including human foreskin fibroblasts (AG1518), human lung adenocarcinoma cells (A549), and human oral squamous cell carcinoma cells (HSC-2). Affinity cross-linking studies revealed multiple TGF- β type I receptor-like complexes of 70-77 kDa in these cells. These components were less efficiently competed by excess unlabelled TGF- β 1 in HSC-2 cells. Moreover, the type II receptor complex was low or not detectable in A549 and HSC-2 cells. Cross-linking followed by immunoprecipitation revealed that the VPN antiserum precipitated only the 70 kDa complex among the 70-77 kDa components. The DRL antiserum precipitated the 94 kDa type II receptor complex as well as the 70 kDa type I receptor complex in these cells, but not the putative type I receptor complexes of slightly larger sizes. These results suggest that multiple type I TGF- β receptors may exist and that the 70 kDa complex containing ALK-5 forms a heteromeric complex with the TGF- β type II receptor cloned by Lin *et al* (1992) Cell 68, 775-785, more efficiently than the other species. In rat pheochromocytoma cells (PC12) which have been reported to have no TGF- β receptor complexes by affinity cross-linking (Massagué *et al* (1990) Ann. N.Y. Acad. Sci. 593, 59-72), neither VPN nor DRL antisera precipitated the TGF- β receptor complexes. The antisera against ALKs -1 to -4 and ALK6 did not efficiently immunoprecipitate the crosslinked receptor complexes in porcine aortic endothelial (PAE) cells or human foreskin fibroblasts.

Next, it was investigated whether ALKs could restore responsiveness to TGF- β in the R mutant of Mv1Lu cells, which lack the ligand-binding ability of the TGF- β type I receptor but have intact type II receptor. Wild-type Mv1Lu cells and mutant cells were transfected with ALK cDNA and were then assayed for the production of plasminogen activator inhibitor-1 (PAI-1) which is produced as a result of TGF- β receptor activation as described previously by

Laiho et al (1991) Mol. Cell Biol. 11, 972-978. Briefly, cells were added with or without 10 ng/ml of TGF- β 1 for 2 hours in serum-free MCDB 104 without methionine. Thereafter, cultures were labelled with [35 S] methionine (40 μ Ci/ml) for 2 hours. The cells were removed by washing on ice once in PBS, twice in 10 mM Tris-HCl (pH 8.0), 0.5% sodium deoxycholate, 1 mM PMSF, twice in 2 mM Tris-HCl (pH 8.0), and once in PBS. Extracellular matrix proteins were extracted by scraping cells into the SDS-sample buffer containing DTT, and analyzed by SDS-gel electrophoresis followed by fluorography using Amplify. PAI-1 can be identified as a characteristic 45kDa band (Laiho et al (1991) Mol. Cell Biol. 11, 972-978). Wild-type Mv1Lu cells responded to TGF- β and produced PAI-1, whereas the R mutant clone did not, even after stimulation by TGF- β 1. Transient transfection of the ALK-5 cDNA into the R mutant clone led to the production of PAI-1 in response to the stimulation by TGF- β 1, indicating that the ALK-5 cDNA encodes a functional TGF- β type I receptor. In contrast, the R mutant cells that were transfected with other ALKs did not produce PAI-1 upon the addition of TGF- β 1.

Using similar approaches as those described above for the identification of TGF- β -binding ALKs, the ability of ALKs to bind activin in the presence of ActRII was examined. COS-1 cells were co-transfected as described above. Recombinant human activin A was iodinated using the chloramine T method (Mathews and Vale (1991) Cell 65, 973-982). Transfected COS-1 cells were analysed for binding and crosslinking of 125 I-activin A in the presence or absence of excess unlabelled activin A. The crosslinked complexes were subjected to immunoprecipitation using DRL antisera or specific ALK antisera.

All ALKs appear to bind activin A in the presence of Act R-II. This is more clearly demonstrated by affinity cross-linking followed by immunoprecipitation. ALK-2 and ALK-4 bound 125 I-activin A and were coimmunoprecipitated

with ActR-II. Other ALKs also bound 125 I-activin A but with a lower efficiency compared to ALK-2 and ALK-4.

In order to investigate whether ALKs are physiological activin type I receptors, activin responsive cells were
5 examined for the expression of endogenous activin type I receptors. Mv1Lu cells, as well as the R mutant, express both type I and type II receptors for activin, and the R mutant cells produce PAI-1 upon the addition of activin A. Mv1Lu cells were labeled with 125 I-activin A, cross-linked
10 and immunoprecipitated by the antisera against ActR-II or ALKs as described above.

The type I and type II receptor complexes in Mv1Lu cells were immunoprecipitated only by the antisera against ALK-2, ALK-4 and ActR-II. Similar results were obtained
15 using the R mutant cells. PAE cells do not bind activin because of the lack of type II receptors for activin, and so cells were transfected with a chimeric receptor, to enable them to bind activin, as described herein. A plasmid (chim A) containing the extracellular domain and C-terminal tail of Act R-II (amino-acids -19 to 116 and 465
20 to 494, respectively (Mathews and Vale (1991) Cell, 65, 973-982)) and the kinase domain of TBR-II (amino-acids 160-543) (Lin et al (1992) Cell, 68, 775-785) was constructed and transfected into pcDNA/neo (Invitrogen). PAE cells
25 were stably transfected with the chim A plasmid by electroporation, and cells expressing the chim A protein were established as described previously. PAE/Chim A cells were then subjected to 125 I-activin A labelling crosslinking and immunoprecipitation as described above.

Similar to Mv1Lu cells, activin type I receptor complexes in PAE/Chim A cells were immunoprecipitated by the ALK-2 and ALK-4 antisera. These results show that both ALK-2 and ALK-4 serve as high affinity type I receptors for
30 activin A in these cells.

ALK-1, ALK-3 and ALK-6 bind TGF- β 1 and activin A in the presence of their respective type II receptors, but the

35

functional consequences of the binding of the ligands remains to be elucidated.

5 The invention has been described by way of example only, without restriction of its scope. The invention is defined by the subject matter herein, including the claims that follow the immediately following full Sequence Listings.

SEQUENCE LISTING

(1) GENERAL INFORMATION:

(i) APPLICANT:

- (A) NAME: Ludwig Institute for Cancer Research
- (B) STREET: St. Mary's Hospital Medical School, Norfolk Place
- (C) CITY: Paddington, London
- (E) COUNTRY: United Kingdom
- (F) POSTAL CODE (ZIP): W2 1PG

(ii) TITLE OF INVENTION: PROTEINS HAVING SERINE/THREONINE KINASE DOMAINS, CORRESPONDING NUCLEIC ACID MOLECULES, AND THEIR USE

(iii) NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 29

(iv) COMPUTER READABLE FORM:

- (A) MEDIUM TYPE: Floppy disk
- (B) COMPUTER: IBM PC compatible
- (C) OPERATING SYSTEM: PC-DOS/MS-DOS
- (D) SOFTWARE: PatentIn Release #1.0, Version #1.25 (EPO)

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 1:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 1984 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: unknown
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iii) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: CDS
- (B) LOCATION: 283..1791

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 1:

| | |
|---|-----|
| AGGAAACGGT TTATTAGGAG GGAGTGGTGG AGCTGGGCCA GGCAGGAAGA CGCTGGAATA | 60 |
| AGAAACATTT TTGCTCCAGC CCCCATCCCA GTCCCGGGAG GCTGCCGCCG CAGCTGCGCC | 120 |
| GAGCGAGCCC CTCGCCGGCT CCAGCCCGGT CCGGGGCCCG GCCCGACCCC AGCCCGCGGT | 180 |
| CCAGCGCTGG CGGTGCAACT GCGGCCGCGC GGTGGAGGGG AGGTGGCCCC GGTCCGCCGA | 240 |

| | | | | | | | | | |
|------------|------------|------------|------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| AGGCTAGCGC | CCCGCCACCC | GCAGAGCGGG | CCCAGAGGGA | CC | ATG | ACC | TTG | GGC | 294 |
| | | | | | Met | Thr | Leu | Gly | |
| | | | | | 1 | | | | |
| TCC | CCC | AGG | AAA | GGC | CTT | CTG | ATG | CTG | 342 |
| Ser | Pro | Arg | Lys | Gly | Leu | Leu | Met | Leu | |
| 5 | | | | | 10 | | | 15 | |
| GGA | GAC | CCT | GTG | AAG | CCG | TCT | CGG | GGC | 390 |
| Gly | Asp | Pro | Val | Lys | Pro | Ser | Arg | Gly | |
| | | | | 25 | | | | 30 | |
| GAG | AGC | CCA | CAT | TGC | AAG | GGG | CCT | ACC | 438 |
| Glu | Ser | Pro | His | Cys | Lys | Gly | Pro | Thr | |
| | | | 40 | | | | | 45 | |
| GTA | GTG | CTG | GTG | CGG | GAG | GAG | GGG | AGG | 486 |
| Val | Val | Leu | Val | Arg | Glu | Glu | His | His | |
| | | | 55 | | | 60 | | 65 | |
| TGC | GGG | AAC | TTG | CAC | AGG | GAG | CTC | TGC | 534 |
| Cys | Gly | Asn | Leu | His | Arg | Glu | Leu | Cys | |
| | 70 | | | | | 75 | | 80 | |
| GTC | AAC | CAC | TAC | TGC | TGC | GAC | AGC | CAC | 582 |
| Val | Asn | His | Tyr | Cys | Cys | Asp | Ser | His | |
| | 85 | | | | | 90 | | 95 | |
| CTG | GTG | CTG | GAG | GCC | ACC | CAA | CCT | CCT | 630 |
| Leu | Val | Leu | Glu | Ala | Thr | Gln | Pro | Pro | |
| | | | | 105 | | | | 110 | |
| GGC | CAG | CTG | GCC | CTG | ATC | CTG | GGC | CCC | 678 |
| Gly | Gln | Leu | Ala | Leu | Ile | Leu | Gly | Pro | |
| | | | 120 | | | | | 125 | |
| GTG | GCC | CTG | GGT | GTG | CTG | GGC | CTG | TGG | 726 |
| Val | Ala | Leu | Gly | Val | Leu | Gly | Leu | Trp | |
| | | | 135 | | | | 140 | | |
| AAG | CAG | CGT | GGC | CTG | CAC | AGC | GAG | CTG | 774 |
| Lys | Gln | Arg | Gly | Leu | His | Ser | Glu | Leu | |
| | 150 | | | | | 155 | | 160 | |
| AAA | GCA | TCT | GAG | CAG | GGC | GAC | ACG | ATG | 822 |
| Lys | Ala | Ser | Glu | Gln | Gly | Asp | Thr | Met | |
| | 165 | | | | | 170 | | 175 | |
| GAC | TGC | ACC | ACA | GGG | AGT | GGC | TCA | GGG | 870 |
| Asp | Cys | Thr | Thr | Gly | Ser | Gly | Ser | Gly | |
| | | | | 185 | | | | 190 | |
| ACA | GTG | GCA | CGG | CAG | CTT | GCC | TTG | GTG | 918 |
| Thr | Val | Ala | Arg | Gln | Val | Ala | Leu | Val | |
| | | | 200 | | | | 205 | | |
| TAT | GGC | GAA | GTG | TGG | CGG | GGC | TTG | TGG | 966 |
| Tyr | Gly | Glu | Val | Trp | Arg | Gly | Leu | Trp | |
| | | 215 | | | | | 220 | | |
| | | | | | | | | 225 | |

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------|
| AAG Lys 230 | ATC Ile 230 | TTC Phe 230 | TCC Ser 230 | TCG Ser 230 | AGG Arg 235 | GAT Asp 235 | GAA Glu 235 | CAG Gln 235 | TCC Ser 235 | TGG Trp 240 | TTT Phe 240 | CGG Arg 240 | GAG Glu 240 | ACT Thr 240 | GAG Glu 240 | 1014 |
| ATC Ile 245 | TAT Tyr 245 | AAC Asn 245 | ACA Thr 245 | GTA Val 250 | TTG Leu 250 | CTC Leu 250 | AGA Arg 255 | CAC His 255 | GAC Asp 255 | AAC Asn 255 | ATC Ile 255 | CTA Leu 260 | GGC Gly 260 | TTC Phe 260 | ATC Ile 260 | 1062 |
| GCC Ala 265 | TCA Ser 265 | GAC Asp 265 | ATG Met 265 | ACC Thr 265 | TCC Ser 265 | CGC Arg 270 | AAC Asn 270 | TCG Ser 270 | AGC Ser 270 | ACG Thr 270 | CAG Gln 270 | CTG Leu 275 | TGG Trp 275 | CTC Leu 275 | ATC Ile 275 | 1110 |
| ACG Thr 280 | CAC His 280 | TAC Tyr 280 | CAC His 280 | GAG Glu 280 | CAC His 285 | GGC Gly 285 | TCC Ser 285 | CTC Leu 285 | TAC Tyr 285 | GAC Asp 290 | TTT Phe 290 | CTG Leu 290 | CAG Gln 290 | AGA Arg 290 | CAG Gln 290 | 1158 |
| ACG Thr 295 | CTG Leu 295 | GAG Glu 295 | CCC Pro 295 | CAT His 300 | CTG Leu 300 | GCT Ala 300 | CTG Val 300 | AGG Arg 300 | CTA Leu 305 | GCT Ala 305 | GTG Val 305 | TCC Ser 305 | GCG Ala 305 | GCA Ala 305 | TGC Cys 305 | 1206 |
| GGC Gly 310 | CTG Leu 310 | GCG His 315 | CAC His 315 | CTG Leu 315 | CAC His 315 | GTG Val 315 | GAG Glu 315 | ATC Ile 315 | TTC Phe 320 | GGT Gly 320 | ACA Thr 320 | CAG Gln 320 | GGC Gly 320 | AAA Lys 320 | CCA Pro 320 | 1254 |
| GCC Ala 325 | ATT Ile 325 | GCC Ala 325 | CAC His 330 | CGC Arg 330 | GAC Asp 330 | TTC Phe 330 | AAG Lys 335 | AGC Ser 335 | CGC Arg 335 | AAT Asn 335 | GTG Val 335 | CTG Leu 335 | GTC Val 340 | AAG Lys 340 | AGC Ser 340 | 1302 |
| AAC Asn 345 | CTG Leu 345 | CAG Gln 345 | TGT Cys 345 | TGC Cys 345 | ATC Ile 345 | GCC Ala 350 | GAC Asp 350 | CTG Leu 350 | GGC Gly 350 | CTG Leu 350 | GCT Ala 355 | GTG Val 355 | ATG Met 355 | CAC His 355 | TCA Ser 355 | 1350 |
| CAG Gln 360 | GGC Gly 360 | AGC Ser 360 | GAT Asp 360 | TAC Tyr 360 | CTG Leu 365 | GAC Asp 365 | ATC Ile 365 | GGC Gly 365 | AAC Asn 365 | AAC Asn 370 | CCG Pro 370 | AGA Arg 370 | GTG Val 370 | GGC Gly 370 | ACC Thr 370 | 1398 |
| AAG Lys 375 | CGG Arg 375 | TAC Tyr 375 | ATG Met 380 | GCA Ala 380 | CCC Pro 380 | GAG Glu 380 | GTG Val 380 | CTG Leu 385 | GAC Asp 385 | GAG Glu 385 | CAG Gln 385 | ATC Ile 385 | CGC Arg 385 | ACG Thr 385 | GAC Asp 385 | 1446 |
| TGC Cys 390 | TTT Phe 390 | GAG Glu 390 | TCC Ser 395 | TAC Tyr 395 | AAG Lys 395 | TGG Trp 395 | ACT Thr 395 | GAC Asp 400 | ATC Ile 400 | TGG Trp 400 | GCC Ala 400 | TTT Phe 400 | GGC Gly 400 | CTG Leu 400 | GTG Val 400 | 1494 |
| CTG Leu 405 | TGG Trp 405 | GAG Glu 410 | ATT Ile 410 | GCC Ala 410 | CGC Arg 410 | CGG Arg 415 | ACC Thr 415 | ATC Ile 415 | GTG Val 415 | AAT Asn 415 | GGC Gly 415 | ATC Ile 420 | GTG Val 420 | GAG Glu 420 | GAC Asp 420 | 1542 |
| TAT Tyr 425 | AGA Arg 425 | CCA Pro 425 | CCC Pro 425 | TTC Phe 425 | TAT Tyr 430 | GAT Asp 430 | GTG Val 430 | GTG Val 430 | CCC Pro 430 | AAT Asn 430 | GAC Asp 430 | CCC Pro 430 | AGC Ser 435 | TTT Phe 435 | GAG Glu 435 | 1590 |
| GAC Asp 440 | ATG Met 440 | AAG Lys 440 | AAG Lys 440 | GTG Val 440 | GTG Val 445 | TGT Cys 445 | GTG Val 445 | GAT Asp 445 | CAG Gln 445 | CAG Gln 450 | ACC Thr 450 | CCC Pro 450 | ACC Pro 450 | ATC Ile 450 | CCT Pro 450 | 1638 |
| AAC Asn 455 | CGG Arg 455 | CTG Leu 455 | GCT Ala 455 | GCA Ala 455 | GAC Asp 460 | CCG Pro 460 | GTG Val 460 | CTC Leu 460 | TCA Ser 460 | GGC Gly 465 | CTA Leu 465 | GCT Ala 465 | CAG Gln 465 | ATG Met 465 | ATG Met 465 | 1686 |

38

| | |
|---|------|
| CGG GAG TGC TGG TAC CCA AAC CCC TCT GCC CGA CTC ACC GCG CTG CGG | 1734 |
| Arg Glu Cys Trp Tyr Pro Asn Pro Ser Ala Arg Leu Thr Ala Leu Arg | |
| 470 475 480 | |
| ATC AAG AAG ACA CTA CAA AAA ATT AGC AAC AGT CCA GAG AAG CCT AAA | 1782 |
| Ile Lys Lys Thr Leu Gln Lys Ile Ser Asn Ser Pro Glu Lys Pro Lys | |
| 485 490 495 500 | |
| GTG ATT CAA TAGCCCAGGA GCACCTGATT CCTTTCTGCC TGCAGGGGGC | 1831 |
| Val Ile Gln | |
| TGGGGGGGTG GGGGGCAGTG GATGGTGGCC TATCTGGGTA GAGGTAGTGT GAGTGTGGTG | 1891 |
| TGTGCTGGGG ATGGGCAGCT GCGCCTGCCT GCTCGGCCCC CAGCCCACCC AGCCAAAAAT | 1951 |
| ACAGCTGGGC TGAAACCTGA AAAAAAAAAA AAA | 1984 |

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 2:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 503 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 2:

| | |
|---|--|
| Met Thr Leu Gly Ser Pro Arg Lys Gly Leu Leu Met Leu Leu Met Ala | |
| 1 5 10 15 | |
| Leu Val Thr Gln Gly Asp Pro Val Lys Pro Ser Arg Gly Pro Leu Val | |
| 20 25 30 | |
| Thr Cys Thr Cys Glu Ser Pro His Cys Lys Gly Pro Thr Cys Arg Gly | |
| 35 40 45 | |
| Ala Trp Cys Thr Val Val Leu Val Arg Glu Glu Gly Arg His Pro Gln | |
| 50 55 60 | |
| Glu His Arg Gly Cys Gly Asn Leu His Arg Glu Leu Cys Arg Gly Arg | |
| 65 70 75 80 | |
| Pro Thr Glu Phe Val Asn His Tyr Cys Cys Asp Ser His Leu Cys Asn | |
| 85 90 95 | |
| His Asn Val Ser Leu Val Leu Glu Ala Thr Gln Pro Pro Ser Glu Gln | |
| 100 105 110 | |
| Pro Gly Thr Asp Gly Gln Leu Ala Leu Ile Leu Gly Pro Val Leu Ala | |
| 115 120 125 | |
| Leu Leu Ala Leu Val Ala Leu Gly Val Leu Gly Leu Trp His Val Arg | |
| 130 135 140 | |
| Arg Arg Gln Glu Lys Gln Arg Gly Leu His Ser Glu Leu Gly Glu Ser | |
| 145 150 155 160 | |

Ser Leu Ile Leu Lys Ala Ser Glu Gln Gly Asp Thr Met Leu Gly Asp
 165 170 175
 Leu Leu Asp Ser Asp Cys Thr Thr Gly Ser Gly Ser Gly Leu Pro Phe
 180 185 190
 Leu Val Gln Arg Thr Val Ala Arg Gln Val Ala Leu Val Glu Cys Val
 195 200 205
 Gly Lys Gly Arg Tyr Gly Glu Val Trp Arg Gly Leu Trp His Gly Glu
 210 215 220
 Ser Val Ala Val Lys Ile Phe Ser Ser Arg Asp Glu Gln Ser Trp Phe
 225 230 235 240
 Arg Glu Thr Glu Ile Tyr Asn Thr Val Leu Leu Arg His Asp Asn Ile
 245 250 255
 Leu Gly Phe Ile Ala Ser Asp Met Thr Ser Arg Asn Ser Ser Thr Gln
 260 265 270
 Leu Trp Leu Ile Thr His Tyr His Glu His Gly Ser Leu Tyr Asp Phe
 275 280 285
 Leu Gln Arg Gln Thr Leu Glu Pro His Leu Ala Leu Arg Leu Ala Val
 290 295 300
 Ser Ala Ala Cys Gly Leu Ala His Leu His Val Glu Ile Phe Gly Thr
 305 310 315 320
 Gln Gly Lys Pro Ala Ile Ala His Arg Asp Phe Lys Ser Arg Asn Val
 325 330 335
 Leu Val Lys Ser Asn Leu Gln Cys Cys Ile Ala Asp Leu Gly Leu Ala
 340 345 350
 Val Met His Ser Gln Gly Ser Asp Tyr Leu Asp Ile Gly Asn Asn Pro
 355 360 365
 Arg Val Gly Thr Lys Arg Tyr Met Ala Pro Glu Val Leu Asp Glu Gln
 370 375 380
 Ile Arg Thr Asp Cys Phe Glu Ser Tyr Lys Trp Thr Asp Ile Trp Ala
 385 390 395 400
 Phe Gly Leu Val Leu Trp Glu Ile Ala Arg Arg Thr Ile Val Asn Gly
 405 410 415
 Ile Val Glu Asp Tyr Arg Pro Pro Phe Tyr Asp Val Val Pro Asn Asp
 420 425 430
 Pro Ser Phe Glu Asp Met Lys Lys Val Val Cys Val Asp Gln Gln Thr
 435 440 445
 Pro Thr Ile Pro Asn Arg Leu Ala Ala Asp Pro Val Leu Ser Gly Leu
 450 455 460
 Ala Gln Met Met Arg Glu Cys Trp Tyr Pro Asn Pro Ser Ala Arg Leu
 465 470 475 480

40

Thr Ala Leu Arg Ile Lys Lys Thr Leu Gln Lys Ile Ser Asn Ser Pro
 485 490 495

Glu Lys Pro Lys Val Ile Gln
 500

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 3:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 2724 base pairs
 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: unknown
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iii) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: CDS
 (B) LOCATION: 104..1630

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 3:

| | |
|---|-----|
| CTCCGAGTAC CCCAGTGACC AGAGTGAGAG AAGCTCTGAA CGAGGGCAGC CGGCTTGAAG | 60 |
| GACTGTGGGC AGATGTGACC AAGAGCCTGC ATTAAGTTGT ACA ATG GTA GAT GGA | 115 |
| Met Val Asp Gly | |
| 1 | |
| GTG ATG ATT CTT CCT GTG CTT ATC ATG ATT GCT CTC CCC TCC CCT AGT | 163 |
| Val Met Ile Leu Pro Val Leu Ile Met Ile Ala Leu Pro Ser Pro Ser | |
| 5 10 15 20 | |
| ATG GAA GAT GAG AAG CCC AAG GTC AAC CCC AAA CTC TAC ATG TGT GTG | 211 |
| Met Glu Asp Glu Lys Pro Lys Val Asn Pro Lys Leu Tyr Met Cys Val | |
| 25 30 35 | |
| TGT GAA GGT CTC TCC TGC GGT AAT GAG GAC CAC TGT GAA GGC CAG CAG | 259 |
| Cys Glu Gly Leu Ser Cys Gly Asn Glu Asp His Cys Glu Gly Gln Gln | |
| 40 45 50 | |
| TGC TTT TCC TCA CTG AGC ATC AAC GAT GGC TTC CAC GTC TAC CAG AAA | 307 |
| Cys Phe Ser Ser Leu Ser Ile Asn Asp Gly Phe His Val Tyr Gln Lys | |
| 55 60 65 | |
| GGC TGC TTC CAG GTT TAT GAG CAG GGA AAG ATG ACC TGT AAG ACC CCG | 355 |
| Gly Cys Phe Gln Val Tyr Glu Gln Gly Lys Met Thr Cys Lys Thr Pro | |
| 70 75 80 | |

SUBSTITUTE SHEET

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------|
| CCG Pro 85 | TCC Ser | CCT Pro | GGC Gly | CAA Gln | GCT Ala | GTG Val | GAG Glu | TGC Cys | TGC Cys | CAA Gln | GGG Gly | GAC Asp | TGG Trp | TGT Cys | AAC Asn | 403 |
| AGG Arg | AAC Asn | ATC Ile | ACG Thr | GCC Ala | CAG Gln | CTG Leu | CCC Pro | ACT Thr | AAA Lys | GGA Gly | AAA Lys | TCC Ser | TTC Phe | CCT Pro | GGA Gly | 451 |
| ACA Thr | CAG Gln | AAT Asn | TTC Phe | CAC His | TTG Leu | GAG Glu | GTT Val | GGC Gly | CTC Leu | ATT Ile | ATT Ile | CTC Leu | TCT Ala | GTA Val | GTG Val | 499 |
| TTC Phe | GCA Ala | GTA Val | TGT Cys | CTT Leu | TTA Leu | GCC Ala | TGC Cys | CTG Leu | CTG Leu | GGA Gly | GTT Val | GCT Val | CTC Leu | CGA Arg | AAA Lys | 547 |
| TTT Phe | AAA Lys | AGG Arg | CGC Arg | AAC Asn | CAA Gln | GAA Glu | CGC Arg | CTC Leu | AAT Asn | CCC Pro | CGA Arg | GAC Asp | GTG Val | GAG Glu | TAT Tyr | 595 |
| GGC Gly | ACT Thr | ATC Ile | GAA Glu | GGG Gly | CTC Leu | ATC Ile | ACC Thr | ACC Thr | AAT Asn | GTT Val | GGA Gly | GAC Asp | AGC Ser | ACT Thr | TTA Leu | 643 |
| GCA Ala | GAT Asp | TTA Leu | TTG Leu | GAT Asp | CAT His | TCG Ser | TGT Cys | ACA Thr | TCA Ser | GGA Gly | AGT Ser | GGC Gly | TCT Ser | GGT Gly | CTT Leu | 691 |
| CCT Pro | TTT Phe | CTG Leu | GTA Val | CAA Gln | AGA Arg | ACA Thr | GTG Val | GCT Ala | CGC Arg | CAG Gln | ATT Ile | ACA Thr | CTG Leu | TTG Leu | GAG Glu | 739 |
| TGT Cys | GTC Val | GGG Lys | AAA Lys | GGC Gly | AGG Arg | TAT Tyr | GGT Gly | GAG Glu | GTG Val | TGG Trp | AGG Arg | GGC Gly | AGC Ser | TGG Trp | CAA Gln | 787 |
| GGG Gly | GAA Glu | AAT Asn | GTT Val | GCC Ala | GTG Val | AAG Lys | ATC Ile | TTC Phe | TCC Ser | TCC Ser | CGT Arg | GAT Asp | GAG Glu | AAG Lys | TCA Ser | 835 |
| TGG Trp | TTC Phe | AGG Arg | GAA Glu | ACG Thr | GAA Glu | TTG Leu | TAC Tyr | AAC Asn | ACT Thr | GTG Val | ATG Met | CTG Leu | AGG Arg | CAT His | GAA Glu | 883 |
| AAT Asn | ATC Ile | TTA Leu | GGT Gly | TTC Phe | ATT Ile | GCT Ala | TCA Ser | GAC Met | ATG Met | ACA Thr | TCA Ser | AGA Arg | CAC His | TCC Ser | AGT Ser | 931 |
| ACC Thr | CAG Gln | CTG Leu | TGG Trp | TTA Leu | ATT Ile | ACA Thr | CAT His | TAT Tyr | CAT His | GAA Glu | ATG Met | GGA Gly | TCG Leu | TTG Leu | TAC Tyr | 979 |
| GAC Asp | TAT Tyr | CTT Gln | CAG Gln | CTT Leu | ACT Thr | ACT Thr | CTG Leu | GAT Asp | ACA Thr | GTT Val | AGC Ser | TGC Cys | CTT Leu | CGA Arg | ATA Ile | 1027 |
| GTG Val | CTG Leu | TCC Ser | ATA Ile | GCT Ala | AGT Ser | GGT Gly | CTT Leu | GCA Ala | CAT His | TTG Leu | CAC His | ATA Ile | GAG Glu | ATA Ile | TTT Phe | 1075 |

| | |
|---|------|
| GGG ACC CAA GGG AAA CCA GCC ATT GCC CAT CGA GAT TTA AAG AGC AAA Gly Thr Gln Gly Lys Pro Ala Ile Ala His Arg Asp Leu Lys Ser Lys 325 330 335 340 | 1123 |
| AAT ATT CTG GTT AAG AAG AAT GGA CAG TGT TGC ATA GCA GAT TTG GGC Asn Ile Leu Val Lys Lys Asn Gly Gln Cys Cys Ile Ala Asp Leu Gly 345 350 355 | 1171 |
| CTG GCA GTC ATG CAT TCC CAG AGC ACC AAT CAG CTT GAT GTG GGG AAC Leu Ala Val Met His Ser Gln Ser Thr Asn Gln Leu Asp Val Gly Asn 360 365 370 | 1219 |
| AAT CCC CGT GTG GGC ACC AAG CGC TAC ATG GCC CCC GAA GTT CTA GAT Asn Pro Arg Val Gly Thr Lys Arg Tyr Met Ala Pro Glu Val Leu Asp 375 380 385 | 1267 |
| GAA ACC ATC CAG GTG GAT TGT TTC GAT TCT TAT AAA AGG GTC GAT ATT Glu Thr Ile Gln Val Asp Cys Phe Asp Ser Tyr Lys Arg Val Asp Ile 390 395 400 | 1315 |
| TGG GCC TTT GGA CTT GTT TTG TGG GAA GTG GCC AGG CGG ATG GTG AGC Trp Ala Phe Gly Leu Val Leu Trp Glu Val Ala Arg Arg Met Val Ser 405 410 415 420 | 1363 |
| AAT GGT ATA GTG GAG GAT TAC AAG CCA CCG TTC TAC GAT GTG GTT CCC Asn Gly Ile Val Glu Asp Tyr Lys Pro Pro Phe Tyr Asp Val Val Pro 425 430 435 | 1411 |
| AAT GAC CCA AGT TTT GAA GAT ATG AGG AAG GTA GTC TGT GTG GAT CAA Asn Asp Pro Ser Phe Glu Asp Met Arg Lys Val Val Cys Val Asp Gln 440 445 450 | 1459 |
| CAA AGG CCA AAC ATA CCC AAC AGA TGG TTC TCA GAC CCG ACA TTA ACC Gln Arg Pro Asn Ile Pro Asn Arg Trp Phe Ser Asp Pro Thr Leu Thr 455 460 465 | 1507 |
| TCT CTG GCC AAG CTA ATG AAA GAA TGC TGG TAT CAA AAT CCA TCC GCA Ser Leu Ala Lys Leu Met Lys Glu Cys Trp Tyr Gln Asn Pro Ser Ala 470 475 480 | 1555 |
| AGA CTC ACA GCA CTG CGT ATC AAA AAG ACT TTG ACC AAA ATT GAT AAT Arg Leu Thr Ala Leu Arg Ile Lys Lys Thr Leu Thr Lys Ile Asp Asn 485 490 495 500 | 1603 |
| TCC CTC GAC AAA TTG AAA ACT GAC TGT TGACATTTTC ATAGTGTCAA Ser Leu Asp Lys Leu Lys Thr Asp Cys | 1650 |
| GAAGGAAGAT TTGACGTTGT TGTCTATTGTC CAGCTGGGAC CTAATGCTGG CCTGACTGGT | 1710 |
| TGTCAGAATG GAATCCATCT GTCTCCCTCC CCAATGGCT GCTTTGACAA GGCAGAGCTC | 1770 |
| GTACCCAGCC ATGTGTTGGG GAGACATCAA AACCACCCTA ACCTCGCTCG ATGACTGTGA | 1830 |
| ACTGGGCATT TCACGAAC TGACACTGC AGAGACTAAT GTTGACAGA CACTGTTGCA | 1890 |
| AAGTAGGGA CTGAGGAAC ACAGAGAAAT CCTAAAGAG ATCTGGCCAT TAAGTCAGTG | 1950 |
| GCTTTGCATA GCTTTCACAA GTCTCCTAGA CACTCCCCAC GGGAACTCA AGGAGGTGGT | 2010 |

| | |
|---|------|
| GAATTTTAA TCAGCAATAT TGCCTGTGCT TCTCTTCTT ATTGCAGTAG GAATTCCTTG | 2070 |
| CATTCCTTAC TTGCACTGTT ACTCTTAATT TTAAGACCCC AACTTGGCAA AATGTTGGCT | 2130 |
| GCGTACTCCA CTGGTCTGTC TTTGGATAAT AGGAATTCAA TTTGGCAAAA CAAATGTAA | 2190 |
| TGTCAGACTT TGCTGCATTT TACACATGTG CTGATGTTA CAATGATGCC GAACATTAGG | 2250 |
| AATTGTTTAT ACACAACCTT GCAAATTATT TATTACTTGT GCACCTAGTA GTTTTACAA | 2310 |
| AACCTGCTTG TGCATATGTT AAAGCTTATT TTTATGTGGT CTTATGATT TATTACAGAA | 2370 |
| ATGTTTTTAA CACTATACTC TAAATGGAC ATTTCTTTT ATTATCAGTT AAAATCACAT | 2430 |
| TTTAAGTGCT TCACATTTGT ATGTGTGTAG ACTGTAACTT TTTTCAGTT CATATGCAGA | 2490 |
| ACGTATTTAG CCAATTACCCA CGTGACACCA CCGAATATAT TATCGATTA GAAGCAAAGA | 2550 |
| TTTCAGTAGA ATTTTAGTCC TGAACGCTAC GGGGAAAAATG CATTTCTTC AGAATTATCC | 2610 |
| ATTACGTGCA TTTAACTCT GCCAGAAAAA AATAACTATT TTGTTTTAAT CTACTTTTTG | 2670 |
| TATTTAGTAG TTATTTGTAT AAATTAAATA AACTGTTTC AAGTCAAAA AAAA | 2724 |

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 4:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 (A) LENGTH: 509 amino acids
 (B) TYPE: amino acid
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 4:

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Met | Val | Asp | Gly | Val | Met | Ile | Leu | Pro | Val | Leu | Ile | Met | Ile | Ala | Leu |
| 1 | | | | 5 | | | | | 10 | | | | | 15 | |
| Pro | Ser | Pro | Ser | Met | Glu | Asp | Glu | Lys | Pro | Lys | Val | Asn | Pro | Lys | Leu |
| | | | | 20 | | | | 25 | | | | | 30 | | |
| Tyr | Met | Cys | Val | Cys | Glu | Gly | Leu | Ser | Cys | Gly | Asn | Glu | Asp | His | Cys |
| | | 35 | | | | | 40 | | | | | 45 | | | |
| Glu | Gly | Gln | Gln | Cys | Phe | Ser | Leu | Ser | Ile | Asn | Asp | Gly | Phe | His | |
| | 50 | | | | 55 | | | | | 60 | | | | | |
| Val | Tyr | Gln | Lys | Gly | Cys | Phe | Gln | Val | Tyr | Glu | Gln | Gly | Lys | Met | Thr |
| | 65 | | | | 70 | | | | 75 | | | | | 80 | |
| Cys | Lys | Thr | Pro | Pro | Ser | Pro | Gly | Gln | Ala | Val | Glu | Cys | Cys | Gln | Gly |
| | | | 85 | | | | 90 | | | | | | 95 | | |
| Asp | Trp | Cys | Asn | Arg | Asn | Ile | Thr | Ala | Gln | Leu | Pro | Thr | Lys | Gly | Lys |
| | | | 100 | | | | 105 | | | | | 110 | | | |
| Ser | Phe | Pro | Gly | Thr | Gln | Asn | Phe | His | Leu | Glu | Val | Gly | Leu | Ile | Ile |
| | | 115 | | | | 120 | | | | | | 125 | | | |

Leu Ser Val Val Phe Ala Val Cys Leu Leu Ala Cys Leu Leu Gly Val
 130 135 140
 Ala Leu Arg Lys Phe Lys Arg Arg Asn Gln Glu Arg Leu Asn Pro Arg
 145 150 155 160
 Asp Val Glu Tyr Gly Thr Ile Glu Gly Leu Ile Thr Thr Asn Val Gly
 165 170 175
 Asp Ser Thr Leu Ala Asp Leu Leu Asp His Ser Cys Thr Ser Gly Ser
 180 185 190
 Gly Ser Gly Leu Pro Phe Leu Val Gln Arg Thr Val Ala Arg Gln Ile
 195 200 205
 Thr Leu Leu Glu Cys Val Gly Lys Gly Arg Tyr Gly Glu Val Trp Arg
 210 215 220
 Gly Ser Trp Gln Gly Glu Asn Val Ala Val Lys Ile Phe Ser Ser Arg
 225 230 235 240
 Asp Glu Lys Ser Trp Phe Arg Glu Thr Glu Leu Tyr Asn Thr Val Met
 245 250 255
 Leu Arg His Glu Asn Ile Leu Gly Phe Ile Ala Ser Asp Met Thr Ser
 260 265 270
 Arg His Ser Ser Thr Gln Leu Trp Leu Ile Thr His Tyr His Glu Met
 275 280 285
 Gly Ser Leu Tyr Asp Tyr Leu Gln Leu Thr Thr Leu Asp Thr Val Ser
 290 295 300
 Cys Leu Arg Ile Val Leu Ser Ile Ala Ser Gly Leu Ala His Leu His
 305 310 315 320
 Ile Glu Ile Phe Gly Thr Gln Gly Lys Pro Ala Ile Ala His Arg Asp
 325 330 335
 Leu Lys Ser Lys Asn Ile Leu Val Lys Lys Asn Gly Gln Cys Cys Ile
 340 345 350
 Ala Asp Leu Gly Leu Ala Val Met His Ser Gln Ser Thr Asn Gln Leu
 355 360 365
 Asp Val Gly Asn Asn Pro Arg Val Gly Thr Lys Arg Tyr Met Ala Pro
 370 375 380
 Glu Val Leu Asp Glu Thr Ile Gln Val Asp Cys Phe Asp Ser Tyr Lys
 385 390 395 400
 Arg Val Asp Ile Trp Ala Phe Gly Leu Val Leu Trp Glu Val Ala Arg
 405 410 415
 Arg Met Val Ser Asn Gly Ile Val Glu Asp Tyr Lys Pro Pro Phe Tyr
 420 425 430
 Asp Val Val Pro Asn Asp Pro Ser Phe Glu Asp Met Arg Lys Val Val
 435 440 445

Cys Val Asp Gln Gln Arg Pro Asn Ile Pro Asn Arg Trp Phe Ser Asp
 450 455 460

Pro Thr Leu Thr Ser Leu Ala Lys Leu Met Lys Glu Cys Trp Tyr Gln
 465 470 475 480

Asn Pro Ser Ala Arg Leu Thr Ala Leu Arg Ile Lys Lys Thr Leu Thr
 485 490 495

Lys Ile Asp Asn Ser Leu Asp Lys Leu Lys Thr Asp Cys
 500 505

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 5:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 (A) LENGTH: 2932 base pairs
 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: unknown
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iii) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:
 (A) ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

(ix) FEATURE:
 (A) NAME/KEY: CDS
 (B) LOCATION: 310..1905

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 5:

| | |
|---|-----|
| GCTCCGCGCC GAGGGCTGGA GGATGCGTTC CCTGGGGTCC GGACTTATGA AAATATGCAT | 60 |
| CAGTTTAATA CTCCTCTGGA ATTCATGAGA TCGAAGCATA GGTCAAAGCT GTTTGGAGAA | 120 |
| AATCAGAAGT ACAGTTTTAT CTAGCCACAT CTGGAGGAG TCGTAAGAAA GCAGTGGGAG | 180 |
| TTGAAGTCAT TGTCAGTGC TTGCGATCTT TTACAAGAAA ATCTCACTGA ATGATAGTCA | 240 |
| TTTAAATTGC TGAAGTAGCA AGACCAATTA TTAAGGTGA CAGTACACAG GAAACATTAC | 300 |
| AATTGAACA ATG ACT CAG CTA TAC ATT TAC ATC AGA TTA TTG GGA GCC | 348 |
| Met Thr Gln Leu Tyr Ile Tyr Ile Arg Leu Leu Gly Ala | |
| 1 5 10 | |
| TAT TTG TTC ATC ATT TCT CGT GTT CAA GGA CAG AAT CTG GAT AGT ATG | 396 |
| Tyr Leu Phe Ile Ile Ser Arg Val Gln Gly Gln Asn Leu Asp Ser Met | |
| 15 20 25 | |

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------|
| CTT Leu 30 | CAT His | GGC Gly | ACT Thr | GGG Gly | ATG Met 35 | AAA Lys | TCA Ser | GAC Asp | TCC Ser | GAC Asp 40 | CAG Gln | AAA Lys | AAG Lys | TCA Ser | GAA Glu 45 | 444 |
| AAT Asn | GGA Gly | GTA Val | ACC Thr | TTA Leu 50 | GCA Ala | CCA Pro | GAG Glu | GAT Asp | ACC Thr 55 | TTG Leu | CCT Pro | TTT Phe | TTA Leu | AAG Lys 60 | TGC Cys | 492 |
| TAT Tyr | TGC Cys | TCA Ser | GGG Gly 65 | CAC His | TGT Cys | CCA Pro | GAT Asp | GAT Asp 70 | GCT Ala | ATT Ile | AAT Asn | AAC Asn | ACA Thr 75 | TGC Cys | ATA Ile | 540 |
| ACT Thr | AAT Asn | GGA Gly 80 | CAT His | TGC Cys | TTT Phe | GCC Ala 85 | ATC Ile | ATA Ile | GAA Glu | GAA Glu | GAT Asp | GAC Asp 90 | CAG Gln | GGA Gly | GAA Glu | 588 |
| ACC Thr | ACA Thr 95 | TTA Leu | GCT Ala | TCA Ser | GGG Gly 100 | TGT Cys | ATG Met | AAA Lys | TAT Tyr | GAA Glu 105 | GGA Gly 105 | TCT Ser | GAT Asp | TTT Phe | CAG Gln | 636 |
| TGC Cys 110 | AAA Lys | GAT Asp | TCT Ser | CCA Pro | AAA Lys 115 | GCC Ala | CAG Gln | CTA Leu | CGC Arg | CGG Arg 120 | ACA Thr | ATA Ile | GAA Glu | TGT Cys 125 | TGT Cys 125 | 684 |
| CGG Arg | ACC Thr | AAT Asn | TTA Leu 130 | TGT Cys | AAC Asn | CAG Gln | TAT Tyr | TTG Leu | CAA Gln 135 | CCC Pro | ACA Thr | CTG Leu | CCC Pro | CCT Pro 140 | GTT Val | 732 |
| GTC Val | ATA Ile | GGT Gly | CCG Pro 145 | TTT Phe | TTT Phe | GAT Asp | GGC Gly 150 | AGC Ser | ATT Ile | CGA Arg | TGG Trp | CTG Leu 155 | GTT Val | TTG Leu | CTC Leu | 780 |
| ATT Ile | TCT Ser | ATG Met 160 | GCT Ala | GTC Val | TGC Cys | ATA Ile 165 | ATT Ile | GCT Ala | ATG Met | ATC Ile | ATC Ile | TTC Phe 170 | TCC Ser | AGC Ser | TGC Cys | 828 |
| TTT Phe 175 | TGT Cys | TAC Tyr | AAA Lys | CAT His | TAT Tyr | TGC Cys 180 | AAG Lys | AGC Ser | ATC Ile | TCA Ser | AGC Ser 185 | AGA Arg | CGT Arg | CGT Arg | TAC Tyr | 876 |
| AAT Asn 190 | CGT Arg | GAT Asp | TTG Leu | GAA Glu | CAG Gln 195 | GAT Asp | GAA Glu | GCA Ala | TTT Phe 200 | ATT Ile | CCA Pro | GTT Val | GGA Gly | GAA Glu 205 | TCA Ser 205 | 924 |
| CTA Leu | AAA Lys | GAC Asp | CTT Leu | ATT Ile 210 | GAC Asp | CAG Gln | TCA Ser | CAA Gln | AGT Ser 215 | TCT Ser | GGT Gly | AGT Ser | GGG Gly | TCT Ser 220 | GGA Gly | 972 |
| CTA Leu | CCT Pro | TTA Leu 225 | TTG Leu | GTT Val | CAG Gln | CGA Arg | ACT Thr | ATT Ile 230 | GCC Ala | AAA Lys | CAG Gln | ATT Ile | CAG Gln | ATG Met 235 | GTC Val | 1020 |
| CGG Arg | CAA Gln | GTT Val 240 | CGT Gly | AAA Lys | GGC Gly | CGA Arg | TAT Tyr 245 | GGA Gly | GAA Glu | GTA Val | TGG Trp | ATG Met 250 | GGC Gly | AAA Lys | TGG Trp | 1068 |
| CGT Arg | GGC Gly 255 | GAA Glu | AAA Lys | GTG Val | GGC Ala | GTG Val 260 | AAA Lys | GTA Val | TTC Phe | TTT Phe | ACC Thr 265 | GAT Thr | GAA Glu | GAA Glu | GCC Ala | 1116 |

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------|------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------|
| AGC Ser 270 | TGG Trp | TTT Phe | CGA Arg | GAA Glu | ACA Thr 275 | GAA Glu | ATC Ile | TAC Tyr | CAA Gln | ACT Thr 280 | GTG Val | CTA Leu | ATG Met | CGC Arg 285 | CAT His | 1164 |
| GAA Glu | AAC Asn | ATA Ile | CTT Leu | GGT Gly 290 | TTC Phe | ATA Ile | GCG Ala | GCA Ala | GAC Asp 295 | ATT Ile | AAA Lys | GGT Gly | ACA Thr | GGT Gly 300 | TCC Ser | 1212 |
| TGG Trp | ACT Thr | CAG Gln | CTC Leu | TAT Tyr 305 | TTG Leu | ATT Ile | ACT Thr | GAT Asp 310 | TAC Tyr | CAT His | GAA Glu | AAT Asn | GGA Ala | TCT Ser 315 | CTC Leu | 1260 |
| TAT Tyr | GAC Asp | TTC Phe 320 | CTG Leu | AAA Lys | TGT Cys | GCT Ala | ACA Thr 325 | CTG Leu | GAC Asp | ACC Thr | AGA Arg | GCC Ala 330 | CTG Leu | CTT Leu | AAA Lys | 1308 |
| TTG Leu 335 | GCT Ala | TAT Tyr | TCA Ser | GCT Ala | GCC Ala | TGT Cys 340 | GGT Gly | CTG Leu | TGC Cys | CAC His 345 | CTG Leu | CAC His | ACA Thr | GAA Glu | ATT Ile | 1356 |
| TAT Tyr 350 | GGC Gly | ACC Thr | CAA Gln | GGA Gly | AAG Lys 355 | CCC Pro | GCA Ala | ATT Ile | GCT Ala | CAT His 360 | CGA Arg | GAC Asp | CTA Leu | AAG Lys | AGC Ser 365 | 1404 |
| AAA Lys | AAC Asn | ATC Ile | CTC Leu | ATC Ile 370 | AAG Lys | AAA Lys | AAT Asn | GGG Gly 375 | AGT Ser | TGC Cys | TGC Cys | ATT Ile | GCT Ala | GAC Asp 380 | CTG Leu | 1452 |
| GGC Gly | CTT Leu | GCT Ala | GTT Val | AAA Lys 385 | TTC Phe | AAC Asn | AGT Ser | GAC Asp 390 | ACA Thr | AAT Asn | GAA Glu | GTT Val | GAT Asp 395 | GTG Val | CCC Pro | 1500 |
| TTG Leu | AAT Asn | ACC Thr 400 | AGG Arg | GTG Val | GGC Gly | ACC Thr | AAA Lys 405 | CGC Arg | TAC Tyr | ATG Met | GCT Ala | CCC Pro | GAA Glu | GTG Val | CTG Leu | 1548 |
| GAC Asp 415 | GAA Glu | AGC Ser | CTG Leu | AAC Asn | AAA Lys | AAC Asn | CAC His 420 | TTC Phe | CAG Gln | CCC Pro | TAC Tyr 425 | ATC Ile | ATG Met | GCT Arg | GAC Asp | 1596 |
| ATC Ile 430 | TAC Tyr | AGC Ser | TTC Phe | GGC Gly | CTA Leu 435 | ATC Ile | ATT Ile | TGG Trp | GAG Glu | ATG Met 440 | GCT Ala | CGT Arg | CGT Arg | TGT Cys | ATC Ile 445 | 1644 |
| ACA Thr | GGA Gly | CGG Ile | ATC Val 450 | GTG Val | GAA Glu | GAA Glu | TAC Tyr | CAA Gln 455 | CCA Leu | TAT Pro | TAC Tyr | AAC Asn | ATC Met | GTA Val 460 | | 1692 |
| CCG Pro | AGT Ser | GAT Asp 465 | CCG Ser | TCA Tyr | TAC Tyr | GAA Glu | GAT Asp | ATG Met 470 | CGT Arg | GAG Glu | GTT Val | GTG Val | TGT Cys 475 | GTC Lys | AAA Lys | 1740 |
| CGT Arg | TTG Leu | CGG Arg 480 | CCA Pro | ATT Ile | GTG Val | TCT Ser | AAT Asn 485 | CGG Arg | TGG Trp | AAC Asn | AGT Ser | GAT Glu | GAA Glu | TGT Cys | CTA Leu | 1788 |
| CGA Arg | GCA Ala | GTT Val 495 | TTG Leu | AAG Lys | CTA Leu | ATG Met | TCA Ser 500 | GAA Glu | TGC Cys | TGG Trp | GCC Ala 505 | CAC His | AAT Asn | CCA Pro | GCC Ala | 1836 |

| | |
|--|------|
| TCC AGA CTC ACA GCA TTG AGA ATT AAG AAG ACG CTT GCC AAG ATG GTT | 1884 |
| Ser Arg Leu Thr Ala Leu Arg Ile Lys Lys Thr Leu Ala Lys Met Val | |
| 510 515 520 525 | |
| GAA TCC CAA GAT GTA AAA ATC TGATGGTTAA ACCATCGGAG GAGAAACTCT | 1935 |
| Glu Ser Gln Asp Val Lys Ile | |
| 530 | |
| AGACTGCAAG AACTGTTTTT ACCCATGGCA TGGGTGGAAT TAGAGTGGAA TAAGGATGTT | 1995 |
| AACTTGGTTC TCAGACTCTT TCTTCACTAC GTGTTCCACAG GCTGCTAATA TTAACCTTTT | 2055 |
| CAGTACTCTT ATTAGGATAC AAGCTGGGAA CTCTAAACA CTTTCTTCTT TATATATGGA | 2115 |
| CAGCTTTATT TTAATGTGG TTTTGTATGC CTTTTTTTAA GTGGGTTTTT ATGAACCTGCA | 2175 |
| TCAAGACTTC AATCCTGATT AGTGCTCCA GTCAAGCTCT GGGTACTGAA TTGCCTGTTC | 2235 |
| ATAAACCGGT GCTTCTGTG AAAGCCTTAA GAAGATAAAT GAGCCGACCA GAGATGGAGA | 2295 |
| AATAGACTTT GCCTTTTACC TGAGACATTC AGTTGCTTTG TATTCTACCT TTGTAAGAACA | 2355 |
| GCCTATAGAT GATGATGTGT TTGGGATACT GCTTATTTTA TGATAGTTTG TCCTGTGTCC | 2415 |
| TTAGTGATGT GTGTGTGTCT CCATGCACAT GCACGCCGGG ATTCCTCTGC TGCCATTGA | 2475 |
| ATTAGAAGAA AATAATTTAT ATGCATGCAC AGGAAGATAT TGGTGGCCGG TGGTTTTGTG | 2535 |
| CTTTAAAAAT GCAATATCTG ACCAAGATTC GCCAATCTCA TACAAGCCAT TTACTTTGCA | 2595 |
| AGTGAGATAG CTTCCCCACC AGCTTTATTT TTTAACATGA AAGCTGATGC CAAGGCCAAA | 2655 |
| AGAAGTTTAA AGCATCTGTA AATTGGACT GTTTTCCTTC AACCCACATT TTTTTGTGG | 2715 |
| TTATTATTTT TGTACGGGAA AGCATCTCT CCAAAGTTGG AGCTTCTATT GCCATGAACC | 2775 |
| ATGCTTACAA AGAAAGCACT TCTTATTGAA GTGAATTCCT GCATTGTATA GCAATGTAAG | 2835 |
| TGCCTATAAC CATGTTCTAT ATTCTTTATT CTCAGTAACT TTTAAAAGGG AAGTTATTTA | 2895 |
| TATTTTGTGT ATAATGTGCT TTATTGCAA ATCACC | 2932 |

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 6:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 (A) LENGTH: 532 amino acids
 (B) TYPE: amino acid
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 6:

| | |
|---|--|
| Met Thr Gln Leu Tyr Ile Tyr Ile Arg Leu Leu Gly Ala Tyr Leu Phe | |
| 1 5 10 15 | |
| Ile Ile Ser Arg Val Gln Gly Gln Asn Leu Asp Ser Met Leu His Gly | |
| 20 25 30 | |

50

[illegible]

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 7:

(1) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 2333 base pairs
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: unknown
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(11) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iii) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: *Homo sapiens*

(1x) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: CDS
(B) LOCATION: 1..1515

Thr Gly Met Lys Ser Asp Ser Asp Gln Lys Lys Ser Glu Asn Gly Val
 35 40 45
 Thr Leu Ala Pro Glu Asp Thr Leu Pro Phe Leu Lys Cys Tyr Cys Ser
 50 55 60
 Gly His Cys Pro Asp Asp Ala Ile Asn Asn Thr Cys Ile Thr Asn Gly
 65 70 75 80
 His Cys Phe Ala Ile Ile Glu Glu Asp Asp Gln Gly Glu Thr Thr Leu
 85 90 95
 Ala Ser Gly Cys Met Lys Tyr Glu Gly Ser Asp Phe Gln Cys Lys Asp
 100 105 110
 Ser Pro Lys Ala Gln Leu Arg Arg Thr Ile Glu Cys Cys Arg Thr Asn
 115 120 125
 Leu Cys Asn Gln Tyr Leu Gln Pro Thr Leu Pro Pro Val Val Ile Gly
 130 135 140
 Pro Phe Phe Asp Gly Ser Ile Arg Trp Leu Val Leu Leu Ile Ser Met
 145 150 155 160
 Ala Val Cys Ile Ile Ala Met Ile Ile Phe Ser Ser Cys Phe Cys Tyr
 165 170 175
 Lys His Tyr Cys Lys Ser Ile Ser Ser Arg Arg Arg Tyr Asn Arg Asp
 180 185 190
 Leu Glu Gln Asp Glu Ala Phe Ile Pro Val Gly Glu Ser Leu Lys Asp
 195 200 205
 Leu Ile Asp Gln Ser Gln Ser Ser Gly Ser Gly Ser Gly Leu Pro Leu
 210 215 220
 Leu Val Gln Arg Thr Ile Ala Lys Gln Ile Gln Met Val Arg Gln Val
 225 230 235 240
 Gly Lys Gly Arg Tyr Gly Glu Val Trp Met Gly Lys Trp Arg Gly Glu
 245 250 255
 Lys Val Ala Val Lys Val Phe Phe Thr Thr Glu Glu Ala Ser Trp Phe
 260 265 270
 Arg Glu Thr Glu Ile Tyr Gln Thr Val Leu Met Arg His Glu Asn Ile
 275 280 285
 Leu Gly Phe Ile Ala Ala Asp Ile Lys Gly Thr Gly Ser Trp Thr Gln
 290 295 300
 Leu Tyr Leu Ile Thr Asp Tyr His Glu Asn Gly Ser Leu Tyr Asp Phe
 305 310 315 320
 Leu Lys Cys Ala Thr Leu Asp Thr Arg Ala Leu Leu Lys Leu Ala Tyr
 325 330 335
 Ser Ala Ala Cys Gly Leu Cys His Leu His Thr Glu Ile Tyr Gly Thr
 340 345 350

(x1) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 7:

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| ATG | GCG | GAG | TCG | GCC | GGA | GCC | TCC | TCC | TTC | TTC | CCC | CTT | GTT | GTC | CTC | 48 |
| Met | Ala | Glu | Ser | Ala | Gly | Ala | Ser | Ser | Phe | Phe | Pro | Leu | Val | Val | Leu | |
| 1 | | | | 5 | | | | | 10 | | | | | 15 | | |
| CTG | CTC | GCC | GGC | AGC | GGC | GGG | TCC | GGG | CCC | CGG | GGG | GTC | CAG | GCT | CTG | 96 |
| Leu | Leu | Ala | Gly | Ser | Gly | Gly | Ser | Gly | Pro | Arg | Gly | Val | Gln | Ala | Leu | |
| | | | 20 | | | | | 25 | | | | | 30 | | | |
| CTG | TGT | GCG | TGC | ACC | AGC | TGC | CTC | CAG | GCC | AAC | TAC | ACG | TGT | GAG | ACA | 144 |
| Leu | Cys | Ala | Cys | Thr | Ser | Cys | Leu | Gln | Ala | Asn | Tyr | Thr | Cys | Glu | Thr | |
| | | | 35 | | | | 40 | | | | | 45 | | | | |
| GAT | GGG | GCC | TGC | ATG | GTT | TCC | TTT | TTC | AAT | CTG | GAT | GGG | ATG | GAG | CAC | 192 |
| Asp | Gly | Ala | Cys | Met | Ser | Phe | Phe | Asn | Leu | Leu | Asp | Gly | Met | Glu | His | |
| | | | 50 | | | 55 | | | | | 60 | | | | | |
| CAT | GTG | CGC | ACC | TGC | ATC | CCC | AAA | GTG | GAG | CTG | GTC | CCT | GCC | GGG | AAG | 240 |
| His | Val | Arg | Thr | Cys | Ile | Pro | Lys | Val | Glu | Leu | Val | Pro | Ala | Gly | Lys | |
| | | | | | 70 | | | | | | 75 | | | 80 | | |
| CCC | TTC | TAC | TGC | CTG | AGC | TGC | GAG | GAC | CTG | CGC | AAC | ACC | CAC | TGC | TGC | 288 |
| Pro | Phe | Tyr | Cys | Leu | Ser | Ser | Glu | Asp | Leu | Arg | Asn | Thr | His | Cys | Cys | |
| | | | | 85 | | | | | 90 | | | | | 95 | | |
| TAC | ACT | GAC | TAC | TGC | AAC | AGG | ATC | GAC | TTG | AGG | GTG | CCC | AGT | GGT | CAC | 336 |
| Tyr | Thr | Asp | Tyr | Cys | Asn | Arg | Ile | Asp | Leu | Arg | Val | Pro | Ser | Gly | His | |
| | | | 100 | | | | 105 | | | | | | 110 | | | |
| CTC | AAG | GAG | CCT | GAG | CAC | CCG | TCC | ATG | TGC | GGC | CCG | GTG | GAG | CTG | GTA | 384 |
| Leu | Lys | Glu | Pro | Glu | His | Pro | Ser | Met | Trp | Gly | Pro | Val | Glu | Leu | Val | |
| | | | 115 | | | 120 | | | | | | 125 | | | | |
| GGC | ATC | ATC | GCC | GGC | CCG | GTG | TTC | CTC | CTG | TTC | CTC | ATC | ATC | ATC | ATT | 432 |
| Gly | Ile | Ile | Ala | Gly | Pro | Val | Phe | Leu | Leu | Phe | Leu | Ile | Ile | Ile | Ile | |
| | | | 130 | | | 135 | | | | | 140 | | | | | |
| GTT | TTC | CTT | GTC | ATT | AAC | TAT | CAT | CAG | CGT | GTG | TAT | CAC | AAC | CGC | CAG | 480 |
| Val | Phe | Leu | Val | Ile | Asn | Tyr | His | Gln | Arg | Val | Tyr | His | Asn | Arg | Gln | |
| | | | 145 | | | 150 | | | | 155 | | | | 160 | | |
| AGA | CTG | GAC | ATG | GAA | GAT | CCC | TCA | TGT | GAG | ATG | TGT | CTC | TCC | AAA | GAC | 528 |
| Arg | Leu | Asp | Met | Glu | Asp | Pro | Ser | Cys | Glu | Met | Cys | Leu | Ser | Lys | Asp | |
| | | | | 165 | | | | | 170 | | | | | 175 | | |
| AAG | ACG | CTC | CAG | GAT | CTT | GTC | TAC | GAT | CTC | TCC | ACC | TCA | GGG | TCT | GGC | 576 |
| Lys | Thr | Leu | Gln | Asp | Leu | Val | Tyr | Asp | Leu | Ser | Thr | Ser | Gly | Ser | Gly | |
| | | | 180 | | | | | 185 | | | | | 190 | | | |
| TCA | GGG | TTA | CCC | CTC | TTT | GTC | CAG | CGC | ACA | GTG | GCC | CGA | ACC | ATC | GTT | 624 |
| Ser | Gly | Leu | Pro | Leu | Phe | Val | Gln | Arg | Thr | Val | Ala | Arg | Thr | Ile | Val | |
| | | | 195 | | | 200 | | | | | | 205 | | | | |
| TTA | CAA | GAG | ATT | ATT | GGC | AAG | GGT | CGG | TTT | GGG | GAA | GTA | TGG | CGG | GGC | 672 |
| Leu | Gln | Glu | Ile | Ile | Gly | Lys | Gly | Arg | Phe | Gly | Glu | Val | Trp | Arg | Gly | |
| | | | 210 | | | 215 | | | | | 220 | | | | | |

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------|
| CGC Arg 225 | TGG Trp | AGG Arg | GGT Gly | GGT Gly | GAT Asp 230 | GTG Val | GCT Ala | GTG Val | AAA Lys 235 | ATA Ile 235 | TTC Phe | TCT Ser | TCT Ser | CGT Arg 240 | GAA Glu 240 | 720 |
| GAA Glu | CGG Arg | TCT Ser | TGG Trp | TTC Phe 245 | AGG Arg | GAA Glu | GCA Ala | GAG Glu | ATA Ile 250 | TAC Tyr | CAG Gln | ACG Thr | GTC Val | ATG Met 255 | CTG Leu | 768 |
| CGC Arg | CAT His | GAA Glu 260 | AAC Asn | ATC Ile | CTT Leu | GGA Gly | TTT Phe | ATT Ile 265 | GCT Ala | GCT Ala | GAC Asp | AAT Asn | AAA Lys 270 | GAT Asp | AAT Asn | 816 |
| GGC Gly | ACC Thr | TGG Trp 275 | ACA Thr | CAG Gln | CTG Leu | TGG Trp | CTT Leu 280 | GTT Val | TCT Ser | GAC Asp | TAT Tyr | CAT His 285 | GAG Glu | CAC His | GGG Gly | 864 |
| TCC Ser | CTG Leu 290 | TTT Phe | GAT Asp | TAT Tyr | CTG Leu | AAC Asn 295 | CGG Arg | TAC Tyr | ACA Thr | GTG Val | ACA Thr 300 | ATT Ile | GAG Glu | GGG Gly | ATG Met | 912 |
| ATT Ile 305 | AAG Lys | CTG Leu | GCC Ala | TTG Leu | TCT Ser 310 | GCT Ala | GCT Ala | AGT Ser | GGG Gly | CTG Leu 315 | GCA Ala | CAC His | CTG Leu | CAC His | ATG Met 320 | 960 |
| GAG Glu | ATC Ile | GTG Val | GGC Gly | ACC Thr 325 | CAA Gln | GGG Gly | AAG Lys | CCT Pro | GGA Gly 330 | ATT Ile | GCT Ala | CAT His | CGA Arg | GAC Asp 335 | TTA Leu | 1008 |
| AAG Lys | TCA Ser | AAG Lys | AAC Asn 340 | ATT Ile | CTG Leu | GTG Val | AAG Lys | AAA Lys 345 | AAT Asn | GGC Gly | ATG Met | TGT Cys | GCC Ala 350 | ATA Ile | GCA Ala | 1056 |
| GAC Asp | CTG Leu | GGC Gly 355 | CTG Leu | GCT Ala | GTC Val | CGT Arg | CAT His 360 | GAT Asp | GCA Ala | GTC Val | ACT Thr | GAC Asp 365 | ACC Thr | ATT Ile | GAC Asp | 1104 |
| ATT Ile 370 | GCC Ala | CCG Pro | AAT Asn | CAG Gln | AGG Arg | GTG Val 375 | GGG Gly | ACC Thr | AAA Lys | CGA Arg | TAC Tyr 380 | ATG Met | GCC Ala | CCT Pro | GAA Glu | 1152 |
| GTA Val 385 | CTT Leu | GAT Asp | GAA Glu | ACC Thr 390 | ATT Ile 390 | AAT Asn | ATG Met | AAA Lys | CAC His | TTT Phe 395 | GAC Asp | TCC Ser | TTT Phe | AAA Lys | TGT Cys 400 | 1200 |
| GCT Ala | GAT Asp | ATT Ile | TAT Tyr | GCC Ala 405 | CTC Leu | GGG Gly | CTT Leu | GTA Val 410 | TAT Tyr | TGG Trp | GAG Glu | ATT Ile | GCT Ala | CGA Arg 415 | AGA Arg | 1248 |
| TGC Cys | AAT Asn | TCT Ser | GGA Gly 420 | GGA Gly | GTC Val | CAT His | GAA Glu | GAA Glu 425 | TAT Tyr | CAG Gln | CTG Leu | CCA Pro | TAT Tyr 430 | TAC Tyr | GAC Asp | 1296 |
| TTA Leu | GTG Val | CCC Pro 435 | TCT Pro | GAC Asp | CCT Pro | TCC Ser | ATT Ile 440 | GAG Glu | GAA Glu | ATG Met | CGA Arg | AAG Lys 445 | GTT Val | GTA Val | TGT Cys | 1344 |
| GAT Asp 450 | CAG Gln | AAG Lys | CTG Leu | CGT Arg | CCC Pro | AAC Asn 455 | ATC Ile | CCC Pro | AAC Asn | TGG Trp | TGG Trp 460 | CAG Gln | AGT Ser | TAT Tyr | GAG Glu | 1392 |

GCA CTG CGG GTG ATG GGG AAG ATG ATG CGA GAG TGT TGG TAT GCC AAC 1440
 Ala Leu Arg Val Met Gly Lys Met Met Arg Glu Cys Trp Tyr Ala Asn
 465 470 475 480

GGC GCA GCC CGC CTG ACG GCC CTG CGC ATC AAG AAG ACC CTC TCC CAG 1488
 Gly Ala Ala Arg Leu Thr Ala Leu Arg Ile Lys Lys Thr Leu Ser Gln
 485 490 495

CTC AGC GTG CAG GAA GAC GTG AAG ATC TAACTGCTCC CTCTCTCCAC 1535
 Leu Ser Val Gln Glu Asp Val Lys Ile
 500 505

ACGGAGCTCC TGGCAGCGAG AACTACGCAC AGCTGCCGCG TTGAGCGTAC GATGGAGGCC 1595

TACCTCTCGT TTCTGCCCGAG CCCTCTGTGG CCAGGAGCCC TGGCCCGCAA GAGGGACAGA 1655

GCCCGGGAGA GACTCGGTCA CTCCCATGTT GGGTTTGAGA CAGACACCTT TTCTATTATC 1715

CTCTAATAG CATGGAGACT CTGAGAGCGA ATTGTGTGGA GAACCTCAGT CCACACCTCG 1775

AACTGGTTGT AGTGGGAAGT CCGCGGAAC CCGGTGCATC TGGCACGTGG CCAGGAGCCA 1835

TGACAGGGGC GCTTGGGAGG GGCCGGAGGA ACCGAGGTGT TGGCAGTGCT AAGCTGCCCT 1895

GAGGGTTTCC TTCGGGGACC AGCCCCACAGC ACACCAAGGT GGCCCCGAAG AACCAGAAGT 1955

GCAGCCCTC TCACAGGCAG CTCTGAGCCG CGCTTTCCCC TCCTCCCTGG GATGGACGCT 2015

GCCGGGAGAC TGCCAGTGA GACCGAATCT GCCGTTTGT CTGTCCAGCC GTGTGTGCAT 2075

GTGCCGAGGT GCGTCCCCCG TTGTGCCTGG TTGTGCCAT GCCCTTACAC GTGCGTGTGA 2135

GTGTGTGTGT GTGTCTGTAG GTGCGCACTT ACCTGCTTGA GCTTTCTGTG CATGTGCAGG 2195

TCCGGGGTGT GGTGCTCATG CTGTCCGTGC TTGTGGTGC CTCTTTTCAG TAGTGAGCAG 2255

CATCTAGTTT CCTGGTGCC CTTCCTGGA GGTCTCTCCC TCCCCAGAG CCCTCATGC 2315

CACAGTGGA CTCTGTGT 2333

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 8:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 505 amino acids
 (B) TYPE: amino acid
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 8:

Met Ala Glu Ser Ala Gly Ala Ser Phe Phe Pro Leu Val Val Leu
 1 5 10 15

Leu Leu Ala Gly Ser Gly Gly Ser Gly Pro Arg Gly Val Gln Ala Leu
 20 25 30

Leu Cys Ala Cys Thr Ser Cys Leu Gln Ala Asn Tyr Thr Cys Glu Thr
 35 40 45
 Asp Gly Ala Cys Met Val Ser Phe Phe Asn Leu Asp Gly Met Glu His
 50 55 60
 His Val Arg Thr Cys Ile Pro Lys Val Glu Leu Val Pro Ala Gly Lys
 65 70 75 80
 Pro Phe Tyr Cys Leu Ser Ser Glu Asp Leu Arg Asn Thr His Cys Cys
 85 90 95
 Tyr Thr Asp Tyr Cys Asn Arg Ile Asp Leu Arg Val Pro Ser Gly His
 100 105 110
 Leu Lys Glu Pro Glu His Pro Ser Met Trp Gly Pro Val Glu Leu Val
 115 120 125
 Gly Ile Ile Ala Gly Pro Val Phe Leu Leu Phe Leu Ile Ile Ile Ile
 130 135 140
 Val Phe Leu Val Ile Asn Tyr His Gln Arg Val Tyr His Asn Arg Gln
 145 150 155 160
 Arg Leu Asp Met Glu Asp Pro Ser Cys Glu Met Cys Leu Ser Lys Asp
 165 170 175
 Lys Thr Leu Gln Asp Leu Val Tyr Asp Leu Ser Thr Ser Gly Ser Gly
 180 185 190
 Ser Gly Leu Pro Leu Phe Val Gln Arg Thr Val Ala Arg Thr Ile Val
 195 200 205
 Leu Gln Glu Ile Ile Gly Lys Gly Arg Phe Gly Glu Val Trp Arg Gly
 210 215 220
 Arg Trp Arg Gly Gly Asp Val Ala Val Lys Ile Phe Ser Ser Arg Glu
 225 230 235 240
 Glu Arg Ser Trp Phe Arg Glu Ala Glu Ile Tyr Gln Thr Val Met Leu
 245 250 255
 Arg His Glu Asn Ile Leu Gly Phe Ile Ala Ala Asp Asn Lys Asp Asn
 260 265 270
 Gly Thr Trp Thr Gln Leu Trp Leu Val Ser Asp Tyr His Glu His Gly
 275 280 285
 Ser Leu Phe Asp Tyr Leu Asn Arg Tyr Thr Val Thr Ile Glu Gly Met
 290 295 300
 Ile Lys Leu Ala Leu Ser Ala Ala Ser Gly Leu Ala His Leu His Met
 305 310 315 320
 Glu Ile Val Gly Thr Gln Gly Lys Pro Gly Ile Ala His Arg Asp Leu
 325 330 335
 Lys Ser Lys Asn Ile Leu Val Lys Lys Asn Gly Met Cys Ala Ile Ala
 340 345 350

55

Asp Leu Gly Leu Ala Val Arg His Asp Ala Val Thr Asp Thr Ile Asp
 355 360 365
 Ile Ala Pro Asn Gln Arg Val Gly Thr Lys Arg Tyr Met Ala Pro Glu
 370 375 380
 Val Leu Asp Glu Thr Ile Asn Met Lys His Phe Asp Ser Phe Lys Cys
 385 390 395 400
 Ala Asp Ile Tyr Ala Leu Gly Leu Val Tyr Trp Glu Ile Ala Arg Arg
 405 410 415
 Cys Asn Ser Gly Gly Val His Glu Glu Tyr Gln Leu Pro Tyr Tyr Asp
 420 425 430
 Leu Val Pro Ser Asp Pro Ser Ile Glu Glu Met Arg Lys Val Val Cys
 435 440 445
 Asp Gln Lys Leu Arg Pro Asn Ile Pro Asn Trp Trp Gln Ser Tyr Glu
 450 455 460
 Ala Leu Arg Val Met Gly Lys Met Met Arg Glu Cys Trp Tyr Ala Asn
 465 470 475 480
 Gly Ala Ala Arg Leu Thr Ala Leu Arg Ile Lys Lys Thr Leu Ser Gln
 485 490 495
 Leu Ser Val Gln Glu Asp Val Lys Ile
 500 505

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 9:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 2308 base pairs
 - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: unknown
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA
- (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
- (iii) ANTI-SENSE: NO
- (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
- (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:
 - (A) ORGANISM: Mouse
- (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: CDS
 - (B) LOCATION: 77..1585

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 9:

GGCGAGGCGA GGTITGCTGG GGTGAGGCAG CGCGCGCGCC GGGCCGGGCC GGGCCACAGG

60

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| CGGTGGCGGC | GGGACC | ATG | GAG | GCG | GCG | GTC | GCT | GCT | CCG | CGT | CCC | CGG | 109 |
| | | Met | Glu | Ala | Ala | Val | Ala | Ala | Pro | Arg | Pro | Arg | |
| | | 1 | | | | 5 | | | | | 10 | | |
| CTG | CTC | CTC | CTC | GTG | CTG | GCG | GCG | GCG | GCG | GCG | GCG | CTG | 157 |
| Leu | Leu | Leu | Leu | Val | Leu | Ala | Ala | Ala | Ala | Ala | Ala | Leu | |
| | | | 15 | | | | | 20 | | | 25 | | |
| CTC | CCG | GGG | GCG | ACG | GCG | TTA | CAG | TGT | TTC | TGC | CAC | CTC | 205 |
| Leu | Pro | Gly | Ala | Thr | Ala | Leu | Gln | Cys | Phe | Cys | His | Leu | |
| | | 30 | | | | | 35 | | | | 40 | | |
| GAC | AAT | TTT | ACT | TGT | GTG | ACA | GAT | GGG | CTC | TGC | TTT | GTC | 253 |
| Asp | Asn | Phe | Thr | Cys | Val | Thr | Asp | Gly | Leu | Cys | Phe | Val | |
| | 45 | | | | | 50 | | | | | 55 | | |
| GAG | ACC | ACA | GAC | AAA | GTT | ATA | CAC | AAC | AGC | ATG | TGT | ATA | 301 |
| Glu | Thr | Thr | Asp | Lys | Val | Ile | His | Asn | Ser | Met | Cys | Ile | |
| | 60 | | | | 65 | | | | | 70 | | | 75 |
| GAC | TTA | ATT | CCT | CGA | GAT | AGG | CCG | TTT | GTA | TGT | GCA | CCC | 349 |
| Asp | Leu | Ile | Pro | Arg | Asp | Arg | Pro | Phe | Val | Cys | Ala | Pro | |
| | | | | 80 | | | | | 85 | | | | 90 |
| ACT | GGG | TCT | GTG | ACT | ACA | ACA | TAT | TGC | TGC | AAT | CAG | GAC | 397 |
| Thr | Gly | Ser | Val | Thr | Thr | Thr | Tyr | Cys | Cys | Asn | Gln | Asp | |
| | | | 95 | | | | | 100 | | | | 105 | |
| AAA | ATA | GAA | CTT | CCA | ACT | ACT | GTA | AAG | TCA | TCA | CCT | GGC | 445 |
| Lys | Ile | Glu | Leu | Pro | Thr | Thr | Val | Lys | Ser | Ser | Pro | Gly | |
| | 110 | | | | | | 115 | | | | | 120 | |
| GTG | GAA | CTG | GCA | GCT | GTC | ATT | GCT | GGA | CCA | GTG | TGC | TTC | 493 |
| Val | Glu | Leu | Ala | Ala | Val | Ile | Ala | Gly | Pro | Val | Cys | Phe | |
| | 125 | | | | | 130 | | | | | 135 | | |
| TCA | CTC | ATG | TTG | ATG | GTC | TAT | ATC | TGC | CAC | AAC | CGC | ACT | 541 |
| Ser | Leu | Met | Leu | Met | Val | Tyr | Ile | Cys | His | Asn | Arg | Thr | |
| | 140 | | | | 145 | | | | | 150 | | | 155 |
| CAT | CGA | GTG | CCA | AAT | GAA | GAG | GAC | CCT | TCA | TTA | GAT | CGC | 589 |
| His | Arg | Val | Pro | Asn | Glu | Glu | Asp | Pro | Ser | Leu | Asp | Arg | |
| | | | 160 | | | | | | 165 | | | | 170 |
| TCA | GAG | GGT | ACT | ACG | TTG | AAA | GAC | TTA | ATT | TAT | GAT | ATG | 637 |
| Ser | Glu | Gly | Thr | Thr | Leu | Lys | Asp | Leu | Ile | Tyr | Asp | Met | |
| | | | 175 | | | | | 180 | | | | 185 | |
| GGT | TCT | GGC | TCA | GGT | TTA | CCA | TTG | CTT | GTT | CAG | AGA | ACA | 685 |
| Gly | Ser | Gly | Ser | Gly | Leu | Pro | Leu | Leu | Val | Gln | Arg | Thr | |
| | 190 | | | | | 195 | | | | | 200 | | |
| ACT | ATT | GTG | TTA | CAA | GAA | AGC | ATT | GGC | AAA | GGT | CGA | TTT | 733 |
| Thr | Ile | Val | Leu | Gln | Glu | Ser | Ile | Gly | Lys | Gly | Arg | Phe | |
| | 205 | | | | | 210 | | | | | 215 | | |
| TGC | AGA | GGA | AAG | TGC | CGG | GGA | GAA | GTT | GCT | GTT | AAG | ATA | 781 |
| Trp | Arg | Gly | Lys | Trp | Arg | Gly | Glu | Glu | Val | Ala | Val | Lys | |
| | 220 | | | | 225 | | | | 230 | | | | 235 |

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------|------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------|
| TCT Ser | AGA Arg | GAA Glu | GAA Glu | CGT Arg 240 | TCG Ser | TGG Trp | TTC Phe | CGT Arg | GAG Glu 245 | GCA Ala | GAG Glu | ATT Ile | TAT Tyr | CAA Gln 250 | ACT Thr | 829 |
| GTA Val | ATG Met | TTA Leu | CGT Arg 255 | CAT His | GAA Glu | AAC Asn | ATC Ile | CTG Leu 260 | GGA Gly | TTT Phe | ATA Ile | GCA Ala | GAC Ala 265 | AAT Asp | Asn | 877 |
| AAA Lys | GAC Asp | AAT Asn | GGT Gly 270 | ACT Thr | TGG Trp | ACT Thr | CAG Gln 275 | CTC Leu | TGG Trp | TTG Leu | GTG Val | TCA Ser 280 | GAT Asp | TAT Tyr | CAT His | 925 |
| GAG Glu | CAT His | GGA Gly | TCC Ser | CTT Leu | TTT Phe | GAT Asp 290 | TAC Tyr | TTA Leu | AAC Asn | AGA Arg | TAC Tyr 295 | ACA Thr | GTT Val | ACT Thr | GTG Val | 973 |
| GAA Glu 300 | GGA Gly | ATG Met | ATA Ile | AAA Lys | CTT Leu 305 | GCT Ala | CTG Leu | TCC Ser | ACG Thr | GCG Ala 310 | AGC Ser | GGT Gly | CTT Leu | GCC Ala 315 | CAT His | 1021 |
| CTT Leu | CAC His | ATG Met | GAG Glu | ATT Ile 320 | GTT Val | GGT Gly | ACC Thr | CAA Gln | GGA Gly 325 | AAG Lys | CCA Pro | GCC Ala | ATT Ile | GCT Ala 330 | CAT His | 1069 |
| AGA Arg | GAT Asp | TTG Leu | AAA Lys 335 | TCA Ser | AAG Lys | AAT Asn | ATC Ile | TTG Leu 340 | GTA Val | AAG Lys | AAG Lys | AAT Asn | GGA Gly 345 | ACT Thr | TGC Cys | 1117 |
| TGT Cys | ATT Ile | GCA Ala | GAC Asp 350 | TTA Leu | GGA Gly | CTG Leu | GCA Ala 355 | GTA Val | AGA Arg | CAT His | GAT Asp | TCA Ser 360 | GCC Ala | ACA Thr | GAT Asp | 1165 |
| ACC Thr | ATT Ile | GAT Asp | ATT Ile | GCT Ala | CCA Pro | AAC Asn 370 | CAC His | AGA Arg | GTG Val | GGA Gly | ACA Thr 375 | AAA Lys | AGG Arg | TAC Tyr | ATG Met | 1213 |
| GCC Ala 380 | CCT Pro | GAA Glu | GTT Val | CTC Leu | GAT Asp 385 | GAT Asp | TCC Ser | ATA Ile | AAT Asn | ATG Met 390 | AAA Lys | CAT His | TTT Phe | GAA Glu 395 | TCC Ser | 1261 |
| TTC Phe | AAA Lys | CGT Arg | GCT Ala | GAC Asp 400 | ATC Ile | TAT Tyr | GCA Ala | ATG Met | GGC Gly 405 | TTA Leu | GTA Val | TTC Phe | TGG Trp | GAA Glu 410 | ATT Ile | 1309 |
| GCT Ala | CGA Arg | CGA Arg | TGT Cys 415 | TCC Ser | ATT Ile | GGT Gly | GGA Gly | ATT Ile 420 | CAT His | GAA Glu | GAT Asp | TAC Tyr | CAA Gln 425 | CTG Leu | CCT Pro | 1357 |
| TAT Tyr | TAT Tyr | GAT Asp 430 | CTT Leu | GTA Val | CCT Pro | TCT Ser | GAC Asp 435 | CCA Pro | TCA Ser | GTT Val | GAA Glu | GAA Glu 440 | ATG Met | AGA Arg | AAA Lys | 1405 |
| GTT Val | GTT Val | TGT Cys | GAA Glu | CAG Gln | AAG Lys | TTA Leu 450 | AGG Arg | CCA Pro | AAT Asn | ATC Ile | CCA Pro 455 | AAC Asn | AGA Arg | TGG Trp | CAG Gln | 1453 |
| AGC Ser 460 | TGT Cys | GAA Glu | GCC Ala | TTG Leu | AGA Arg 465 | GTA Val | ATG Met | GCT Ala | AAA Lys | ATT Ile 470 | ATG Met | AGA Arg | GAA Glu | TGT Cys | TGG Trp 475 | 1501 |

TAT GCC AAT GGA GCA GCT AGG CTT ACA GCA TTG CGG ATT AAG AAA ACA 1549
 Tyr Ala Asn Gly Ala Ala Arg Leu Thr Ala Leu Arg Ile Lys Lys Thr 480 485 490

TTA TCG CAA CTC AGT CAA CAG GAA GGC ATC AAA ATG TAATCTACA 1595
 Leu Ser Gln Leu Ser Gln Gln Glu Gly Ile Lys Met 495 500

GCTTGCCTG AACTCTCCTT TTTTCTTCAG ATCTGCTCCT GGGTTTTAAT TTGGGAGGTC 1655

AGTTGTTCTA COTCACTGAG AGGGAACAGA AGGATATTGC TTCCTTTTGC AGCAGTGTAA 1715

TAAAGTCAAT TAAAACTTC CCAGGATTTT TTTGGACCCA GGAACAGACC ATGTGGGTCC 1775

TTTCTGTGCA CTATGAACGC TTTCTTCCCA GGACAGAAAA TGTGTAGTCT ACCTTTATTT 1835

TTTATTAAACA AAACCTGTTT TTTAAAAAGA TGATTGCTGG TCTTAACCTT AGGTAACCTCT 1895

GCTGTGCTGG AGATCATCTT TAAGGGCRAA GGAGTTGGAT TGCTGAATTA CAATGAARCA 1955

TGCTCTTATTA CTAAAGAAAG TGATTTACTC CTGGTTAGTA CATTCTCAGA GGATTCTGAA 2015

CCACTAGAGT TTCCTTGATT CAGACTTTGA ATGTACTGTT CTATAGTTTT TCAGGATCTT 2075

AAAACRAACA CTTATAAAAC TCTTATCTTG AGTCTAAAAA TGACCTCATA TAGTAGTGAG 2135

GAACATAATT CATGCAATTG TATTTTGTAT ACTATTATTG TTTCTTCACT TATTCAGAAC 2195

ATTACATGCC TTCAAAATGG GATTGTACTA TACCAGTAAG TGCCACTTCT GTGTCTTTCT 2255

AATGGAAATG AGTAGAATTG CTGAAAGTCT CTATGTTAAA ACCTATAGTG TTT 2308

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 10:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 (A) LENGTH: 503 amino acids
 (B) TYPE: amino acid
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 10:

Met Glu Ala Ala Val Ala Ala Pro Arg Pro Arg Leu Leu Leu Val 15
 1 5 10

Leu Ala Ala Ala Ala Ala Ala Ala Ala Ala Leu Leu Pro Gly Ala Thr 30
 20 25 30

Ala Leu Gln Cys Phe Cys His Leu Cys Thr Lys Asp Asn Phe Thr Cys 45
 35 40 45

Val Thr Asp Gly Leu Cys Phe Val Ser Val Thr Glu Thr Thr Asp Lys 60
 50 55 60

Val Ile His Asn Ser Met Cys Ile Ala Glu Ile Asp Leu Ile Pro Arg 80
 65 70 75 80

Asp Arg Pro Phe Val Cys Ala Pro Ser Ser Lys Thr Gly Ser Val Thr
 85 90 95
 Thr Thr Tyr Cys Cys Asn Gln Asp His Cys Asn Lys Ile Glu Leu Pro
 100 105 110
 Thr Thr Val Lys Ser Ser Pro Gly Leu Gly Pro Val Glu Leu Ala Ala
 115 120 125
 Val Ile Ala Gly Pro Val Cys Phe Val Cys Ile Ser Leu Met Leu Met
 130 135 140
 Val Tyr Ile Cys His Asn Arg Thr Val Ile His His Arg Val Pro Asn
 145 150 155
 Glu Glu Asp Pro Ser Leu Asp Arg Pro Phe Ile Ser Glu Gly Thr Thr
 165 170 175
 Leu Lys Asp Leu Ile Tyr Asp Met Thr Thr Ser Gly Ser Gly Ser Gly
 180 185 190
 Leu Pro Leu Leu Val Gln Arg Thr Ile Ala Arg Thr Ile Val Leu Gln
 195 200 205
 Glu Ser Ile Gly Lys Gly Arg Phe Gly Glu Val Trp Arg Gly Lys Trp
 210 215 220
 Arg Gly Glu Glu Val Ala Val Lys Ile Phe Ser Ser Arg Glu Glu Arg
 225 230 235 240
 Ser Trp Phe Arg Glu Ala Glu Ile Tyr Gln Thr Val Met Leu Arg His
 245 250 255
 Glu Asn Ile Leu Gly Phe Ile Ala Ala Asp Asn Lys Asp Asn Gly Thr
 260 265 270
 Trp Thr Gln Leu Trp Leu Val Ser Asp Tyr His Glu His Gly Ser Leu
 275 280 285
 Phe Asp Tyr Leu Asn Arg Tyr Thr Val Thr Val Glu Gly Met Ile Lys
 290 295 300
 Leu Ala Leu Ser Thr Ala Ser Gly Leu Ala His His Leu His Met Glu Ile
 305 310 315 320
 Val Gly Thr Gln Gly Lys Pro Ala Ile Ala His Arg Asp Leu Lys Ser
 325 330 335
 Lys Asn Ile Leu Val Lys Lys Asn Gly Thr Cys Cys Ile Ala Asp Leu
 340 345 350
 Gly Leu Ala Val Arg His Asp Ser Ala Thr Asp Thr Ile Asp Ile Ala
 355 360 365
 Pro Asn His Arg Val Gly Thr Lys Arg Tyr Met Ala Pro Glu Val Leu
 370 375 380
 Asp Asp Ser Ile Asn Met Lys His Phe Glu Ser Phe Lys Arg Ala Asp
 385 390 395 400

Ile Tyr Ala Met Gly Leu Val Phe Trp Glu Ile Ala Arg Arg Cys Ser
 405 410 415

Ile Gly Gly Ile His Glu Asp Tyr Gln Leu Pro Tyr Tyr Asp Leu Val
 420 425 430

Pro Ser Asp Pro Ser Val Glu Glu Met Arg Lys Val Val Cys Glu Gln
 435 440 445

Lys Leu Arg Pro Asn Ile Pro Asn Arg Trp Gln Ser Cys Glu Ala Leu
 450 455 460

Arg Val Met Ala Lys Ile Met Arg Glu Cys Trp Tyr Ala Asn Gly Ala
 465 470 475 480

Ala Arg Leu Thr Ala Leu Arg Ile Lys Lys Thr Leu Ser Gln Leu Ser
 485 490 495

Gln Gln Glu Gly Ile Lys Met
 500

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 11:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 1922 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: unknown
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iii) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: Mouse

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: CDS
- (B) LOCATION: 241..1746

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 11:

| | | | | | | |
|-------------|-------------|-------------|------------|------------|-------------|-----|
| GAGAGCACAG | CCCTTCCCAG | TCCCCGGAGC | CGCCGGGCCA | CGCGCGCATG | ATCAAGACCT | 60 |
| TTTCCCCGGC | CCCACAGGGC | CTCTGGACGT | GAGACCCCGG | CGGCCTCCGC | AAGGAGAGGC | 120 |
| GGGGGTCCAG | TGCGCCTGTC | CAAGGCGCTC | AACTAAACA | ATCTTGATTG | CTGTGCGCGG | 180 |
| CTGGCGGGAC | CCTGAATGGC | AGGAAATCTC | ACCACATCTC | TTCTCCTATC | TCCAGGACC | 240 |
| ATG ACC TTG | GGG AGC TTC | AGA AGG GGC | CTT TTG | ATG CTG | TCG GTG GGC | 288 |
| Met Thr Leu | Gly Ser Phe | Arg Arg Gly | Leu Leu | Met Leu | Ser Val Ala | |
| 1 | 5 | 10 | 15 | | | |

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|
| TTG | GGC | CTA | ACC | CAG | GGG | AGA | CTT | GCG | AAG | CCT | TCC | AAG | CTG | GTG | AAC | 336 |
| Leu | Gly | Leu | Thr | Gln | Gly | Arg | Leu | Ala | Lys | Pro | Ser | Lys | Leu | Val | Asn | |
| | | | 20 | | | | | | 25 | | | | 30 | | | |
| TGC | ACT | TGT | GAG | AGC | CCA | CAC | TGC | AAG | AGA | CCA | TTC | TGC | CAG | GGG | TCA | 384 |
| Cys | Thr | Cys | Glu | Ser | Pro | His | Cys | Lys | Arg | Pro | Phe | Cys | Gln | Gly | Ser | |
| | | 35 | | | | | 40 | | | | | 45 | | | | |
| TGG | TGC | ACA | GTG | GTG | CTG | GTT | CGA | GAG | CAG | GGC | AGG | CAC | CCC | CAG | GTC | 432 |
| Trp | Cys | Thr | Val | Val | Leu | Val | Arg | Glu | Gln | Gly | Arg | His | Pro | Gln | Val | |
| | | 50 | | | | 55 | | | | | 60 | | | | | |
| TAT | CGG | GGC | TGT | GGG | AGC | CTG | AAC | CAG | GAG | CTC | TGC | TTG | GGA | CGT | CCC | 480 |
| Tyr | Arg | Gly | Cys | Gly | Ser | Leu | Asn | Gln | Glu | Leu | Cys | Leu | Gly | Arg | Pro | |
| | 65 | | | | 70 | | | | | 75 | | | | | 80 | |
| ACG | GAG | TTT | CTG | AAC | CAT | CAC | TGC | TGC | TAT | AGA | TCC | TTC | TGC | AAC | CAC | 528 |
| Thr | Glu | Phe | Leu | Asn | His | His | Cys | Cys | Tyr | Arg | Ser | Phe | Cys | Asn | His | |
| | | | | 85 | | | | | 90 | | | | | 95 | | |
| AAC | GTG | TCT | CTG | ATG | CTG | GAG | GCC | ACC | CAA | ACT | CCT | TCG | GAG | GAG | CCA | 576 |
| Asn | Val | Ser | Leu | Met | Leu | Glu | Ala | Thr | Gln | Thr | Pro | Ser | Glu | Glu | Pro | |
| | | | 100 | | | | | 105 | | | | | 110 | | | |
| GAA | GTT | GAT | GCC | CAT | CTG | CCT | CTG | ATC | CTG | GGT | CCT | GTG | CTG | GCC | TTG | 624 |
| Glu | Val | Asp | Ala | His | Leu | Pro | Leu | Ile | Leu | Gly | Pro | Val | Leu | Ala | Leu | |
| | | | 115 | | | | 120 | | | | | 125 | | | | |
| CCG | GTC | CTG | GTG | GCC | CTG | GGT | GCT | CTG | GGC | TTG | TGG | CGT | GTC | CGG | CGG | 672 |
| Pro | Val | Leu | Val | Ala | Leu | Gly | Ala | Leu | Gly | Leu | Trp | Arg | Val | Arg | Arg | |
| | | 130 | | | | 135 | | | | | 140 | | | | | |
| AGG | CAG | GAG | AAG | CAG | CGG | GAT | TTG | CAC | AGT | GAC | CTG | GGC | GAG | TCC | AGT | 720 |
| Arg | Gln | Glu | Lys | Gln | Arg | Asp | Leu | His | Ser | Asp | Leu | Gly | Glu | Ser | Ser | |
| | | | | | 150 | | | | | 155 | | | | | 160 | |
| CTC | ATC | CTG | AAG | GCA | TCT | GAA | CAG | GCA | GAC | AGC | ATG | TTG | GGC | GAC | TTC | 768 |
| Leu | Ile | Leu | Lys | Ala | Ser | Glu | Gln | Ala | Asp | Ser | Met | Leu | Gly | Asp | Phe | |
| | | | | 165 | | | | | 170 | | | | | 175 | | |
| CTG | GAC | AGC | GAC | TGT | ACC | ACG | GGC | AGC | GGC | TCG | GGG | CTC | CCC | TTC | TTG | 816 |
| Leu | Asp | Ser | Asp | Cys | Thr | Thr | Gly | Ser | Gly | Ser | Gly | Leu | Pro | Phe | Leu | |
| | | | 180 | | | | | 185 | | | | | 190 | | | |
| GTG | CAG | AGG | ACG | GTA | GCT | CGG | CAG | GTT | GCG | CTG | GTA | GAG | TGT | GTG | GGA | 864 |
| Val | Gln | Arg | Thr | Val | Ala | Arg | Gln | Val | Ala | Leu | Val | Glu | Cys | Val | Gly | |
| | | | 195 | | | | 200 | | | | | 205 | | | | |
| AAG | GGC | CGA | TAT | CGC | GAG | GTG | TGG | CGC | GGT | TCG | TGG | GAT | GGC | GAA | AGC | 912 |
| Lys | Gly | Arg | Tyr | Gly | Glu | Val | Trp | Arg | Gly | Ser | Trp | His | Gly | Glu | Ser | |
| | | | 210 | | | 215 | | | | | 220 | | | | | |
| GTG | GCG | GTC | AAG | ATT | TTC | TCC | TCA | CGA | GAT | GAG | CAG | TCC | TGG | TTC | CGG | 960 |
| Val | Ala | Val | Lys | Ile | Phe | Ser | Ser | Arg | Asp | Glu | Gln | Ser | Trp | Phe | Arg | |
| | | | 225 | | 230 | | | | 235 | | | | | | 240 | |
| GAG | ACG | GAG | ATC | TAC | AAC | ACA | GTT | CTG | CTT | AGA | CAC | GAC | AAC | ATC | CTA | 1008 |
| Glu | Thr | Glu | Ile | Tyr | Asn | Thr | Val | Leu | Leu | Arg | His | Asp | Asn | Ile | Leu | |
| | | | | 245 | | | | | 250 | | | | | 255 | | |

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|
| GGC | TTC | ATC | GCC | TCC | GAC | ATG | ACT | TCG | CGG | AAC | TCG | AGC | ACG | CAG | CTG | 1056 |
| Gly | Phe | Ile | Ala | Ser | Asp | Met | Thr | Ser | Arg | Asn | Ser | Ser | Thr | Gln | Leu | |
| | | | 260 | | | | | 265 | | | | | 270 | | | |
| TGG | CTC | ATC | ACC | CAC | TAC | CAT | GAA | CAC | GGC | TCC | CTC | TAT | GAC | TTT | CTG | 1104 |
| Trp | Leu | Ile | Thr | His | Tyr | His | Glu | His | Gly | Ser | Leu | Tyr | Asp | Phe | Leu | |
| | | | 275 | | | | 280 | | | | | 285 | | | | |
| CAG | AGG | CAG | ACG | CTG | GAG | CCC | CAG | TTG | GCC | CTG | AGG | CTA | GCT | GTG | TCC | 1152 |
| Gln | Arg | Gln | Thr | Leu | Glu | Pro | Gln | Leu | Ala | Leu | Arg | Leu | Ala | Val | Ser | |
| | | | 290 | | | 295 | | | | 300 | | | | | | |
| CCG | GCC | TGC | GGC | CTG | GCG | CAC | CTA | CAT | GTG | GAG | ATC | TTT | GGC | ACT | CAA | 1200 |
| Pro | Ala | Cys | Gly | Leu | Ala | His | Leu | His | Val | Glu | Ile | Phe | Gly | Thr | Gln | |
| | | | | | 310 | | | | | 315 | | | | | 320 | |
| GGC | AAA | CCA | GCC | ATT | CCC | CAT | CGT | GAC | CTC | AAG | AGT | CGC | AAT | GTG | CTG | 1248 |
| Gly | Lys | Pro | Ala | Ile | Ala | His | Arg | Asp | Leu | Lys | Ser | Arg | Asn | Val | Leu | |
| | | | 325 | | | | | 330 | | | | | 335 | | | |
| GTC | AAG | AGT | AAC | TTG | CAG | TGT | TGC | ATT | GCA | GAC | CTG | GGA | CTG | GCT | GTG | 1296 |
| Val | Lys | Ser | Asn | Leu | Gln | Cys | Cys | Ile | Ala | Asp | Leu | Gly | Leu | Ala | Val | |
| | | | 340 | | | | 345 | | | | | | 350 | | | |
| ATG | CAC | TCA | CAA | AGC | AAC | GAG | TAC | CTG | GAT | ATC | GGC | AAC | ACA | CCC | CGA | 1344 |
| Met | His | Ser | Gln | Ser | Asn | Glu | Tyr | Leu | Asp | Ile | Gly | Asn | Thr | Pro | Arg | |
| | | | 355 | | | | 360 | | | | | 365 | | | | |
| GTG | GGT | ACC | AAA | AGA | TAC | ATG | GCA | CCC | GAG | GTG | CTG | GAT | GAG | CAC | ATC | 1392 |
| Val | Gly | Thr | Lys | Arg | Tyr | Met | Ala | Pro | Glu | Val | Leu | Asp | Glu | His | Ile | |
| | | | 370 | | | 375 | | | | | 380 | | | | | |
| CGC | ACA | GAC | TGC | TTT | GAG | TCG | TAC | AAG | TGG | ACA | GAC | ATC | TGG | GCC | TTT | 1440 |
| Arg | Thr | Asp | Cys | Phe | Glu | Ser | Tyr | Lys | Trp | Thr | Asp | Ile | Trp | Ala | Phe | |
| | | | | | 390 | | | | | 395 | | | | 400 | | |
| GGC | CTA | GTG | CTA | TGG | GAG | ATC | GCC | CGG | CGG | ACC | ATC | ATC | AAT | GGC | ATT | 1488 |
| Gly | Leu | Val | Leu | Trp | Glu | Ile | Ala | Arg | Arg | Thr | Ile | Ile | Asn | Gly | Ile | |
| | | | 405 | | | | | | 410 | | | | 415 | | | |
| GTG | GAG | GAT | TAC | AGG | CCA | CCT | TTC | TAT | GAC | ATG | GTA | CCC | AAT | GAC | CCC | 1536 |
| Val | Glu | Asp | Tyr | Arg | Pro | Pro | Phe | Tyr | Asp | Met | Val | Pro | Asn | Asp | Pro | |
| | | | 420 | | | | 425 | | | | | | 430 | | | |
| AGT | TTT | GAG | GAC | ATG | AAA | AAG | GTG | GTG | TGC | GTT | GAC | CAG | CAG | ACA | CCC | 1584 |
| Ser | Phe | Glu | Asp | Met | Lys | Lys | Val | Val | Cys | Val | Asp | Gln | Gln | Thr | Pro | |
| | | | 435 | | | | 440 | | | | | 445 | | | | |
| ACC | ATC | CCT | AAC | CGG | CTG | GCT | GCA | GAT | CCG | GTC | CTC | TCC | GGG | CTG | GCC | 1632 |
| Thr | Ile | Pro | Asn | Arg | Leu | Ala | Ala | Asp | Pro | Val | Leu | Ser | Gly | Leu | Ala | |
| | | | 450 | | | 455 | | | | | 460 | | | | | |
| CAG | ATG | ATG | AGA | GAG | TGC | TGG | TAC | CCC | AAC | CCC | TCT | GCT | CGC | CTC | ACC | 1680 |
| Gln | Met | Met | Arg | Glu | Cys | Trp | Tyr | Pro | Asn | Pro | Ser | Ala | Arg | Leu | Thr | |
| | | | 465 | | | 470 | | | | 475 | | | | 480 | | |
| GCA | CTG | CGC | ATA | AAG | AAG | ACA | TTG | CAG | AAG | CTC | AGT | CAC | AAT | CCA | GAG | 1728 |
| Ala | Leu | Arg | Ile | Lys | Lys | Thr | Leu | Gln | Lys | Leu | Ser | His | Asn | Pro | Glu | |
| | | | 485 | | | | | | 490 | | | | | 495 | | |

AAG CCC AAA GTG ATT CAC TAGCCAGGG CCACCAGGCT TCCTCTGCCT 1776
 Lys Pro Lys Val Ile His
 500

AAAGTGTGTG CTGGGGAAGA AGACATAGCC TGTCTGGGTA GAGGGAGTGA AGAGAGTGTG 1836
 CACGCTGCCC TGTGTGTGCC TGCTCAGCTT GCTCCAGGCC CATCCAGCCA AAAATACAGC 1896
 TGAGCTGAAA TTCAAAAAAA AAAAAA 1922

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 12:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 (A) LENGTH: 502 amino acids
 (B) TYPE: amino acid
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 12:

Met Thr Leu Gly Ser Phe Arg Arg Gly Leu Met Leu Ser Val Ala
 1 5 10 15

Leu Gly Leu Thr Gln Gly Arg Leu Ala Lys Pro Ser Lys Leu Val Asn
 20 25 30

Cys Thr Cys Glu Ser Pro His Cys Lys Arg Pro Phe Cys Gln Gly Ser
 35 40 45

Trp Cys Thr Val Val Leu Val Arg Glu Gln Gly Arg His Pro Gln Val
 50 55 60

Tyr Arg Gly Cys Gly Ser Leu Asn Gln Glu Leu Cys Leu Gly Arg Pro
 65 70 75 80

Thr Glu Phe Leu Asn His His Cys Cys Tyr Arg Ser Phe Cys Asn His
 85 90 95

Asn Val Ser Leu Met Leu Glu Ala Thr Gln Thr Pro Ser Glu Glu Pro
 100 105 110

Glu Val Asp Ala His Leu Pro Leu Ile Leu Gly Pro Val Leu Ala Leu
 115 120 125

Pro Val Leu Val Ala Leu Gly Ala Leu Gly Leu Trp Arg Val Arg Arg
 130 135 140

Arg Gln Glu Lys Gln Arg Asp Leu His Ser Asp Leu Gly Glu Ser Ser
 145 150 155 160

Leu Ile Leu Lys Ala Ser Glu Gln Ala Asp Ser Met Leu Gly Asp Phe
 165 170 175

Leu Asp Ser Asp Cys Thr Thr Gly Ser Gly Ser Gly Leu Pro Phe Leu
 180 185 190

Val Gln Arg Thr Val Ala Arg Gln Val Ala Leu Val Glu Cys Val Gly
 195 200 205
 Lys Gly Arg Tyr Gly Glu Val Trp Arg Gly Ser Trp His Gly Glu Ser
 210 215 220
 Val Ala Val Lys Ile Phe Ser Ser Arg Asp Glu Gln Ser Trp Phe Arg
 225 230 240
 Glu Thr Glu Ile Tyr Acn Thr Val Leu Leu Arg His Asp Asn Ile Leu
 245 250 255
 Gly Phe Ile Ala Ser Asp Met Thr Ser Arg Asn Ser Ser Thr Gln Leu
 260 265 270
 Trp Leu Ile Thr His Tyr His Glu His Gly Ser Leu Tyr Asp Phe Leu
 275 280 285
 Gln Arg Gln Thr Leu Glu Pro Gln Leu Ala Leu Arg Leu Ala Val Ser
 290 295 300
 Pro Ala Cys Gly Leu Ala His Leu His Val Glu Ile Phe Gly Thr Gln
 305 310 315
 Gly Lys Pro Ala Ile Ala His Arg Asp Leu Lys Ser Arg Asn Val Leu
 325 330 335
 Val Lys Ser Asn Leu Gln Cys Cys Ile Ala Asp Leu Gly Leu Ala Val
 340 345 350
 Met His Ser Gln Ser Asn Glu Tyr Leu Asp Ile Gly Asn Thr Pro Arg
 355 360 365
 Val Gly Thr Lys Arg Tyr Met Ala Pro Glu Val Leu Asp Glu His Ile
 370 375 380
 Arg Thr Asp Cys Phe Glu Ser Tyr Lys Trp Thr Asp Ile Trp Ala Phe
 385 390 395 400
 Gly Leu Val Leu Trp Glu Ile Ala Arg Arg Thr Ile Ile Asn Gly Ile
 405 410 415
 Val Glu Asp Tyr Arg Pro Pro Phe Tyr Asp Met Val Pro Asn Asp Pro
 420 425 430
 Ser Phe Glu Asp Met Lys Lys Val Val Cys Val Asp Gln Gln Thr Pro
 435 440 445
 Thr Ile Pro Asn Arg Leu Ala Ala Asp Pro Val Leu Ser Gly Leu Ala
 450 455 460
 Gln Met Met Arg Glu Cys Trp Tyr Pro Asn Pro Ser Ala Arg Leu Thr
 465 470 475 480
 Ala Leu Arg Ile Lys Lys Thr Leu Gln Lys Leu Ser His Asn Pro Glu
 485 490 495
 Lys Pro Lys Val Ile His
 500

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 13:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 2070 base pairs
 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: unknown
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iii) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: Mouse

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: CDS
 (B) LOCATION: 217..1812

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 13:

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------|---------|------|---------|--------|---------|-----|---------|-----|----------|--------|------|--------|-------|------|---------|-----|
| ATT | CAT | GAGA | TGGA | AGCATA | GGT | CAA | AGCT | GTT | CGG | AGAA | ATT | TGGA | ACTA | CAG | TTTTATC | 60 |
| TAG | CCAC | ATC | TCT | GAGA | AATT | CTG | AAGAA | AG | CAG | AGGTGA | AAGT | CATTGC | CAAGT | GATT | | 120 |
| TGTT | CTGTAA | GGA | AGCCTCC | CTC | ATTCACT | TAC | ACCAGTG | AG | ACAGCAGG | ACCAGT | CATT | | | | | 180 |
| CAA | AGGCGCG | TGT | ACAGGAC | GCG | TGGCAAT | CAG | ACA | ATG | ACT | CAG | CTA | TAC | ACT | | | 234 |
| | | | | | | | | Met | Thr | Gln | Leu | Tyr | Thr | | | |
| | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | 5 | | | |
| TAC | ATC | AGA | TTA | CTG | GGA | GCC | TGT | CTG | TTC | ATC | ATT | TCT | CAT | GTT | CAA | 282 |
| Tyr | Ile | Arg | Leu | Leu | Gly | Ala | Cys | Leu | Phe | Ile | Ile | Ser | His | Val | Gln | |
| | | | 10 | | | | | 15 | | | | | 20 | | | |
| GGG | CAG | AAT | CTA | GAT | AGT | ATG | CTC | CAT | GGC | ACT | GGT | ATG | AAA | TCA | GAC | 330 |
| Gly | Gln | Asn | Leu | Asp | Ser | Met | Leu | His | Gly | Thr | Gly | Met | Lys | Ser | Asp | |
| | | | 25 | | | | 30 | | | | | 35 | | | | |
| TTG | GAC | CAG | AAG | AAG | CCA | GAA | AAT | GGA | GTG | ACT | TTA | GCA | CCA | GAG | GAT | 378 |
| Leu | Asp | Gln | Lys | Lys | Pro | Glu | Asn | Gly | Val | Thr | Leu | Ala | Pro | Glu | Asp | |
| | | | 40 | | | | 45 | | | | | 50 | | | | |
| ACC | TTG | CCT | TTC | TTA | AAG | TGC | TAT | TGC | TCA | GGA | CAC | TGC | CCA | GAT | GAT | 426 |
| Thr | Leu | Pro | Phe | Leu | Lys | Cys | Tyr | Cys | Ser | Gly | His | Cys | Pro | Asp | Asp | |
| | | | 55 | | | 60 | | | | 65 | | | | | 70 | |
| GCT | ATT | AAT | AAC | ACA | TGC | ATA | ACT | AAT | GGC | CAT | TGC | TTT | GCC | ATT | ATA | 474 |
| Ala | Ile | Asn | Asn | Thr | Cys | Ile | Thr | Asn | Gly | His | Cys | Phe | Ala | Ile | Ile | |
| | | | | 75 | | | | | 80 | | | | | 85 | | |
| GAA | GAA | GAT | GAT | CAG | GGA | GAA | ACC | ACA | TTA | ACT | TCT | GGG | TGT | ATG | AAG | 522 |
| Glu | Glu | Asp | Asp | Gln | Gly | Glu | Thr | Thr | Leu | Thr | Ser | Gly | Cys | Met | Lys | |
| | | | 90 | | | | | 95 | | | | | 100 | | | |

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------|
| TAT Tyr | GAA Glu | GGC Gly | TCT Ser | GAT Asp | TTT Phe | CAA Gln | TGC Cys | AAG Lys | GAT Asp | TCA Ser | CCG Pro | AAA Lys | GCC Ala | CAG Gln | CTA Leu | 570 |
| CGC Arg | AGG Arg | ACA Thr | ATA Ile | GAA Glu | TGT Cys | TGT Cys | CGG Arg | ACC Thr | AAT Asn | TTG Leu | TGC Cys | AAC Asn | CAG Gln | TAT Tyr | TTG Leu | 618 |
| CAG Gln | CCT Pro | ACA Thr | CTG Leu | CCC Pro | CCT Pro | GTT Val | GTT Val | ATA Ile | GGT Met | CCG Pro | TTC Phe | TTT Phe | GAT Asp | GGC Gly | AGC Ser | 666 |
| ATC Ile | CGA Arg | TGG Trp | CTG Leu | GTT Val | GTG Val | CTC Leu | ATT Ile | TCC Ser | ATG Met | GCT Ala | GTC Val | TGT Cys | ATA Ile | GTT Val | GCT Ala | 714 |
| ATG Met | ATC Ile | ATC Ile | TTC Phe | TCC Ser | AGC Ser | TGC Cys | TTT Phe | TGC Cys | TAT Tyr | Lys | His | TAT Tyr | TGT Cys | AAG Lys | AGT Ser | 762 |
| ATC Ile | TCA Ser | AGC Ser | AGG Gly | GGT Arg | CGT Arg | TAC Tyr | AAC Asn | CGT Arg | GAT Asp | TTG Leu | GAA Glu | CAG Gln | AGT Asp | GAA Glu | GCA Ala | 810 |
| TTT Phe | ATT Ile | CCA Pro | GTA Val | GGA Gly | GAA Glu | TCA Ser | TTG Leu | AAA Lys | GAC Asp | CTG Leu | ATT Ile | GAC Asp | CAG Gln | TCC Ser | CAA Gln | 858 |
| AGC Ser | TCT Ser | GGG Gly | AGT Ser | Gly | TCT Ser | GGA Gly | TTG Leu | CCT Pro | TTA Leu | TTG Leu | GTT Val | CAG Gln | CGA Arg | ACT Thr | ATT Ile | 906 |
| GCC Ala | AAA Lys | CAG Gln | ATT Ile | CAG Gln | ATG Met | GTT Val | CGG Arg | CAG Gln | GTT Val | GGT Gly | AAA Lys | GGC Gly | CGC Arg | TAT Tyr | GGA Gly | 954 |
| GAA Glu | GTA Val | TGG Trp | ATG Met | GGT Gly | AAA Lys | TGG Trp | CGT Arg | GGT Gly | GAA Glu | AAA Lys | GTG Val | GCT Ala | GTC Val | AAA Lys | GTG Val | 1002 |
| TTT Phe | TTT Phe | ACC Thr | ACT Thr | GAA Glu | GAA Glu | GCT Ala | AGC Ser | TGG Trp | TTT Phe | AGA Arg | GAA Glu | ACA Thr | GAA Glu | ATC Ile | TAC Tyr | 1050 |
| CAG Gln | ACG Thr | GTG Val | TTA Leu | ATG Met | CGT Arg | CAT His | GAA Glu | AAT Asn | ATA Ile | CTT Leu | GGT Gly | TTT Phe | ATA Ile | GCT Ala | GCA Ala | 1098 |
| GAC Asp | ATT Ile | AAA Lys | GGC Gly | ACT Thr | GGT Gly | TCC Ser | TGG Trp | ACT Thr | CAG Gln | CTG Leu | TAT Tyr | TTG Leu | ATT Ile | ACT Thr | GAT Asp | 1146 |
| TAC Tyr | CAT His | GAA Glu | AAT Asn | GGA Gly | TCT Ser | CTC Leu | TAT Tyr | GAC Asp | TTC Phe | CTG Leu | AAA Lys | TGT Cys | GCC Ala | ACA Thr | CTA Leu | 1194 |
| GAC Asp | ACC Thr | AGA Arg | GCC Ala | CTA Leu | CTC Leu | AAG Lys | TTA Leu | GCT Ala | TAT Tyr | TCT Ser | GCT Ala | GCT Ala | TGT Cys | GGT Gly | CTG Leu | 1242 |

| | |
|---|------|
| TGC CAC CTC CAC ACA GAA ATT TAT GGT ACC CAA GGG AAG CCT GCA ATT Cys His Leu His Thr Glu Ile Tyr Gly Thr Gln Gly Lys Pro Ala Ile 345 350 355 | 1290 |
| GCT CAT CGA GAC CTG AAG AGC AAA AAC ATC CTT ATT AAG AAA AAT GGA Ala His Arg Asp Leu Lys Ser Lys Asn Ile Leu Ile Lys Lys Asn Gly 360 365 370 | 1338 |
| AGT TGC TGT ATT GCT GAC CTG GGC CTA GCT GTT AAA TTC AAC AGT GAT Ser Cys Cys Ile Ala Asp Leu Gly Leu Ala Val Lys Phe Asn Ser Asp 375 380 385 390 | 1386 |
| ACA AAT GAA GTT GAC ATA CCC TTG AAT ACC AGG GTG GGC ACC AAG CGG Thr Asn Glu Pro Asp Ile Pro Leu Asn Thr Arg Thr Lys Arg 395 400 405 | 1434 |
| TAC ATG GCT CCA GAA GTG CTG GAT GAA AGC CTG AAT AAA AAC CAT TTC Tyr Met Ala Pro Glu Val Leu Asp Glu Ser Lys Asn Lys His Phe 410 415 420 | 1482 |
| CAG CCC TAC ATC ATG GCT GAC ATC TAT AGC TTT GGT TTG ATC ATT TGG Gln Pro Tyr Ile Met Ala Asp Ile Tyr Ser Phe Gly Leu Ile Ile Trp 425 430 435 | 1530 |
| GAA ATG GCT CGT CGT TGT ATT ACA GGA GGA ATC GTG GAG GAA TAT CAA Glu Met Ala Arg Arg Cys Ile Thr Gly Gly Ile Val Glu Glu Tyr Gln 440 445 450 | 1578 |
| TTA CCA TAT TAC AAC ATG GTG CCC AGT GAC CCA TCC TAT GAG GAC ATC Leu Pro Tyr Tyr Asn Met Val Pro Ser Asp Pro Ser Tyr Glu Asp Met 455 460 465 470 | 1626 |
| CGT GAG GTT GTG TGT GTG AAA CGC TTG CGG CCA ATC GTG TCT AAC CGC Arg Glu Val Val Cys Val Lys Arg Leu Arg Arg Pro Ile Val Ser Asn Arg 475 480 485 | 1674 |
| TGG AAC AGC GAT GAA TGT CTT CGA GCA GTT TTG AAG CTA ATG TCA GAA Trp Asn Ser Asp Glu Cys Leu Arg Ala Val Leu Lys Leu Met Ser Glu 490 495 500 | 1722 |
| TGT TGG GCC CAT AAT CCA GCC TCC AGA CTC ACA GCT TTG AGA ATC AAG Cys Trp Ala His Asn Pro Ala Ser Arg Leu Thr Ala Leu Arg Ile Lys 505 510 515 | 1770 |
| AAG ACA CTT GCA AAA ATG GTT GAA TCC CAG GAT GTA AAG ATT Lys Thr Leu Ala Lys Met Val Glu Ser Gln Asp Val Lys Ile 520 525 530 | 1812 |
| TGACAATTAA ACAATTTTGA GGGAGAATTT AGACTGCAAG AACTTCTTCA CCCAAGGAAT | 1872 |
| GGGTGGGATT AGCATGGAAT AGGATGTTGA CTTGGTTTCC AGACTCCTTC CTCTACATCT | 1932 |
| TCACAGGCTG CTAACAGTAA ACCTTACCGT ACTCTACAGA ATACAGATT GGAACITGGA | 1992 |
| ACTTCAAAACA TGTCATTCTT TATATATGAC AGCTTTGTTT TAATGTGGGG TTTTTTGT | 2052 |
| TGCTTTTTTT GTTTTGT | 2070 |

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 14:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 532 amino acids
 (B) TYPE: amino acid
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 14:

```

Met Thr Gln Leu Tyr Thr Tyr Ile Arg Leu Leu Gly Ala Cys Leu Phe
 1           5           10
Ile Ile Ser His Val Gln Gly Gln Asn Leu Asp Ser Met Leu His Gly
          20           25           30
Thr Gly Met Lys Ser Asp Leu Asp Gln Lys Lys Pro Glu Asn Gly Val
          35           40           45
Thr Leu Ala Pro Glu Asp Thr Leu Pro Phe Leu Lys Cys Tyr Cys Ser
          50           55           60
Gly His Cys Pro Asp Asp Ala Ile Asn Asn Thr Cys Ile Thr Asn Gly
 65           70           75           80
His Cys Phe Ala Ile Ile Glu Glu Asp Asp Gln Gly Glu Thr Thr Leu
          85           90           95
Thr Ser Gly Cys Met Lys Tyr Glu Gly Ser Asp Phe Gln Cys Lys Asp
          100          105          110
Ser Pro Lys Ala Gln Leu Arg Arg Thr Ile Glu Cys Cys Arg Thr Asn
          115          120          125
Leu Cys Asn Gln Tyr Leu Gln Pro Thr Leu Pro Pro Val Val Ile Gly
          130          135          140
Pro Phe Phe Asp Gly Ser Ile Arg Trp Leu Val Val Leu Ile Ser Met
          145          150          155          160
Ala Val Cys Ile Val Ala Met Ile Ile Phe Ser Ser Cys Phe Cys Tyr
          165          170          175
Lys His Tyr Cys Lys Ser Ile Ser Ser Arg Gly Arg Tyr Asn Arg Asp
          180          185          190
Leu Glu Gln Asp Glu Ala Phe Ile Pro Val Gly Glu Ser Leu Lys Asp
          195          200          205
Leu Ile Asp Gln Ser Gln Ser Ser Gly Ser Gly Ser Gly Leu Pro Leu
          210          215          220
Leu Val Gln Arg Thr Ile Ala Lys Gln Ile Gln Met Val Arg Gln Val
          225          230          235          240
Gly Lys Gly Arg Tyr Gly Glu Val Trp Met Gly Lys Trp Arg Gly Glu
          245          250          255

```

Lys Val Ala Val Lys Val Phe Phe Thr Thr Glu Glu Ala Ser Trp Phe
 260 265 270
 Arg Glu Thr Glu Ile Tyr Gln Thr Val Leu Met Arg His Glu Asn Ile
 275 280 285
 Leu Gly Phe Ile Ala Ala Asp Ile Lys Gly Thr Gly Ser Trp Thr Gln
 290 295 300
 Leu Tyr Leu Ile Thr Asp Tyr His Glu Asn Gly Ser Leu Tyr Asp Phe
 305 310 315 320
 Leu Lys Cys Ala Thr Leu Asp Thr Arg Ala Leu Leu Lys Leu Ala Tyr
 325 330 335
 Ser Ala Ala Cys Gly Leu Cys His Leu His Thr Glu Ile Tyr Gly Thr
 340 345 350
 Gln Gly Lys Pro Ala Ile Ala His Arg Asp Leu Lys Ser Lys Asn Ile
 355 360 365
 Leu Ile Lys Lys Asn Gly Ser Cys Cys Ile Ala Asp Leu Gly Leu Ala
 370 375 380
 Val Lys Phe Asn Ser Asp Thr Asn Glu Val Asp Ile Pro Leu Asn Thr
 385 390 395 400
 Arg Val Gly Thr Lys Arg Tyr Met Ala Pro Glu Val Leu Asp Glu Ser
 405 410 415
 Leu Asn Lys Asn His Phe Gln Pro Tyr Ile Met Ala Asp Ile Tyr Ser
 420 425 430
 Phe Gly Leu Ile Ile Trp Glu Met Ala Arg Arg Cys Ile Thr Gly Gly
 435 440 445
 Ile Val Glu Glu Tyr Gln Leu Pro Tyr Tyr Asn Met Val Pro Ser Asp
 450 455 460
 Pro Ser Tyr Glu Asp Met Arg Glu Val Val Cys Val Lys Arg Leu Arg
 465 470 475 480
 Pro Ile Val Ser Asn Arg Trp Asn Ser Asp Glu Cys Leu Arg Ala Val
 485 490 495
 Leu Lys Leu Met Ser Glu Cys Trp Ala His Asn Pro Ala Ser Arg Leu
 500 505 510
 Thr Ala Leu Arg Ile Lys Lys Thr Leu Ala Lys Met Val Glu Ser Gln
 515 520 525
 Asp Val Lys Ile
 530

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 15:

(1) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 2160 base pairs

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: unknown
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iii) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: Mouse

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: CDS

(B) LOCATION: 10..1524

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 15:

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| CGCGGTTAC | ATG | CGG | GAG | TCG | GCC | GGA | CCC | TCC | TCC | TTC | CCC | CTT | 48 |
| | Met | Ala | Glu | Ser | Ala | Gly | Ala | Ser | Ser | Phe | Phe | Pro | Leu |
| | 1 | | | | 5 | | | | | 10 | | | |
| GTT | GTC | CTC | CTG | CTC | GCC | GGC | AGC | GGC | GGG | TCC | CGG | GGG | ATC |
| Val | Val | Leu | Leu | Leu | Ala | Gly | Ser | Gly | Gly | Ser | Gly | Pro | Arg |
| | 15 | | | | 20 | | | | 25 | | | | 96 |
| CAG | GCT | CTG | CTG | TGT | GCG | TGC | ACC | AGC | TGC | CTA | CAG | ACC | AAC |
| Gln | Ala | Leu | Leu | Cys | Ala | Cys | Thr | Ser | Cys | Leu | Gln | Thr | Asn |
| | 30 | | | | 35 | | | | 40 | | | | 45 |
| TGT | GAG | ACA | GAT | GGG | GCT | TGC | ATG | GTC | TCC | ATC | TTT | AAC | CTG |
| Cys | Glu | Thr | Asp | Gly | Ala | Cys | Met | Val | Ser | Ile | Phe | Asn | Leu |
| | 50 | | | | | | | | 55 | | | | 60 |
| GTG | GAG | CAC | CAT | GTA | CGT | ACC | TGC | ATC | CCC | AAG | GTG | GAG | CTG |
| Val | Glu | His | His | Val | Arg | Thr | Cys | Ile | Pro | Lys | Val | Glu | Leu |
| | 65 | | | | | | | | 70 | | | | 75 |
| GCT | GGA | AAG | CCC | TTC | TAC | TGC | CTG | AGT | TCA | GAG | GAT | CTG | CGC |
| Ala | Gly | Lys | Pro | Phe | Tyr | Cys | Leu | Ser | Ser | Glu | Asp | Leu | Arg |
| | 80 | | | | | | 85 | | | | | 90 | |
| CAC | TGC | TGC | TAT | ATT | GAC | TTC | TGC | AAC | AAG | ATT | GAC | CTC | AGG |
| His | Cys | Cys | Tyr | Ile | Asp | Phe | Cys | Asn | Lys | Ile | Asp | Leu | Arg |
| | 95 | | | | | 100 | | | | | 105 | | |
| AGC | GGA | CAC | CTC | AAG | GAG | CCT | GCG | CAC | CCC | TCC | ATG | TGG | GGC |
| Ser | Gly | His | Leu | Lys | Glu | Pro | Ala | His | Pro | Ser | Met | Trp | Gly |
| | 110 | | | | 115 | | | | 120 | | | | 125 |
| GAG | CTG | GTC | GGC | ATC | ATC | GCC | GGC | CCC | GTC | TTC | CTC | CTC | TTC |
| Glu | Leu | Val | Gly | Ile | Ile | Ala | Gly | Pro | Val | Phe | Leu | Leu | Phe |
| | 130 | | | | | | | | 135 | | | | 140 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | 432 |

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|
| ATT | ATC | ATC | GTC | TTC | CTG | GTC | ATC | AAC | TAT | CAC | CAG | CGT | GTC | TAC | CAT | 480 |
| Ile | Ile | Ile | Val | Phe | Leu | Val | Ile | Asn | Tyr | His | Gln | Arg | Val | Tyr | His | |
| | | | 145 | | | | | 150 | | | | | 155 | | | |
| AAC | CGC | CAG | AGG | TTG | GAC | ATG | GAG | GAC | CCC | TCT | TGC | GAG | ATG | TGT | CTC | 528 |
| Asn | Arg | Gln | Arg | Leu | Asp | Met | Glu | Asp | Pro | Ser | Cys | Glu | Met | Cys | Leu | |
| | | | 160 | | | | 165 | | | | | 170 | | | | |
| TCC | AAA | GAC | AAG | ACG | CTC | CAG | GAT | CTC | GTC | TAC | GAC | CTC | TCC | ACG | TCA | 576 |
| Ser | Lys | Asp | Lys | Thr | Leu | Gln | Asp | Leu | Val | Tyr | Asp | Leu | Ser | Thr | Ser | |
| | | | 175 | | | | 180 | | | | 185 | | | | | |
| GGG | TCT | GGC | TCA | GGG | TTA | CCC | CTT | TTT | GTC | CAG | CGC | ACA | GTG | GCC | CGA | 624 |
| Gly | Ser | Gly | Ser | Gly | Leu | Pro | Leu | Val | Val | Val | Arg | Thr | Val | Ala | Arg | |
| | | | | | | 195 | | | 200 | | | | | 205 | | |
| ACC | ATT | GTT | TTA | CAA | GAG | ATT | ATC | GGC | AAG | GGC | Gly | Arg | Phe | Gly | GAA | 672 |
| Thr | Ile | Val | Leu | Gln | Glu | Ile | Ile | Gly | Lys | Gly | Arg | Thr | Thr | Gly | Glu | |
| | | | | 210 | | | | | 215 | | | | | 220 | | |
| TGG | CGT | GGT | CGC | TGG | AGG | GGT | GGT | GAC | GTG | GCT | GTG | AAA | ATC | TTC | TCT | 720 |
| Trp | Arg | Gly | Arg | Trp | Arg | Gly | Gly | Asp | Val | Ala | Val | Lys | Ile | Phe | Ser | |
| | | | 225 | | | | | 230 | | | | | 235 | | | |
| TCT | CGT | GAA | GAA | CGG | TCT | TGG | TTC | CGT | GAA | GCA | GAG | ATC | TAC | CAG | ACC | 768 |
| Ser | Arg | Glu | Glu | Arg | Ser | Trp | Phe | Thr | Glu | Ala | Glu | Ile | Tyr | Gln | Thr | |
| | | | 240 | | | | 245 | | | | | 250 | | | | |
| GTC | ATG | CTG | CGC | CAT | GAA | AAC | ATC | CTT | GGC | TTT | ATT | GCT | GCT | GAC | AAT | 816 |
| Val | Met | Leu | Arg | His | Glu | Asn | Ile | Leu | Gly | Phe | Ile | Ala | Ala | Asp | Asn | |
| | | | 255 | | | 260 | | | | | 265 | | | | | |
| AAA | GAT | AAT | GGC | ACC | TGG | ACC | CAG | CTG | TGG | CTT | GTG | TCT | GAC | TAT | CAC | 864 |
| Lys | Asp | Asn | Gly | Thr | Trp | Thr | Gln | Leu | Trp | Leu | Val | Ser | Asp | Tyr | His | |
| | | | 270 | | | 275 | | | 280 | | | | | 285 | | |
| GAG | CAT | GGC | TCA | CTG | TTT | GAT | TAT | CTG | AAC | CGC | TAC | ACA | GTG | ACC | ATT | 912 |
| Glu | His | Gly | Ser | Leu | Phe | Asp | Tyr | Leu | Asn | Arg | Tyr | Thr | Val | Thr | Ile | |
| | | | 290 | | | | | | 295 | | | | | 300 | | |
| GAG | GGA | ATG | ATT | AAG | CTA | GCC | TTG | TCT | GCA | GCC | AGT | GCT | TTG | GCA | CAC | 960 |
| Glu | Gly | Met | Ile | Lys | Leu | Ala | Leu | Ser | Ala | Ala | Ser | Gly | Leu | Ala | His | |
| | | | 305 | | | | | 310 | | | | | 315 | | | |
| CTG | CAT | ATG | GAG | ATT | GTG | GGC | ACT | CAA | GGG | AAG | CCG | GGA | ATT | GCT | CAT | 1008 |
| Leu | His | Met | Glu | Ile | Val | Gly | Thr | Gln | Gly | Lys | Pro | Gly | Ile | Ala | His | |
| | | | 320 | | | | 325 | | | | | 330 | | | | |
| CGA | GAC | TTG | AAG | TCA | AAG | AAC | ATC | CTG | GTG | AAA | AAA | AAT | GGC | ATG | TGT | 1056 |
| Arg | Asp | Leu | Lys | Ser | Lys | Asn | Ile | Leu | Val | Lys | Lys | Asn | Gly | Met | Cys | |
| | | | 335 | | | 340 | | | | | 345 | | | | | |
| GCC | ATT | GCA | GAC | CTG | GGC | CTG | GCT | GTC | CGT | CAT | GAT | CGG | GTC | ACT | GAC | 1104 |
| Ala | Ile | Ala | Asp | Leu | Gly | Leu | Ala | Val | Arg | His | Asp | Ala | Val | Thr | Asp | |
| | | | | | 355 | | | | 360 | | | | | 365 | | |
| ACC | ATA | GAC | ATT | GCT | CCA | AAT | CAG | AGG | GTG | GGG | ACC | AAA | CGA | TAC | ATG | 1152 |
| Thr | Ile | Asp | Ile | Ala | Pro | Asn | Gln | Arg | Val | Gly | Thr | Lys | Arg | Tyr | Met | |
| | | | | 370 | | | | | 375 | | | | | 380 | | |

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------|
| GCT Ala | CCT Pro | GAA Glu | GTG Val 385 | CTT Leu | GAC Asp | GAG Glu | ACA Thr | ATC Ile 390 | AAC Asn | ATG Met | AAG Lys | CAC His | TTT Phe 395 | GAC Asp | TCC Ser | 1200 |
| TTC Phe | AAA Lys | TGT Cys 400 | GCC Ala | GAC Asp | ATC Ile | TAT Tyr | GCC Ala 405 | CTC Leu | GGG Gly | CTT Leu | GTC Val 410 | TAC Tyr | TGG Trp | GAG Glu | ATT Ile | 1248 |
| GCA Ala | CGA Arg 415 | AGA Arg | TGC Cys | AAT Asn | TCT Ser | GGA Gly 420 | GGA Gly | GTG Val | CAT His | GAA Glu | GAC Asp 425 | TAT Tyr | CAA Gln | CTG Leu | CCG Pro | 1296 |
| TAT Tyr 430 | TAC Tyr | GAC Asp | TTA Val | GTG Val | CCC Pro 435 | TCC Ser | GAC Asp | CCT Pro | TCC Ser | ATT Ile 440 | GAG Glu | GAG Glu | ATG Met | CGA Arg | AAG Lys 445 | 1344 |
| GTT Val | GTA Val | TGT Cys | GAC Asp 450 | CAG Gln | AAG Lys | CTA Leu | CGG Arg | CCC Pro | AAT Asn 455 | GTG Val | CCC Pro | AAC Asn | TGG Trp | TGG Trp 460 | CAG Gln | 1392 |
| AGT Ser | TAT Tyr | GAG Glu | GCC Ala 465 | TTG Leu | CGA Arg | GTG Val | ATG Met | GGA Gly 470 | AAG Lys | ATG Met | ATG Met | CGG Arg | GAG Glu 475 | TGC Cys | TGG Trp | 1440 |
| TAC Tyr | GCC Ala | AAT Asn 480 | GGT Gly | GCT Ala | GCC Ala | CGT Arg | CTG Leu 485 | ACA Thr | GCT Ala | CTG Leu | CGC Arg | ATC Ile 490 | AAG Lys | AAG Lys | ACT Thr | 1488 |
| CTG Leu | TCC Ser | CAG Gln 495 | CTA Leu | AGC Ser | GTG Val | CAG Gln 500 | GAA Glu | GAT Asp | GTG Val 505 | AAG Lys | ATT Ile 505 | TAAGCTGTTCTC | | | 1534 | |
| CTCTGCCTAC ACAAAGAACC TGGGCGAGTGA GGATGACTGC AGCCACCGTG CAAGCGTCGT | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1594 |
| GGAGGCGCTAT CCTCTTGTGTTT CTGCCCCGGCC CTCTGCCAGA GCCCTGGCCT GCAAGAGGGA | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1654 |
| CAGAGCGCTGG GAGACGCGCG CACTCCCGTT GGGTTTGAGA CAGACACTTT TTATATTAC | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1714 |
| CTCCTGATGG CATGGAGACC TGAGCAAATC ATGTAGTCAC TCAATGCCAC AACTCAAAC | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1774 |
| GCTTCAGTGG GAAGTACAGA GACCCAGTGC ATTGCGTGTG CAGGAGCGTG AGGTGCTGGG | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1834 |
| CTCGCCAGGA GCGGCCCCCA TACCTTGTGG TCCACTGGTG TGCAGGTTTT CCTCCAGGGA | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1894 |
| CCAGTCAACT GGCATCAAGA TATTGAGAGG AACCGGAAGT TTCTCCCTCC TTCCCGTAGC | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1954 |
| AGTCCTGAGC CACACCAATG TTCTCATGGA CATCCGGAGG ACTGCCCTTA GAGACACAAC | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 2014 |
| CTGCTGCGTG TCTGTCCAGC CAAGTGCCCA TGTGCCGAGG TGTGTCCAC ATTGTGCTGT | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 2074 |
| GTCTGTGCCA CGCCCGTGTG TGTGTGTGTG TGTGTGAGTG AGTGTGTGTG TGTACACTTA | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 2134 |
| ACCTGCTTGA GCTTCTGTGC ATGTGT | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 2160 |

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 16:

- (1) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 (A) LENGTH: 505 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 16:

```

Met Ala Glu Ser Ala Gly Ala Ser Ser Phe Phe Pro Leu Val Val Leu
 1          5          10          15
Leu Leu Ala Gly Ser Gly Gly Ser Gly Pro Arg Gly Ile Gln Ala Leu
          20          25          30
Leu Cys Ala Cys Thr Ser Cys Leu Gln Thr Asn Tyr Thr Cys Glu Thr
          35          40          45
Asp Gly Ala Cys Met Val Ser Ile Phe Asn Leu Asp Gly Val Glu His
          50          55          60
His Val Arg Thr Cys Ile Pro Lys Val Glu Leu Val Pro Ala Gly Lys
          65          70          75          80
Pro Phe Tyr Cys Leu Ser Ser Glu Asp Leu Arg Asn Thr His Cys Cys
          85          90          95
Tyr Ile Asp Phe Cys Asn Lys Ile Asp Leu Arg Val Pro Ser Gly His
          100          105          110
Leu Lys Glu Pro Ala His Pro Ser Met Trp Gly Pro Val Glu Leu Val
          115          120          125
Gly Ile Ile Ala Gly Pro Val Phe Leu Leu Phe Leu Ile Ile Ile Ile
          130          135          140
Val Phe Leu Val Ile Asn Tyr His Gln Arg Val Tyr His Asn Arg Gln
          145          150          155          160
Arg Leu Asp Met Glu Asp Pro Ser Cys Glu Met Cys Leu Ser Lys Asp
          165          170          175
Lys Thr Leu Gln Asp Leu Val Tyr Asp Leu Ser Thr Ser Gly Ser Gly
          180          185          190
Ser Gly Leu Pro Leu Phe Val Gln Arg Thr Val Ala Arg Thr Ile Val
          195          200          205
Leu Gln Glu Ile Ile Gly Lys Gly Arg Phe Gly Glu Val Trp Arg Gly
          210          215          220
Arg Trp Arg Gly Gly Asp Val Ala Val Lys Ile Phe Ser Ser Arg Glu
          225          230          235          240
Glu Arg Ser Trp Phe Arg Glu Ala Glu Ile Tyr Gln Thr Val Met Leu
          245          250          255
Arg His Glu Asn Ile Leu Gly Phe Ile Ala Ala Asp Asn Lys Asp Asn
          260          265          270

```

Gly Thr Trp Thr Gln Leu Trp Leu Val Ser Asp Tyr His Glu His Gly
 275 280
 Ser Leu Phe Asp Tyr Leu Asn Arg Tyr Thr Val Thr Ile Glu Gly Met
 290 295 300
 Ile Lys Leu Ala Leu Ser Ala Ala Ser Gly Leu Ala His Leu His Met
 305 310 315 320
 Glu Ile Val Gly Thr Gln Gly Lys Pro Gly Ile Ala His Arg Asp Leu
 325 330 335
 Lys Ser Lys Asn Ile Leu Val Lys Lys Asn Gly Met Cys Ala Ile Ala
 340 345 350
 Asp Leu Gly Leu Ala Val Arg His Asp Ala Val Thr Asp Thr Ile Asp
 355 360 365
 Ile Ala Pro Asn Gln Arg Val Gly Thr Lys Arg Tyr Met Ala Pro Glu
 370 375 380
 Val Leu Asp Glu Thr Ile Asn Met Lys His Phe Asp Ser Phe Lys Cys
 385 390 395 400
 Ala Asp Ile Tyr Ala Leu Gly Leu Val Tyr Trp Glu Ile Ala Arg Arg
 405 410 415
 Cys Asn Ser Gly Gly Val His Glu Asp Tyr Gln Leu Pro Tyr Tyr Asp
 420 425 430
 Leu Val Pro Ser Asp Pro Ser Ile Glu Glu Met Arg Lys Val Val Cys
 435 440 445
 Asp Gln Lys Leu Arg Pro Asn Val Pro Asn Trp Trp Gln Ser Tyr Glu
 450 455 460
 Ala Leu Arg Val Met Gly Lys Met Met Arg Glu Cys Trp Tyr Ala Asn
 465 470 475 480
 Gly Ala Ala Arg Leu Thr Ala Leu Arg Ile Lys Lys Thr Leu Ser Gln
 485 490 495
 Leu Ser Val Gln Glu Asp Val Lys Ile
 500 505

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 17:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 1952 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: unknown
- (D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iii) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: Mouse

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: CDS

(B) LOCATION: 187..1692

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 17:

| | |
|---|-----|
| AAGCGGCGGC AGAAGTTGCC GCGGTGGTGC TCGTAGTGAG GCGCGGAGG ACCCGGGACC | 60 |
| TGGGAAGCGG CGGCGGGTTA ACTTCGGCTG AATCACACACC ATTGGCGCT GAGCTATGAC | 120 |
| AAGAGAGCAA ACAAAGTT AAAGGAGCAA CCCGGCCATA AGTGAAGAGA GAAGTTTATT | 180 |
| GATAAC ATG CTC TTA CGA AGC TCT GGA AAA TTA AAT GTG GGC ACC AAG | 228 |
| Met Leu Leu Arg Ser Ser Gly Lys Asn Val Gly Thr Lys | |
| 1 5 10 | |
| AAG GAG GAT GGA GAG AGT ACA GCC CCC ACC CCT CGG CCC AAG ATC CTA | 276 |
| Lys Glu Asp Gly Glu Ser Thr Ala Pro Thr Pro Arg Pro Lys Ile Leu | |
| 15 20 25 30 | |
| CGT TGT AAA TGC CAC CAC CAC TGT CCG GAA GAC TCA GTC AAC AAT ATC | 324 |
| Arg Cys Lys Cys His His His Cys Pro Glu Asp Ser Val Asn Asn Ile | |
| 35 40 45 | |
| TGC AGC ACA GAT GGG TAC TGC TTC ACG ATG ATA GAA GAA GAT GAC TCT | 372 |
| Cys Ser Thr Asp Gly Tyr Cys Phe Thr Met Ile Glu Glu Asp Asp Ser | |
| 50 55 60 | |
| GGA ATG CCT GTT GTC ACC TCT GGA TGT CTA GGA CTA GAA GGG TCA GAT | 420 |
| Gly Met Pro Val Val Thr Ser Gly Cys Leu Gly Leu Glu Gly Ser Asp | |
| 65 70 75 | |
| TTT CAA TGT CGT GAC ACT CCC ATT CCT CAT CAA AGA AGA TCA ATT GAA | 468 |
| Phe Gln Cys Arg Asp Thr Pro Ile Pro His Gln Arg Arg Ser Ile Glu | |
| 80 85 90 | |
| TGC TGC ACA GAA AGG AAT GAG TGT AAT AAA GAC CTC CAC CCC ACT CTG | 516 |
| Cys Cys Thr Glu Arg Asn Glu Cys Asn Lys Asp Leu His Pro Thr Leu | |
| 95 100 105 110 | |
| CCT CCT CTC AAG GAC AGA GAT TTT GTT GAT GGG CCC ATA CAC CAC AAG | 564 |
| Pro Pro Leu Lys Asp Arg Asp Phe Val Asp Pro Ile His His Lys | |
| 115 120 125 | |
| GCC TTG CTT ATC TCT GTG ACT GTC TGT AGT TTA CTC TTG GTC CTC ATT | 612 |
| Ala Leu Leu Ile Ser Val Thr Val Cys Ser Leu Leu Leu Val Leu Ile | |
| 130 135 140 | |
| ATT TTA TTC TGT TAC TTC TAC TAT AAA AGA CAA GAA GCC CGA CCT CGG | 660 |
| Ile Leu Phe Cys Tyr Phe Arg Tyr Lys Arg Gln Glu Ala Arg Pro Arg | |
| 145 150 155 | |

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------|
| TAC Tyr | AGC Ser | ATT Ile | GGG Gly | CTG Leu | GAG Glu | CAG Gln | GAC Asp | GAG Glu | ACA Thr | TAC Tyr | ATT Ile | CCT Pro | CCT Pro | GGA Gly | GAG Glu | 708 |
| 160 | | | | | | 165 | | | | | 170 | | | | | |
| TCC Ser | CTG Leu | AGA Arg | GAC Asp | TTG Leu | ATC Ile | GAG Gln | CAG Gln | TCT Ser | CAG Gln | AGC Ser | TGG Sor | GGA Gly | AGT Ser | GGA Gly | TCA Ser | 756 |
| 175 | | | | | 180 | | | | | 185 | | | | | 190 | |
| GGC Gly | CTC Leu | CCT Pro | CTG Leu | CTG Val | GTC Val | CAA Gln | AGG Arg | ACA Thr | ATA Ile | GCT Ala | AAG Lys | CAA Gln | ATT Ile | CAG Gln | ATG Met | 804 |
| | | | | 195 | | | | | 200 | | | | | 205 | | |
| GTG Val | AAG Lys | CAG Gln | ATT Ile | GGA Gly | AAA Lys | GGC Gly | CGC Arg | TAT Tyr | GGC Gly | GAG Glu | GTG Val | TGG Trp | ATG Met | GGA Gly | AAG Lys | 852 |
| | | | | 210 | | | | 215 | | | | | 220 | | | |
| TGG Trp | CGT Arg | GGA Gly | GAA Glu | AAG Lys | GTG Val | GCT Ala | GTG Val | AAA Lys | GTG Val | TTC Phe | TTC Phe | ACC Thr | ACG Thr | GAG Glu | GAA Glu | 900 |
| | | 225 | | | | 230 | | | | | | 235 | | | | |
| GCC Ala | AGC Ser | TGG Trp | TTC Phe | CGA Arg | GAG Glu | ACT Thr | GAG Glu | ATA Ile | TAT Tyr | CAG Gln | ACG Thr | GTC Val | CTG Leu | ATG Met | CGG Arg | 948 |
| | | 240 | | | | 245 | | | | | 250 | | | | | |
| CAT His | GAG Glu | AAT Asn | ATT Ile | CTG Leu | GGG Gly | TTC Phe | ATT Ile | GCT Ala | GCA Ala | GAT Ala | ATC Ile | AAA Lys | GGG Gly | ACT Thr | GGG Gly | 996 |
| 255 | | | | | 260 | | | | | 265 | | | | 270 | | |
| TCC Ser | TGG Trp | ACT Thr | CAG Gln | TTG Leu | TAC Tyr | CTC Leu | ATC Ile | ACA Thr | GAC Asp | TAT Tyr | CAT His | GAA Glu | AAC Asn | GGC Gly | TCC Ser | 1044 |
| | | | | 275 | | | | | 280 | | | | | 285 | | |
| CTT Leu | TAT Tyr | GAC Asp | TAT Tyr | CTG Leu | AAA Lys | TCC Ser | ACC Thr | ACC Thr | TTA Leu | GAC Asp | GCA Ala | AAG Lys | TCC Ser | ATG Met | CTG Leu | 1092 |
| | | | | 290 | | | | 295 | | | | | 300 | | | |
| AAG Lys | CTA Leu | GCC Ala | TAC Tyr | TCC Ser | TCT Ser | GTC Val | AGC Ser | CGC Gly | CTA Leu | TGC Cys | CAT His | TTA Leu | CAC His | ACG Thr | GAA Glu | 1140 |
| | | 305 | | | | | 310 | | | | | 315 | | | | |
| ATC Ile | TTT Phe | AGC Ser | ACT Thr | CAA Gln | GGC Gly | AAG Lys | CCA Pro | GCA Ala | ATC Ile | GCC Ala | CAT His | CGA Arg | GAC Asp | TTG Leu | AAA Lys | 1188 |
| | 320 | | | | | 325 | | | | 330 | | | | | | |
| AGT Ser | AAA Lys | AAC Asn | ATC Ile | CTG Leu | GTG Val | AAG Lys | AAA Lys | AAT Asn | GGA Gly | ACT Thr | TGC Cys | TGC Cys | ATA Ile | GCA Ala | GAC Asp | 1236 |
| 335 | | | | | 340 | | | | 345 | | | | | 350 | | |
| CTG Leu | GGC Gly | TTG Leu | GCT Ala | GTC Val | AAG Lys | TTC Phe | ATT Ile | AGT Ser | GAC Asp | ACA Thr | AAT Asn | GAG Glu | GTT Val | GAC Asp | ATC Ile | 1284 |
| | | | | 355 | | | | | 360 | | | | | 365 | | |
| CCA Pro | CCC Pro | AAC Asn | ACC Arg | CGG Val | GTT Val | GGC Gly | ACC Thr | AAG Lys | CGC Arg | TAT Tyr | ATG Met | CCT Pro | CCA Pro | GAA Glu | GTG Val | 1332 |
| | | | | 370 | | | | 375 | | | | | 380 | | | |
| CTG Leu | GAC Asp | GAG Glu | AGC Ser | TTG Leu | AAT Asn | AGA Arg | AAC Arg | CAT His | TTC Phe | CAG Gln | TCC Ser | TAC Tyr | ATT Ile | ATG Met | GCT Ala | 1380 |
| | | | 385 | | | | 390 | | | | | 395 | | | | |

| | |
|---|------|
| GAC ATG TAC AGC TTT GGA CTC ATC CTC TGG GAG ATT GCA AGG AGA TGT Asp Met Tyr Ser Phe Gly Leu Ile Leu Trp Glu Ile Ala Arg Arg Cys 400 405 410 | 1428 |
| GTT TCT GGA GGT ATA GTG GAA GAA TAC CAG CTT CCC TAT CAC GAC CTG Val Ser Gly Gly Ile Val Glu Glu Tyr Gln Leu Pro Tyr His Asp Leu 415 420 425 430 | 1476 |
| GTG CCC AGT GAC CCT TCT TAT GAG GAC ATG AGA GAA ATT GTG TGC ATG Val Pro Ser Asp Pro Ser Tyr Glu Asp Met Arg Glu Ile Val Cys Met 435 440 445 | 1524 |
| AAG AAG TTA CGG CCT TCA TTC CCC AAT CGA TGG AGC AGT GAT GAG TGT Lys Lys Leu Arg Pro Ser Phe Pro Asn Arg Trp Ser Ser Asp Glu Cys 450 455 460 | 1572 |
| CTC AGG CAG ATG GGG AAG CTT ATG ACA GAG TGC TGG GCG CAG AAT CCT Leu Arg Gln Met Gly Lys Leu Met Thr Glu Cys Trp Ala Gln Asn Pro 465 470 475 | 1620 |
| GCC TCC AGG CTG ACG GCC CTG AGA GTT AAG AAA ACC CTT GCC AAA ATG Ala Ser Arg Leu Thr Ala Leu Arg Val Lys Lys Thr Leu Ala Lys Met 480 485 490 | 1668 |
| TCA GAG TCC CAG GAC ATT AAA CTC TGACGTCAGA TACTTGTGGA CAGAGCAAGA Ser Glu Ser Gln Asp Ile Lys Leu 495 500 | 1722 |
| ATTTACAGAGA AGCATCGTTA GCCCAAGCCT TGAACGTTAG CCTACTGCCC AGTGAGTTCA 1782 | |
| GACTTTCCTG GAAGAGAGCA CGGTGGGCAG ACACAGAGGA ACCCAGAAAC ACGGATTTCAT 1842 | |
| CATGGCTTTC TGAGGAGGAG AAACGTGTTG GGTAACTTGT TCAAGATATG ATGCATGTTG 1902 | |
| CTTTCTAAGA AAGCCCTGTA TTTTGAATTA CCATTTTTTT ATRAAAAAAA 1952 | |

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 18:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 502 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 18:

| |
|--|
| Met Leu Leu Arg Ser Ser Gly Lys Leu Asn Val Gly Thr Lys Lys Glu 1 5 10 15 |
| Asp Gly Glu Ser Thr Ala Pro Thr Pro Arg Pro Lys Ile Leu Arg Cys 20 25 30 |
| Lys Cys His His Cys Pro Glu Asp Ser Val Asn Asn Ile Cys Ser 35 40 45 |
| Thr Asp Gly Tyr Cys Phe Thr Met Ile Glu Glu Asp Asp Ser Gly Met 50 55 60 |

Pro Val Val Thr Ser Gly Cys Leu Gly Leu Glu Gly Ser Asp Phe Gln
 65 70 75 80
 Cys Arg Asp Thr Pro Ile Pro His Gln Arg Ser Ile Glu Cys Cys
 85 90 95
 Thr Glu Arg Asn Glu Cys Asn Lys Asp Leu His Pro Thr Leu Pro Pro
 100 105 110
 Leu Lys Asp Arg Asp Phe Val Asp Gly Pro Ile His His Lys Ala Leu
 115 120 125
 Leu Ile Ser Val Thr Val Cys Ser Leu Leu Val Leu Ile Ile Leu
 130 135 140
 Phe Cys Tyr Phe Arg Tyr Lys Arg Gln Glu Ala Arg Pro Arg Tyr Ser
 145 150 155 160
 Ile Gly Leu Glu Gln Asp Glu Thr Tyr Ile Pro Pro Gly Glu Ser Leu
 165 170 175
 Arg Asp Leu Ile Glu Gln Ser Gln Ser Ser Gly Ser Gly Ser Gly Leu
 180 185 190
 Pro Leu Leu Val Gln Arg Thr Ile Ala Lys Gln Ile Gln Met Val Lys
 195 200 205
 Gln Ile Gly Lys Gly Arg Tyr Gly Glu Val Trp Met Gly Lys Trp Arg
 210 215 220
 Gly Glu Lys Val Ala Val Lys Val Phe Phe Thr Thr Glu Glu Ala Ser
 225 230 235 240
 Trp Phe Arg Glu Thr Glu Ile Tyr Gln Thr Val Leu Met Arg His Glu
 245 250 255
 Asn Ile Leu Gly Phe Ile Ala Ala Asp Ile Lys Gly Thr Gly Ser Trp
 260 265 270
 Thr Gln Leu Tyr Leu Ile Thr Asp Tyr His Glu Asn Gly Ser Leu Tyr
 275 280 285
 Asp Tyr Leu Lys Ser Thr Thr Leu Asp Ala Lys Ser Met Leu Lys Leu
 290 295 300
 Ala Tyr Ser Ser Val Ser Gly Leu Cys His Leu His Thr Glu Ile Phe
 305 310 315 320
 Ser Thr Gln Gly Lys Pro Ala Ile Ala His Arg Asp Leu Lys Ser Lys
 325 330 335
 Asn Ile Leu Val Lys Lys Asn Gly Thr Cys Cys Ile Ala Asp Leu Gly
 340 345 350
 Leu Ala Val Lys Phe Ile Ser Asp Thr Asn Glu Val Asp Ile Pro Pro
 355 360 365
 Asn Thr Arg Val Gly Thr Lys Arg Tyr Met Pro Pro Glu Val Leu Asp
 370 375 380

79

Glu Ser Leu Asn Arg Asn His Phe Gln Ser Tyr Ile Met Ala Asp Met
 385 390
 Tyr Ser Phe Gly Leu Ile Leu Trp Glu Ile Ala Arg Arg Cys Val Ser
 405 410 415
 Gly Gly Ile Val Glu Glu Tyr Gln Leu Pro Tyr His Asp Leu Val Pro
 420 425 430
 Ser Asp Pro Ser Tyr Glu Asp Met Arg Glu Ile Val Cys Met Lys Lys
 435 440 445
 Leu Arg Pro Ser Phe Pro Asn Arg Trp Ser Ser Asp Glu Cys Leu Arg
 450 455 460
 Gln Met Gly Lys Leu Met Thr Glu Cys Trp Ala Gln Asn Pro Ala Ser
 465 470 475 480
 Arg Leu Thr Ala Leu Arg Val Lys Lys Thr Leu Ala Lys Met Ser Glu
 485 490 495
 Ser Gln Asp Ile Lys Leu
 500

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 19:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 28 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iii) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 19:

GCCGATCCTG TTGTGAAGGN AATATGTG

28

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 20:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 24 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iii) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 20:

GCGATCCGTC GCAGTCAAAA TTTT

24

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 21:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
(A) LENGTH: 26 base pairs
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iii) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 21:

GCGGATCCGC GATATATTAA AAGCAA

26

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 22:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
(A) LENGTH: 20 base pairs
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iii) ANTI-SENSE: YES

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 22:

CGGAATTCTG GTGCCATATA

20

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 23:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
(A) LENGTH: 37 base pairs
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iii) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 23:

ATTCAAGGGC ACATCAACTT CATTGTGTC ACTGTG

37

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 24:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
(A) LENGTH: 26 base pairs
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iii) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 24:

GCGGATCCAC CATGGCGGAG TCGGCC

26

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 25:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
(A) LENGTH: 20 base pairs
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iii) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 25:

AACACCGGGC CGGCGATGAT

20

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 26:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
(A) LENGTH: 6 amino acids
(B) TYPE: amino acid
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 26:

Gly Xaa Gly Xaa Xaa Gly
1 5

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 27:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
(A) LENGTH: 6 amino acids
(B) TYPE: amino acid
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 27:

Asp Phe Lys Ser Arg Asn
1 5

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 28:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
(A) LENGTH: 6 amino acids
(B) TYPE: amino acid
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 28:

Asp Leu Lys Ser Lys Asn
1 5

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 29:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
(A) LENGTH: 6 amino acids
(B) TYPE: amino acid
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 29:

Gly Thr Lys Arg Tyr Met
1 5

CLAIMS

1. An isolated protein having a serine/threonine kinase domain, a DFKSRN or DLKSKN sequence in subdomain VIB and/or a GTKRYM sequence in subdomain VIII.
- 5 2. A protein according to claim 1, which additionally comprises an ATP-binding sequence that is Gly-Xaa-Gly-Xaa-Xaa-Gly in subdomain I, and a Lys residue in subdomain II.
3. An isolated protein having a serine/threonine kinase domain which has more than 50% identity to the kinase
10 domain of any of the amino-acid sequences identified herein as SEQ ID. Nos. 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16 and 18.
4. A protein according to claim 3, wherein the identity is more than 60%.
5. A protein according to any preceding claim, having
15 serine/threonine kinase activity.
6. An isolated protein having all or part of any of the amino-acid sequences identified herein as SEQ. ID Nos. 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16 and 18, and activin receptor type I functionality.
- 20 7. An isolated protein having an amino-acid sequence corresponding to part or all of the amino-acid sequence of an activin type I receptor, and wherein the protein has at least one of the following characteristics:-
(i) serine/threonine kinase activity;
25 (ii) activin-binding activity; and
(iii) activin type II receptor interaction.
8. An isolated protein having all or part of any of the amino-acid sequences identified herein as SEQ. ID Nos. 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16 and 18, and TGF- β -type I receptor
30 functionality.
9. An isolated protein having an amino-acid sequence corresponding to part or all of the amino-acid sequence of a TGF- β -type I receptor, and wherein the protein has at least one of the following characteristics:
35 (i) serine/threonine kinase activity;
(ii) TGF- β -binding activity; and
(iii) TGF- β -type II receptor interaction.

10. A protein according to any of claims 1 to 5, having all or part of the amino-acid sequence identified herein as SEQ ID No. 2.
- 5 11. A protein according to any of claims 1 to 7, having all or part of the amino-acid sequence identified herein as SEQ ID No. 4.
12. A protein according to any of claims 1 to 5, having serine/threonine kinase activity and all or part of the amino-acid sequence identified herein as SEQ ID No. 6.
- 10 13. A protein according to any of claims 1 to 7, having all or part of the amino-acid sequence identified herein as SEQ ID No. 8.
14. A protein according to any of claims 1 to 5, 8 and 9, having all or part of the amino-acid sequence identified
- 15 herein as SEQ ID No. 10.
15. A protein according to any of claims 1 to 5, having all or part of the amino-acid sequence identified herein as SEQ ID No. 12.
16. A protein according to any of claims 1 to 5, having
- 20 all or part of the amino-acid sequence identified herein as SEQ ID No. 14.
17. A protein according to any of claims 1 to 7, having all or part of the amino-acid sequence identified herein as SEQ ID No. 16.
- 25 18. A protein according to any of claims 1 to 5, having all or part of the amino-acid sequence identified herein as SEQ ID No. 18.
19. A protein according to any preceding claim, that is a soluble receptor.
- 30 20. An antibody which binds specifically to a protein as defined in any of claims 1 to 19 and not to at least one other such protein.
21. An isolated nucleic acid molecule which codes for, or is complementary to a nucleic acid molecule which codes
- 35 for, a protein as defined in any of claims 1 to 19.
22. A recombinant nucleic acid molecule comprising at least two heterologous sequences, one of which codes for,

or is complementary to a nucleic acid molecule which codes for, a protein as defined in any of claims 1 to 19.

23. A molecule according to claim 21 or claim 22, wherein the protein is a TGF- β -type I receptor.

5 24. A molecule according to claim 21 or claim 22, wherein the protein is an activin receptor.

25. A DNA or RNA/mRNA molecule according to any of claims 21 to 24.

10 26. A molecule according to any of claims 20 to 24, which additionally comprises, operably associated with the coding sequence, a sequence adapted to allow expression of the protein.

27. A host comprising a molecule according to claim 26, which is capable of expressing the protein.

15 28. A host according to claim 27, which comprises PAE cells.

29. A host according to claim 27 or claim 28, transfected with the Chim A receptor plasmid.

20 30. A product according to any preceding claim, for therapeutic or diagnostic use.

31. Use of a product according to any of claims 1 to 29, for the manufacture of a medicament for use in treating a condition associated with TGF activity.

1/11

| | | | |
|------------|--|---------------------------|----------------|
| cons.aa | G G G V | A K | E |
| htGFBR-II | LDTLVGKGRFAEVYKAKLKQNTSEQFETVAVKIFPYDHYASWKDRKDI | PSDINLKHENILQF | |
| mActR-IIIB | LLEIKARGRFQCVWKAQLMN----- | DFVAVKIKPLQDKQSWOSEREI | FSTPGMKHENILQF |
| mActR-II | LLEVEKARGRFCCVWKAQLLN----- | EYVAVKIFPIQDKQSWQNEYEVYSI | PGMKHENILQF |
| daf-1 | LTRVVGSGRFGNVSRGDYRG----- | EAVAVKVFNADPAFHKEIEIFETRM | LHPNVRLY |
| subdomains | I | II | III IV |

| | |
|------------|--|
| htGFBR-II | LTAERKTELGKQYWLITAFHAKGNLQEYLTRHVISWEDLRNVGSSLARGLSHLHSDHTP-C |
| mActR-IIIB | IAAEIKRGSNLEVELWMLITAFHDKGSLIDYLGKNIITWNELCHVAETMSRGISYLHEDVPWCR |
| mActR-II | ICAEIKRGTSVDVWLMLITAFHEKGSLSDFLKANVVSWNELCHIAETMARGLAYLHEDIPLGK |
| daf-1 | IGSDRVDVTGFVTELMVLVIEYHPGSLHDFLENTVNIETYYNLMRSTASGLAFLHNQIGGSK |
| subdomains | V VI-A |

| | | |
|------------|--|-------------------------|
| cons.aa | DLK N | DFG |
| htGFBR-II | -GRPKMPIVHRDLKSSNIIIVKNDLTCCLCDPGLSLRL--- | GPYSSVDDLANSQGVGTARYMAP |
| mActR-IIIB | -GEGHKPSIAHRDFKSKNVLLKSDLTAVLADPGLAVRF--- | EPGKPPGD--THGQVGTRRYMAP |
| mActR-II | -DGHKPAISHRDIKSKNVLLKKNLTACIADPGLALKF--- | BAGKSAGD--THGQVGTRRYMAP |
| daf-1 | -ESNKPAMAHARDIKSKNTIMYKNDLTCAIGDLGLSLSKPEDAASDI IAN- | ENYKCGTVRYLAP |
| subdomains | VI-B | VII VIII |

Fig. 1

2/11

a.a C C E G N M C
5' GCGGATCCTGTTGTGAAGGNAATATGTG 3' Fig. 2A
BAMHI C C G C

a.a V A V K I F
5' GCGGATCCGTCGCAGTCAAAATTTT 3' Fig. 2B
BamHI G C G G C
T T T A

a.a R D I K S K N
5' GCGGATCCGCGATATATAAAGCAA 3' Fig. 2C
BAMHI A C C GTCT
G A

a.a E P A M Y
5' CGGAATTCTGGTGCCATATA Fig. 2D
EcoRI G G G
A A

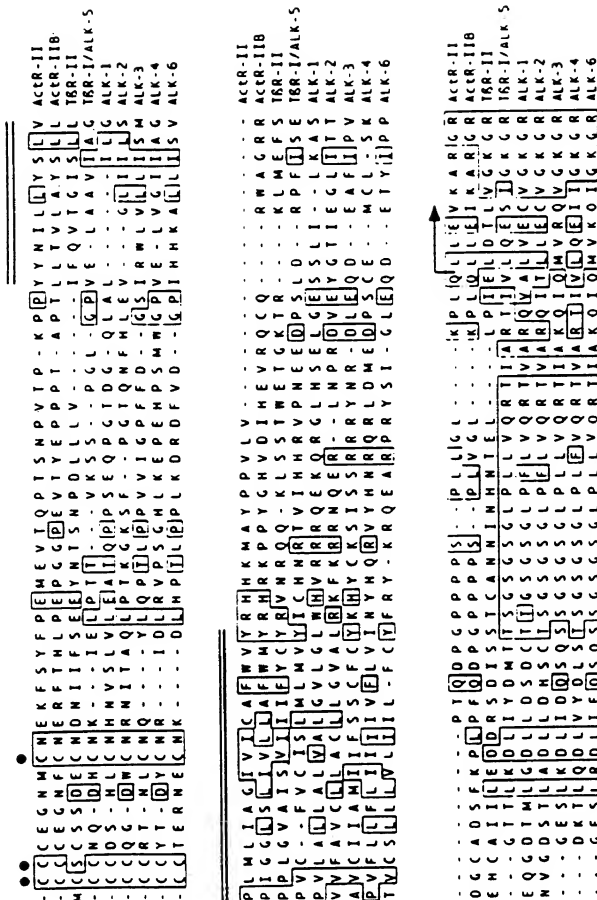


Fig. 3 contd.

K M H L T A C I A D F G L A L K F E A G K S A G D - - T H G Q V G T R R Y M A P E V L E G A C R - II
 K S D L T A V L A D F G L A V R F E P G K P P G D - - T H G Q V G T R R Y M A P E V L E G A C R - II
 K H D L T C C I A D L G L A V R H D S A D T I D L A N S G Q V G T R R Y M A P E V L E S T B R - II
 K K N G T C C I A D L G L A V M H S Q S T N Q L D I G M M P R V G T K R Y M A P E V L D T B R - I / A L K - 5
 K S M L Q C C I A D L G L A V M H S Q S T N Q L D I G M M P R V G T K R Y M A P E V L D E A L K - 1
 K K N G C C C I A D L G L A V K F N S D T N E V D V P L M T R V G T K R Y M A P E V L D E A L K - 2
 K K N G S C C I A D L G L A V K F N S D T N E V D I A P M Q R K R Y M A P E V L D E A L K - 3
 K K N G M C C I A D L G L A V R H D A V T D T I D I A P M Q R K R Y M A P E V L D E A L K - 4
 K K N G T C C I A D L G L A V R F I S D T N E V D I P P M T R V G T K R Y M A P E V L D E A L K - 6

VII

VIII

A T M F Q R - D A F L R I D M Y A M G L V L W E L A S R C T A A D G P P V D E Y M L P F E E A C R - II
 A L M F Q R - D A F L R I D M Y A M G L V L W E L V S R C K A A D G P P V D E Y M L P F E E A C R - II
 R H N L E N A E S F K Q T I O V S M A L V L W E T S R C N A V - G E W D Y E P D F G S T B R - II
 S T M K H F E S F K R A D I Y A M G L V L W E T A R R C S I - G G I M E D Y Q L P Y D T B R - I / A L K - 5
 Q I R T D C F E S Y K W T D I M A F G L V L W E A R R T I V - N G I V E D Y R P P F Y D A L K - 1
 T I T O V D C F D S Y K R V D I M A F G L V L W E A R R W S - M G I V E D Y K P P F Y D A L K - 2
 S L N K M H F Q P Y I M A D I Y S E G L T I M E M A R R C I T - G G I V E E Y Q L P Y D A L K - 3
 S L N K M H F D S F K C I A D I Y A L G L V I M E A R R C M S - G G V H E E Y Q L P Y D A L K - 4
 S L N R M H F E Q S Y I M A D M Y S E G L T I L W E A R R C V S - G G I V E E Y Q L P Y H D A L K - 6

IX

X

E I G Q M P S L E D M H Q E V V V H K K K R P V L R D Y W Q K H A G M A M L C E T I E E C W A C R - II
 E I G Q M P S L E F L Q E V V V H K K K M R P E T K D H M L K H P G Q A Q L C V T I E C W A C R - II
 K V R E M P C V E S H K D M V L R D R G R P E I P S E M L N H Q G C T I O M V C E T I E C W T B R - II
 L V P S D P S V E E M R K V C E Q K L R P T I P N R W Q S C R A L R V M A R I T R E C M T B R - I / A L K - 5
 V V P M D P S F E D M K K V C V D Q Q T I P N R W A A D P V L S G T I A Q M M R E C M A L K - 1
 V V P M D P S F E D M R K V C V D Q Q T I P N R W S D E I C L R A V L K L M S E C M A L K - 2
 M V P S D P S I E D M R E V V C V R L R P I V S N M R M S D E I C L R A V L K L M S E C M A L K - 3
 L V P S D P S I E M R R E V V C D Q K L R P N I T S D E A L R V M C K M M R E C M A L K - 4
 L V P S D P S I E D M R E I Y C M K K L R P S F P N R W S D E I C L R Q M G K L M T I E C W A L K - 6

Fig. 3 contd.

D H D A E A R L S A G C V G E R I T Q M O R L T I T T E D I V T V V T M V T I M V D F P A C R - I I
 D M D A E A R L S A G C V E E R V S L I R R S V M G T I T S D C L V S L V T S V T M V D L L A C R - I I B
 D H D P E A R L T A L Q C V A E R F S E L E H L D R L S G R S C S E E K I P E D G S L N T T T B R - I I
 Y A N G A A R L T A L R I K K T L S Q L S I Q Q E G I M (503) A L K - 1
 Y P N P S A R L T A L R I K K T L Q K I S I M S L P E K P K V I Q (503) A L K - 2
 Y Q N P S A R L T A L R I K K T L K I T I D M S L D K L K T D C (509) A L K - 3
 Y H N P S A R L T A L R I K K T L A K M V E S Q D V K I (532) A L K - 4
 Y A M G A A R L T A L R I K K T L S Q L S I V Q E D V K I (505) A L K - 6
 A Q M P A S R L T A L R I K K T L S Q L S I E S I Q D I I K I L (502)

XI

P K E S S L (513) A C R - I I
 P K E S S I (536) A C R - I I B
 K (567) T B R - I I

Fig. 3 contd.

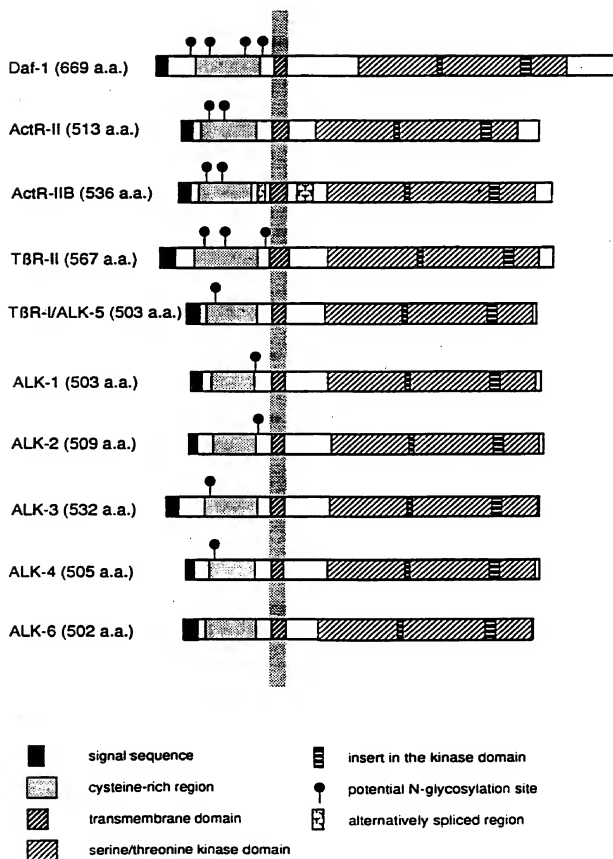


Fig. 4

10/11

| ALK-2 | ALK-3 | ALK-4 | ALK-5 | ActR-II | ActR-IIB | TβR-II | daf-1 | |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|---------|----------|--------|-------|----------|
| 79 | 60 | 61 | 63 | 40 | 40 | 37 | 39 | ALK-1 |
| | 63 | 64 | 65 | 41 | 39 | 37 | 39 | ALK-2 |
| | | 63 | 65 | 41 | 38 | 37 | 39 | ALK-3 |
| | | | 90 | 41 | 40 | 39 | 42 | ALK-4 |
| | | | | 42 | 40 | 41 | 43 | ALK-5 |
| | | | | | 78 | 48 | 35 | ActR-II |
| | | | | | | 47 | 32 | ActR-IIB |
| | | | | | | | 34 | TβR-II |

Fig. 6

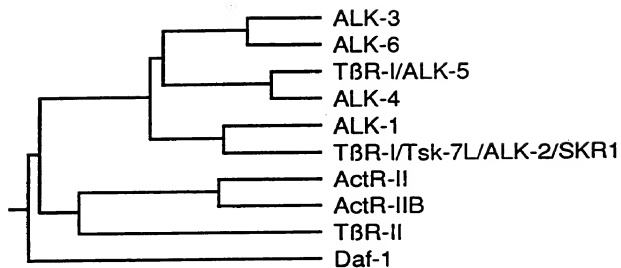


Fig. 7

PATENT COOPERATION TREATY

PCT

From the INTERNATIONAL BUREAU

NOTIFICATION CONCERNING
DOCUMENT TRANSMITTED

To:

United States Patent and Trademark
Office
(Box PCT)
Washington D.C. 20231
United States of America

in its capacity as elected Office

Date of mailing:

22 February 1995 (22.02.95)

International application No.:

PCT/GB93/02367

International filing date:

17 November 1993 (17.11.93)

Applicant:

LUDWIG INSTITUTE FOR CANCER RESEARCH et al

The International Bureau transmits herewith the following documents and number thereof:

_____ copy of the international preliminary examination report and annexes (Article 36(3)(a))

The International Bureau of WIPO
34, chemin des Colombettes
1211 Geneva 20, Switzerland

Facsimile No.: (41-22) 740.14.35

Authorised officer:

I. Britel

Telephone No.: (41-22) 730.91.11

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT


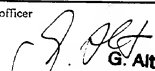
(PCT Article 36 and Rule 70)

| | | |
|---|--|--|
| Applicant's or agent's file reference 70/4201/03 | FOR FURTHER ACTION See Notification of Transmittal of International Preliminary Examination Report (Form PCT/IPEA/416) | |
| International application No. PCT/GB 93/ 02367 | International filing date (day/month/year) 17/11/1993 | Priority date (day/month/year) 17/11/1992 |
| International Patent Classification (IPC) or national classification and IPC C12N15/12 | | |
| Applicant LUDWIG INSTITUTE FOR CANCER RESEARCH et al. | | |

1. This international preliminary examination report has been prepared by this International Preliminary Examining Authority and is transmitted to the applicant according to Article 36.
2. This REPORT consists of a total of 7 sheets, including this cover sheet.
- ☒ This report is also accompanied by ANNEXES, i.e., sheets of the description, claims and/or drawings which have been amended and are the basis for this report and/or sheets containing rectifications made before this Authority (see Rule 70.16 and Section 607 of the Administrative Instructions under the PCT).
- These annexes consists of a total of 1 sheets.

3. This report contains indications and corresponding pages relating to the following items:

- I ☒ Basis of the report
- II ☐ Priority
- III ☒ Non-establishment of opinion with regard to novelty, inventive step and industrial applicability
- IV ☒ Lack of unity of invention
- V ☐ Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement
- VI ☐ Certain documents cited
- VII ☐ Certain defects in the international application
- VIII ☐ Certain observations on the international application

| | |
|---|---|
| Date of submission of the demand 09/06/1994 | Date of completion of this report 17.02.95 |
| Name and mailing address of the IPEA/  European Patent Office D-80298 Munich Tel. (+49-89) 2399-0, Tx: 523656 epmu d Fax: (+49-89) 2399-4465 | Authorized officer  G. Alt Telephone No. |

I. Basis of the report

1. This report has been drawn up on the basis of (Replacement sheets which have been furnished to the receiving Office in response to an invitation under Article 14 are referred to in this report as "originally filed" and are not annexed to the report since they do not contain amendments.):

☐ the international application as originally filed.

☒ the description, pages 1-34, 35-82 (sequence listing) _____, as originally filed,
pages _____, filed with the demand,
pages _____, filed with the letter of _____,
pages _____, filed with the letter of _____.

☒ the claims, Nos. 10-31 _____, as originally filed,
Nos. _____, as amended under Article 19,
Nos. _____, filed with the demand,
Nos. 1-9 _____, filed with the letter of 23/01/95,
Nos. _____, filed with the letter of _____.

☒ the drawings, sheets/fig 1/8-8/8 _____, as originally filed,
sheets/fig _____, filed with the demand,
sheets/fig _____, filed with the letter of _____,
sheets/fig _____, filed with the letter of _____.

2. The amendments have resulted in the cancellation of:

☐ the description, pages _____.
☐ the claims, Nos. _____.
☐ the drawings, sheets/fig _____.

3. ☐ This report has been established as if (some of) the amendments had not been made, since they have been considered to go beyond the disclosure as filed (Rule 70.2(c)):

4. Additional observations, if necessary:

III. Non-establishment of opinion with regard to novelty, inventive step and industrial applicability

The questions whether the claimed invention appears to be novel, to involve an inventive step (to be non-obvious), or to be industrially applicable have not been and will not be examined in respect of:

☐ the entire international application,

☒ claims Nos. 1-31_____

because:

☐ the said international application, or the said claims Nos. _____ relate to the following subject matter which does not require an international preliminary examination (specify):

☒ the description, claims or drawings (indicate particular elements below) or said claims Nos. 1-31_____ are so unclear that no meaningful opinion could be formed (specify):

Article 6 PCT requires that the claims shall be concise; this refers to individual claims as well as to the claims in their entirety (see the PCT-Guidelines, CIII, 5.1).

Moreover, Article 6 PCT taken in combination with Rule 6(3)(b) PCT requires that any independent claim must contain all the technical features essential to the invention, i.e. all those features which distinguish the claimed subject-matter from subject-matter disclosed in the prior art.

The present invention is set out in six independent claims relating to isolated proteins. These six claims provide six differently worded, non-analogous definitions (see Claims 1, 3, 6-9). There is no non-obvious, technical feature which is common to all these alternative definitions. This presentation makes it impossible to determine what the essential technical features are of the matter for which protection is sought. Therefore,

the present set of claims does not meet the
clarity-requirements of Article 6 PCT.

☐ the claims, or said claims Nos. _____ are so inadequately supported by
the description that no meaningful opinion could be formed.

☒ no international search report has been established for said claims
Nos. 1-31_____.

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

IV. Lack of unity of invention

1. In response to the invitation to restrict or pay additional fees the applicant has:

- ☐ restricted the claims.
- ☐ paid additional fees.
- ☐ paid additional fees under protest.
- ☒ neither restricted nor paid additional fees.

2. ☒ This Authority found that the requirement of unity of invention is not complied with and chose, according to Rule 68.1, not to invite the applicant to restrict or pay additional fees.

3. This Authority considers that the requirement of unity of invention in accordance with Rules 13.1, 13.2 and 13.3 is

- ☐ complied with.
- ☒ not complied with for the following reasons:

The invention as defined in the claims lacks unity. This objection concerns the alternative forms defined in each of the 6 independent Claims 1, 3, 6-9 as such as well as alternatives referred to in single claims (Claims 1, 8, 9).

For example:

Claim 1 refers to :

(a) an isolated protein having a receptor serine/threonine kinase domain corresponding to that in daf-1 gene product, activin type II receptor and TGF- β type II receptor, a ~~DFKSRN~~ sequence in subdomain VIB of said domain and a GTKRYM sequence in subdomain VIII of said domain.

(b) an isolated protein having a receptor serine/threonine kinase domain corresponding to that in daf-1 gene product, activin type II receptor and TGF- β

type II receptor, a DFKSRN sequence in subdomain VIB of said domain or a GTKRYM sequence in subdomain VIII of said domain.

(c) an isolated protein having a receptor serine/threonine kinase domain corresponding to that in daf-1 gene product, activin type II receptor and TGF- β type II receptor, a DLKSKN sequence in subdomain VIB of said domain and a GTKRYM sequence in subdomain VIII of said domain.

(d) an isolated protein having a receptor serine/threonine kinase domain corresponding to that in daf-1 gene product, activin type II receptor and TGF- β type II receptor, a DLKSKN sequence in subdomain VIB of said domain or a GTKRYM sequence in subdomain VIII of said domain.

Proteins having a receptor serine/threonine kinase domain corresponding to that in daf-1 gene product, activin type II receptor and TGF- β type II receptor are known (see page 3 of the application); therefore, this characteristic cannot be regarded as the common inventive idea linking all the alternatives.

The remaining features characterizing the claimed products are in case of

- (a) a DFKSRN and a GTKRYM sequence
- (b1) a DFKSRN sequence
- (b2) a GTKRYM sequence
- (c) a DLKSKN and a GTKRYM sequence
- (d1) a DLKSKN
- (d2) a GTKRYM sequence

It is quite clear from this enumeration that only (b2) and (d2) are linked by a common feature whereas the other alternatives do not share common features. There-

fore, Claim 1 lacks unity.

Similar considerations apply to Claims 8 and 9 as well to the relation between all independent claims.

It is noted that the proteins of the application, i.e. ALK 1-6 appear to share common features; as it is explained above, this is however not true for the proteins as they are defined in the claims.

4. Consequently, the following parts of the international application were the subject of international preliminary examination in establishing this report:

☐ all parts.

☐ the parts relating to claims Nos. _____.

CLAIMS

1. An isolated protein having a receptor serine/threonine kinase domain corresponding to that in daf-1 gene product, activin type II receptor and TGF- β type II receptor, a
5 DFKSRN or DLKSKN sequence in subdomain VIB of said domain and/or a GTKRYM sequence in subdomain VIII of said domain.
2. A protein according to claim 1, which additionally comprises an ATP-binding sequence that is Gly-Xaa-Gly-Xaa-Xaa-Gly in subdomain I of said domain, and a Lys residue in
10 subdomain II of said domain.
3. An isolated protein having a GS box and a receptor serine/threonine kinase domain which has more than 50% identity to the kinase domain of any of the amino-acid sequences identified herein as SEQ ID. Nos. 2, 4, 6, 8, 10,
15 12, 14, 16 and 18.
4. A protein according to claim 3, wherein the identity is more than 60%.
5. A protein according to any preceding claim, having serine/threonine kinase activity.
- 20 6. An isolated protein having all or part of any of the amino-acid sequences identified herein as SEQ. ID Nos. 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16 and 18, and activin receptor type I functionality.
7. An isolated protein having a GS box and an amino-acid
25 sequence corresponding to part or all of the amino-acid sequence of an activin type I receptor, and wherein the protein has serine/threonine kinase activity and/or activin type II receptor interaction providing activin-binding activity.
- 30 8. An isolated protein having a GS box and all or part of any of the amino-acid sequences identified herein as SEQ. ID Nos. 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16 and 18, and TGF- β -type I receptor functionality.
9. An isolated protein having an amino-acid sequence
35 corresponding to part or all of the amino-acid sequence of a TGF- β -type I receptor, and wherein the protein has serine/threonine kinase activity and/or TGF- β -type II receptor interaction providing TGF- β -binding activity.

PATENT COOPERATION TREATY

PCT

From the INTERNATIONAL BUREAU

NOTIFICATION CONCERNING
DOCUMENT TRANSMITTED

To:

United States Patent and Trademark
Office
(Box PCT)
Washington D.C. 20231
United States of America

in its capacity as elected Office

Date of mailing:

21 March 1995 (21.03.95)

International application No.:

PCT/GB93/02367

International filing date:

17 November 1993 (17.11.93)

Applicant:

LUDWIG INSTITUTE FOR CANCER RESEARCH et al

The International Bureau transmits herewith the following documents and number thereof:

_____ copy of the international preliminary examination report and annexes (Article 36(3)(a))

The International Bureau of WIPO
34, chemin des Colombettes
1211 Geneva 20, Switzerland

Facsimile No.: (41-22) 740.14.35

Authorised officer:

J. Zahra

Telephone No.: (41-22) 730.91.11

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

(PCT Article 36 and Rule 70)

| | | |
|---|--|--|
| Applicant's or agent's file reference 70/4201/03 | FOR FURTHER ACTION See Notification of Transmittal of International Preliminary Examination Report (Form PCT/IPEA/416) | |
| International application No. PCT/GB 93/ 02367 | International filing date (day/month/year) 17/11/1993 | Priority date (day/month/year) 17/11/1992 |
| International Patent Classification (IPC) or national classification and IPC C12N15/12 | | |
| Applicant LUDWIG INSTITUTE FOR CANCER RESEARCH et al. | | |

1. This international preliminary examination report has been prepared by this International Preliminary Examining Authority and is transmitted to the applicant according to Article 36.


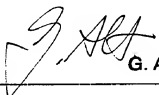
2. This REPORT consists of a total of 4 sheets, including this cover sheet.

☒ This report is also accompanied by ANNEXES, i.e., sheets of the description, claims and/or drawings which have been amended and are the basis for this report and/or sheets containing rectifications made before this Authority (see Rule 70.16 and Section 607 of the Administrative Instructions under the PCT).

These annexes consists of a total of 1 sheets.

3. This report contains indications and corresponding pages relating to the following items:

- I ☒ Basis of the report
- II ☐ Priority
- III ☒ Non-establishment of opinion with regard to novelty, inventive step and industrial applicability
- IV ☐ Lack of unity of invention
- V ☐ Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability, citations and explanations supporting such statement
- VI ☐ Certain documents cited
- VII ☐ Certain defects in the international application
- VIII ☐ Certain observations on the international application

| | |
|---|--|
| Date of submission of the demand 09/06/1994 | Date of completion of this report 13. 03. 95 |
| Name and mailing address of the IPEA/  European Patent Office D-81298 Munich Tel. (+49-89) 2399-0, Tx: 523656 epmu d Fax: (+49-89) 2399-4465 | Authorized officer  G. Alt Telephone No. |

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

Intern. application No.

PCT/GB93/02367

I. Basis of the report

1. This report has been drawn up on the basis of (Replacement sheets which have been furnished to the receiving Office in response to an invitation under Article 14 are referred to in this report as "originally filed" and are not annexed to the report since they do not contain amendments.):

☐ the international application as originally filed.

☒ the description, pages 1-34, 35-82 (sequence listing) _____, as originally filed,
pages _____, filed with the demand,
pages _____, filed with the letter of _____,
pages _____, filed with the letter of _____.

☒ the claims, Nos. 10-31 _____, as originally filed,
Nos. _____, as amended under Article 19,
Nos. _____, filed with the demand,
Nos. 1-9 _____, filed with the letter of 23/01/95,
Nos. _____, filed with the letter of _____.

☒ the drawings, sheets/fig 1/8-8/8 _____, as originally filed,
sheets/fig _____, filed with the demand,
sheets/fig _____, filed with the letter of _____,
sheets/fig _____, filed with the letter of _____.

2. The amendments have resulted in the cancellation of:

☐ the description, pages _____.
☐ the claims, Nos. _____.
☐ the drawings, sheets/fig _____.

3. ☐ This report has been established as if (some of) the amendments had not been made, since they have been considered to go beyond the disclosure as filed (Rule 70.2(c)):

4. Additional observations, if necessary:

III. Non-establishment of opinion with regard to novelty, inventive step and industrial applicability

The questions whether the claimed invention appears to be novel, to involve an inventive step (to be non-obvious), or to be industrially applicable have not been and will not be examined in respect of:

☐ the entire international application,

☒ claims Nos. 1-31 _____

because:

☐ the said international application, or the said claims Nos. _____ relate to the following subject matter which does not require an international preliminary examination (specify):

☒ the description, claims or drawings (indicate particular elements below) or said claims Nos. 1-31 _____ are so unclear that no meaningful opinion could be formed (specify):

Article 6 PCT requires that the claims shall be concise; this refers to individual claims as well as to the claims in their entirety (see the PCT-Guidelines, CIII, 5.1).

Moreover, Article 6 PCT taken in combination with Rule 6(3)(b) PCT requires that any independent claim must contain all the technical features essential to the invention, i.e. all those features which distinguish the claimed subject-matter from subject-matter disclosed in the prior art.

The present invention is set out in six independent claims relating to isolated proteins. These six claims provide six differently worded, non-analogous definitions (see Claims 1, 3, 6-9). There is no non-obvious, technical feature which is common to all these alternative definitions. This presentation makes it impossible to determine what the essential technical features are of the matter for which protection is sought. Therefore,

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

Intern. application No.

PCT/GB93/02367

the present set of claims does not meet the
clarity-requirements of Article 6 PCT.

[] the claims, or said claims Nos. _____ are so inadequately supported by
the description that no meaningful opinion could be formed.

[] no international search report has been established for said claims
Nos. _____.

CLAIMS

1. An isolated protein having a receptor serine/threonine kinase domain corresponding to that in daf-1 gene product, activin type II receptor and TGF- β type II receptor, a
5 DFKSRN or DLKSKN sequence in subdomain VIB of said domain and/or a GTKRYM sequence in subdomain VIII of said domain.
2. A protein according to claim 1, which additionally comprises an ATP-binding sequence that is Gly-Xaa-Gly-Xaa-Xaa-Gly in subdomain I of said domain, and a Lys residue in
10 subdomain II of said domain.
3. An isolated protein having a GS box and a receptor serine/threonine kinase domain which has more than 50% identity to the kinase domain of any of the amino-acid sequences identified herein as SEQ ID. Nos. 2, 4, 6, 8, 10,
15 12, 14, 16 and 18.
4. A protein according to claim 3, wherein the identity is more than 60%.
5. A protein according to any preceding claim, having serine/threonine kinase activity.
- 20 6. An isolated protein having all or part of any of the amino-acid sequences identified herein as SEQ. ID Nos. 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16 and 18, and activin receptor type I functionality.
7. An isolated protein having a GS box and an amino-acid
25 sequence corresponding to part or all of the amino-acid sequence of an activin type I receptor, and wherein the protein has serine/threonine kinase activity and/or activin type II receptor interaction providing activin-binding activity.
- 30 8. An isolated protein having a GS box and all or part of any of the amino-acid sequences identified herein as SEQ. ID Nos. 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16 and 18, and TGF- β -type I receptor functionality.
9. An isolated protein having an amino-acid sequence corresponding to part or all of the amino-acid sequence of a TGF- β -type I receptor, and wherein the protein has serine/threonine kinase activity and/or TGF- β -type II receptor interaction providing TGF- β -binding activity.

PATENT COOPERATION TREATY

PCT

NOTIFICATION OF ELECTION

(PCT Rule 61.2)

From the INTERNATIONAL BUREAU

To:

United States Patent and Trademark
Office
Washington, D.C.

in its capacity as elected Office

| | |
|---|--|
| Date of mailing: 21 July 1994 (21.07.94) | |
| International application No.: PCT/GB93/02367 | Applicant's or agent's file reference: 70/4201/03 |
| International filing date: 17 November 1993 (17.11.93) | Priority date: 17 November 1992 (17.11.92) |
| Applicant: MIYAZONO, Kohei et al | |

1. The designated Office is hereby notified of its election made:

☒ in the demand filed with the International Preliminary Examining Authority on:

09 June 1994 (09.06.94)

☐ in a notice effecting later election filed with the International Bureau on:

2. The election ☒ was

☐ was not

made before the expiration of 19 months from the priority date or, where Rule 32 applies, within the time limit under Rule 32.2(b).

The International Bureau of WIPO
34, chemin des Colombettes
1211 Geneva 20, Switzerland

Facsimile No.: (41-22) 740.14.35

Authorized officer:

B. Schmitt

Telephone No.: (41-22) 730.91.11

PCT

39 Rec'd PCT PTO 16 MAY 1991

receiving Office use only

REQUEST

The undersigned requests that the present international application be processed according to the Patent Cooperation Treaty.

International Application No.

International Filing Date

Name of receiving Office and "PCT International Application"

Applicant's or agent's file reference
(if desired) (12 characters maximum) 70/4201/03

| | |
|---|--|
| Box No. I TITLE OF INVENTION | |
| PROTEINS HAVING SERINE/THREONINE KINASE DOMAINS, CORRESPONDING NUCLEIC ACID MOLECULES, AND THEIR USE | |
| Box No. II APPLICANT | |
| Name and address: <i>(Family name followed by given name; for a legal entity, full official designation. The address must include postal code and name of country.)</i> | <input type="checkbox"/> This person is also inventor. |
| LUDWIG INSTITUTE FOR CANCER RESEARCH St. Mary's Hospital Medical School Norfolk Place Paddington London W2 1PG United Kingdom | Telephone No. Facsimile No. Teleprinter No. |
| State (i.e. country) of nationality: United Kingdom | State (i.e. country) of residence: United Kingdom |
| This person is applicant for the purposes of: <input type="checkbox"/> all designated States <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> all designated States except the United States of America <input type="checkbox"/> the United States of America only <input type="checkbox"/> the States indicated in the Supplemental Box | |
| Box No. III FURTHER APPLICANTS AND/OR (FURTHER) INVENTORS | |
| Name and address: <i>(Family name followed by given name; for a legal entity, full official designation. The address must include postal code and name of country.)</i> | This person is: |
| MIYAZONO, Kohei Flogstavägen 63D S-752 63 Uppsala Sweden | <input type="checkbox"/> applicant only <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> applicant and inventor <input type="checkbox"/> inventor only (If this check-box is marked, do not fill in below.) |
| State (i.e. country) of nationality: Japan | State (i.e. country) of residence: Sweden |
| This person is applicant for the purposes of: <input type="checkbox"/> all designated States <input type="checkbox"/> all designated States except the United States of America <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> the United States of America only <input type="checkbox"/> the States indicated in the Supplemental Box | |
| Name and address: <i>(Family name followed by given name; for a legal entity, full official designation. The address must include postal code and name of country.)</i> | This person is: |
| DIJKE, Peter ten Flogstavägen 25C S-752 63 Uppsala Sweden | <input type="checkbox"/> applicant only <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> applicant and inventor <input type="checkbox"/> inventor only (If this check-box is marked, do not fill in below.) |
| State (i.e. country) of nationality: Netherlands | State (i.e. country) of residence: Sweden |
| This person is applicant for the purposes of: <input type="checkbox"/> all designated States <input type="checkbox"/> all designated States except the United States of America <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> the United States of America only <input type="checkbox"/> the States indicated in the Supplemental Box | |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Further applicants and/or (further) inventors are indicated on a continuation sheet. | |

Continuation of Box No. III FURTHER APPLICANTS AND/OR FURTHER INVENTORS

If none of the following sub-boxes is used, this sheet is not to be included in the request.

Name and address: (Family name followed by given name; for a legal entity, full official designation. The address must include postal code and name of country.)

FRANZEN, Petra
Lindsbergsgatan 15b
S-752 40 Uppsala
Sweden

This person is:

- ☐ applicant only
☒ applicant and inventor
☐ inventor only (If this check-box is marked, do not fill in below.)

State (i.e. country) of nationality:
SwedenState (i.e. country) of residence:
Sweden

This person is applicant for the purposes of:

- ☐ all designated States ☐ all designated States except the United States of America ☒ the United States of America only ☐ the States indicated in the Supplemental Box

Name and address: (Family name followed by given name; for a legal entity, full official designation. The address must include postal code and name of country.)

YAMASHITA, Hidetoshi
Flogstavägen 33A
S-752 63 Uppsala
Sweden

This person is:

- ☐ applicant only
☒ applicant and inventor
☐ inventor only (If this check-box is marked, do not fill in below.)

State (i.e. country) of nationality:
JapanState (i.e. country) of residence:
Sweden

This person is applicant for the purposes of:

- ☐ all designated States ☐ all designated States except the United States of America ☒ the United States of America only ☐ the States indicated in the Supplemental Box

Name and address: (Family name followed by given name; for a legal entity, full official designation. The address must include postal code and name of country.)

HELDIN, Carl-Henrik
Hesselmans väg 35
S-752 63 Uppsala
Sweden

This person is:

- ☐ applicant only
☒ applicant and inventor
☐ inventor only (If this check-box is marked, do not fill in below.)

State (i.e. country) of nationality:
SwedenState (i.e. country) of residence:
Sweden

This person is applicant for the purposes of:

- ☐ all designated States ☐ all designated States except the United States of America ☒ the United States of America only ☐ the States indicated in the Supplemental Box

Name and address: (Family name followed by given name; for a legal entity, full official designation. The address must include postal code and name of country.)

This person is:

- ☐ applicant only
☐ applicant and inventor
☐ inventor only (If this check-box is marked, do not fill in below.)

State (i.e. country) of nationality:

State (i.e. country) of residence:

This person is applicant for the purposes of:

- ☐ all designated States ☐ all designated States except the United States of America ☐ the United States of America only ☐ the States indicated in the Supplemental Box

☐ Further applicants and/or (further) inventors are indicated on another continuation sheet.

Box No. IV AGENT OR COMMON REPRESENTATIVE, OR ADDRESS FOR CORRESPONDENCE

The person identified below is hereby/has been appointed to act on behalf of the applicant(s) before the competent International Authorities as:

☒ agent ☐ common representative

Name and address: (family name followed by given name; for a legal entity, full official designation. The address must include postal code and name of country.)

GILL JENNINGS & EVERY

Broadgate House

7 Eldon Street

London EC2M 7LH

United Kingdom

Telephone No.

071 377 1377

Facsimile No.

071 377 1310

Teleprinter No.

22765

☐ Mark this check-box where no agent or common representative is/has been appointed and the space above is used instead to indicate a special address to which correspondence should be sent.

Box No. V DESIGNATION OF STATES

The following designations are hereby made under Rule 4.9(a) (mark the applicable check-boxes; at least one must be marked):

Regional Patent

☒ EP European Patent: AT Austria, BE Belgium, CH and LI Switzerland and Liechtenstein, DE Germany, DK Denmark, ES Spain, FR France, GB United Kingdom, GR Greece, IE Ireland, IT Italy, LU Luxembourg, MC Monaco, NL Netherlands, PT Portugal, SE Sweden, and any other State which is a Contracting State of the European Patent Convention and of the PCT

☐ OA OAPI Patent: Benin, Burkina Faso, Cameroon, Central African Republic, Chad, Congo, Côte d'Ivoire, Gabon, Guinea, Mali, Mauritania, Niger, Senegal, Togo, and any other State which is a member State of OAPI and a Contracting State of the PCT (if other kind of protection or treatment desired, specify on dotted line)

National Patent (if other kind of protection or treatment desired, specify on dotted line):

☐ AT Austria

☒ AU Australia

☐ BB Barbados

☐ BG Bulgaria

☐ BR Brazil

☐ BY Belarus

☒ CA Canada

☐ CH and LI Switzerland and Liechtenstein

☐ CZ Czech Republic

☐ DE Germany

☐ DK Denmark

☐ ES Spain

☐ FI Finland

☐ GB United Kingdom

☐ HU Hungary

☒ JP Japan

☐ KP Democratic People's Republic of Korea

☐ KR Republic of Korea

☐ KZ Kazakhstan

☐ LK Sri Lanka

☐ LU Luxembourg

☐ MG Madagascar

☐ MN Mongolia

☐ MW Malawi

☐ NL Netherlands

☐ NO Norway

☒ NZ New Zealand

☐ PL Poland

☐ PT Portugal

☐ RO Romania

☐ RU Russian Federation

☐ SD Sudan

☐ SE Sweden

☐ SK Slovakia

☐ UA Ukraine

☒ US United States of America

☐ VN Viet Nam

Check-boxes reserved for designating States (for the purposes of a national patent) which have become party to the PCT after issuance of this sheet:

☐

☐

☐

☐

In addition to the designations made above, the applicant also makes under Rule 4.9(b) all designations which would be permitted under the PCT except the designation(s) of:
The applicant declares that those additional designations are subject to confirmation and that any designation which is not confirmed before the expiration of 15 months from the priority date is to be regarded as withdrawn by the applicant at the expiration of that time limit. (Confirmation of a designation consists of the filing of a notice specifying that designation and the payment of the designation and confirmation fees. Confirmation must reach the receiving Office within the 15-month time limit.)

Box No. VI PRIORITY CLAIM

Further priority claim indicated in the Supplemental Box ☒

The priority of the following earlier application(s) is hereby claimed:

| Country (in which, or for which, the application was filed) | Filing Date (day/month/year) | Application No. | Office of filing (only for regional or international applications) |
|---|---------------------------------|-----------------|--|
| item (1) GB | 17.11.92 | 9224057.1 | |
| item (2) GB | 08.03.93 | 9304677.9 | |
| item (3) GB | 08.03.93 | 9304680.3 | |

Mark the following check-box if the certified copy of the earlier application is to be issued by the Office which for the purposes of the present international application is the receiving Office (a fee may be required):

- ☒ The receiving Office is hereby requested to prepare and transmit to the International Bureau a certified copy of the earlier application(s) identified above as item(s):

Box No. VII EARLIER SEARCH

Fill in where a search (international, international-type or other) by the International Searching Authority has already been carried out or requested and the Authority is now requested to base the international search, to the extent possible, on the results of that earlier search. Identify such search or request either by reference to the relevant application (or the translation thereof) or by reference to the search request:

Country (or regional Office):

Date (day/month/year):

Number:

Box No. VIII CHECK LIST

This international application contains the following number of sheets:

1. request : 5 sheets
2. description : 82 sheets
3. claims : 3 sheets
4. abstract : 1 sheet
5. drawings : 8 sheets

Total : 99 sheets

This international application is accompanied by the item(s) marked below:

1. ☒ separate signed power of attorney
2. ☐ copy of general power of attorney
3. ☐ statement explaining lack of signature
4. ☐ priority document(s) identified in Box No. VI as item(s):
5. ☐ fee calculation sheet
6. ☐ separate indications concerning deposited microorganisms
7. ☐ nucleotide and/or amino acid sequence listing (diskette)
8. ☐ other (specify):

Figure No. _____ of the drawings (if any) should accompany the abstract when it is published.

Box No. IX SIGNATURE OF APPLICANT OR AGENT

Next to each signature, indicate the name of the person signing and the capacity in which the person signs (if such capacity is not obvious from reading the request).

GILL JENNINGS & EVERY
Agents for the Applicants


R E Perry

For receiving Office use only

| | |
|---|--|
| 1. Date of actual receipt of the purported international application: | 2. Drawings: <input type="checkbox"/> received: <input type="checkbox"/> not received: |
| 3. Corrected date of actual receipt due to later but timely received papers or drawings completing the purported international application: | |
| 4. Date of timely receipt of the required corrections under PCT Article 11(2): | |
| 5. International Searching Authority specified by the applicant: ISA/ | 6. <input type="checkbox"/> Transmittal of search copy delayed until search fee is paid |

For International Bureau use only

Date of receipt of the record copy by the International Bureau:

Supplemental Box If the Supplemental Box is not used, this sheet need not be included in the request.

Use this box in the following cases:

1. If, in any of the Boxes, the space is insufficient to furnish all the information:

in particular:

- (i) if more than three persons are involved as applicants and/or inventors and no "continuation sheet" is available;
- (ii) if, in Box No. II or in any of the sub-boxes of Box No. III, the indication "the States indicated in the Supplemental Box" is checked;
- (iii) if, in Box No. II or in any of the sub-boxes of Box No. III, the inventor or the inventor/applicant is not inventor for the purposes of all designated States or for the purposes of the United States of America;
- (iv) if, in addition to the agent(s) indicated in Box No. IV, there are further agents;
- (v) if, in Box No. V, the name of any State (or OAPI) is accompanied by the indication "patent of addition," "certificate of addition," or "inventor's certificate of addition," or if, in Box No. V, the name of the United States of America is accompanied by an indication "Continuation" or "Continuation-in-part";
- (vi) if there are more than three earlier applications whose priority is claimed;

in such case, write "Continuation of Box No. ..." [indicate the number of the Box] and furnish the information in the same manner as required according to the captions of the Box in which the space was insufficient;

in such case, write "Continuation of Box No. III" and indicate for each additional person the same type of information as required in Box No. III;

in such case, write "Continuation of Box No. II" or "Continuation of Box No. III" or "Continuation of Boxes No. II and No. III" (as the case may be), indicate the name of the applicant(s) involved and, next to (each) such name, the State or States (and/or, where applicable, European or OAPI patent) for the purposes of which the named person is applicant;

in such case, write "Continuation of Box No. II" or "Continuation of Box No. III" or "Continuation of Boxes No. II and No. III" (as the case may be), indicate the name of the inventor(s) and, next to (each) such name, the State or States (and/or, where applicable, European or OAPI patent) for the purposes of which the named person is inventor;

in such case, write "Continuation of Box No. IV" and indicate for each further agent the same type of information as required in Box No. IV;

in such case, write "Continuation of Box No. V" and the name of each State involved (or OAPI), and after the name of each such State (or OAPI), the number of the parent title or parent application and the date of grant of the parent title or filing of the parent application;

in such case, write "Continuation of Box No. VI" and indicate for each additional earlier application the same type of information as required in Box No. VI.

2. If the applicant claims, in respect of any designated Office, the benefits of provisions of the national law concerning non-prejudicial disclosures or exceptions to lack of novelty:

in such case, write "Statement Concerning Non-Prejudicial Disclosures or Exceptions to Lack of Novelty" and furnish that statement below.

Additional Priority Applications:

- (4) GB 28.05.93 9311047.6
- (5) GB 02.07.93 9313763.6
- (6) GB 03.08.93 9316099.2
- (7) GB 15.10.93 9321344.5